

Public Information Statement  
National Weather Service Albany NY  
800 AM EDT THU MAY 1 2014

...Severe Weather Awareness Week Continues...

April 27 to May 3 is severe weather awareness week in New York...Connecticut...Vermont...and Massachusetts. All residents are urged to be weather ready by protecting themselves from the hazards of flooding...tornadoes and severe thunderstorms.

**Today we take an in depth look at tornadoes and conduct our New York severe weather communication drill at 1:15 pm.** Our region averages about five tornadoes per year. Tornadoes have occurred in New York and western New England during every season but are most common between May and August. Tornadoes can strike anywhere...valleys and mountains...cities...and rural areas. Although most common from mid afternoon into the evening...tornadoes have struck at all hours.

**Tornadoes are violently rotating columns of air in contact with the ground and attached to the cloud above.** The strongest tornadoes have wind speeds in excess of 200 mph...widths approaching one mile...lengths of many miles...and durations of up to one hour. Fortunately...most tornadoes are considerably weaker and of shorter duration. Tornadoes typically move at about 30 mph...but can move as fast as 70 mph. **In New York and New England...about 77 percent of all tornadoes are weak...21 percent strong...and only about two percent are considered violent.**

Tornadoes form in an environment conducive to thunderstorm development. Winds changing direction and speed with height produce a horizontal spinning in the atmosphere. Strong upward motions in thunderstorms tilt the horizontal rotation to the vertical. An area of rotation now two to six miles wide extends through the much of the thunderstorm. Most tornadoes form in this area of rotation called the mesocyclone.

A number of tornado myths exist. A myth...windows should be opened to equalize air pressure. Leave the windows alone. Seek shelter immediately. Another myth...low pressure associated with tornadoes causes buildings to explode. Violent tornadic winds and debris slamming into a structure cause most of the damage. A myth...if you are caught outside you should seek shelter under an overpass. **Seek shelter in a sturdy reinforced building or underground.** Outdoor shelter may provide limited protection...but your risk will be reduced by moving inside a strong building or basement.

The National Weather Service issues tornado watches and warnings to alert the public to a tornado threat. A tornado watch means tornadoes are possible. Continue with your daily routine...but be ready to take quick action should a tornado warning be issued. A tornado warning means that tornadoes are imminent or occurring. Seek shelter immediately...in a basement if possible.

**You should prepare for tornadoes now. Develop a severe weather safety plan.** Identify safe shelters where you can go should a tornado threaten. **Know the basic weather safety terms.** Keep tuned to your favorite media outlet for the latest National Weather Service statements concerning tornadoes.

**At 1:15 pm...the National Weather Service...the New York State Office of Emergency Management...the New York State Department of Education and the New York State Broadcasters Association will conduct a test of the hazardous weather warning system.** This drill serves several important purposes. First...the drill allows us to test communications systems available during hazardous weather situations. Second...the drill allows the

national weather service staff to make sure that our procedures and checklists are up to date and our equipment is functioning. Finally...the test will inform area residents of the means of getting information concerning weather related emergencies through electronic media and nova weather radio.

NOAA Weather Radio offers one way to receive immediate relay of severe weather warnings. Many local television and radio stations also broadcast weather alerts. Computers and wireless devices can also receive warnings. The Red Cross...many state emergency management agencies and private vendors have wireless applications that will alert you of severe weather by relaying national weather service warnings.

For more information on severe weather awareness week...go to our web site [www.weather.gov](http://www.weather.gov). Then click on eastern New York or western New England. Finally...select our severe weather awareness link.

Tomorrow we look at flash flooding.