

2012 SKYWARN Spotter Training

National Weather Service Bismarck, North Dakota



Weather-Ready Nation: Saving Lives and Livelihoods



Agenda

- What is a SKYWARN Storm Spotter?
- Severe Weather Definitions and Products
- 2011 Re-cap
- Thunderstorm Basics
- Thunderstorms In-Depth
- Spotter Positioning and Visual Clues
- Reporting Severe Weather
- Spotter Preparedness
- Thunderstorm Hazards / Safety

SKYWARN is...

- Volunteers like YOU
- Trained to observe and report (and stay safe)
- In support of the NWS mission to
 - Protect life and property





Weather-Ready Nation: Saving Lives and Livelihoods



SKYWARN is... a group effort

ou













Reports are critical !

Report the facts as you know them, using the dedicated SKYWARN Spotter line

1-800-247-0212 (reports only)

Your Report COULD...

Be the first indication of severe weather

- Help us decide whether or not to warn
- Add warning lead time and credibility

We are 24 / 7 ... 365 Call us day or night. 1-800-247-0212

SKYWARN Spotters serve 36 counties in the Bismarck County Warning Area



9th largest by land area in the NWS

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Tornado

 Violently rotating column of air extending from the base of a cloud and in contact with the ground.



Tornado Rating Intensity...

EF0 65 to 85 mph
EF1 86 to 110 mph
EF2 111 to 135 mph
EF3 136 to 165 mph
EF4 166 to 200 mph
EF5 201 + mph

weak weak strong strong

Large Hail – 1 inch in diameter (or +) (quarter size or +)



Prairie Knights Casino - July 14th, 2010

High Wind – gust of 58 mph (or +)



Watch Products

NWS / SPC will issue a Severe Weather Watch

Issued for a large area for a long time



(half of ND for 6 to 8 hours)

Watch the Sky

CAUTION

Watch the Sky

Severe Thunderstorm Watch means conditions in the atmosphere are right so that if thunderstorms develop...they could be severe

Tornado Watch means that conditions in the atmosphere are right so that if thunderstorms develop...they <u>could</u> produce tornadoes

Warning Products

NWS will issue a Severe Weather Warning

(Warning Polygon approximately size of county for an hour or less)

Severe Thunderstorm Warning ...severe weather (hail 1"+ / wind 58 mph+) has been reported or indicated by radar Tornado Warning ...tornado has been sighted or indicated by radar







Flash Flood

- A rapid rise in water over a short period of time



What Causes Flash Flooding?

- Heavy thunderstorm rains (1" or more in an hour)
- Repeat thunderstorms (training)
- Slow moving thunderstorms
- Saturated soils from recent rains can make the situation worse
- Quicker impact in steep terrain.





Flash Flood Watches and Warnings

Flash Flood Watch ...flash flooding is possible. (Issued Several Hours in advance of the possible event) Flash Flood Warning ...flash flooding is expected or has been reported. (Issued up to an hour in advance of the likely event)

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2011 ND Tornadoes



North Dakota Tornadoes July 16, 2011



2011 Severe Wind Reports



Straight line wind damage Carson Carson Press July 31, 2011



2011 Severe Hail Reports



2011 Severe Hail



Historic 2011 Flooding Souris River





Historic 2011 Flooding Missouri River

Missouri River - Bismarck - 2011



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Thunderstorms Ingredients

Moisture ... in the lower levels (humidity)

Lift ...get air parcels rising (converging air along fronts and boundaries)

 Unstable Air ...keep that air rising (lifted air warmer than environment)





Lift

- Associated with Warm / Cold Fronts
- Any other kind of surface convergence
 - Thunderstorm outflow



Thunderstorm Life Cycle

Towering Cumulus - Developing

- Towering, billowy, bright white clouds
- Dominated by updraft (rising air)
- First lightning flash





Towering Cumulus Stage

Thunderstorm Life Cycle

Mature Stage

- The weather stage
- Lightning, rain, hail, wind, tornado
- Anvil top
- Rising air (updraft)
- Falling rain (downdraft)





Mature Stage

Thunderstorm Life Cycle

Dissipating Stage

- Updraft weakens
- Mostly descending air (downdraft)
- Rainfall intensity decreases
- Strong wind and hail decrease
- Lightning still frequent



13 15:02

Dissipating Stage

Severe Thunderstorm Categories

Single Cell

Multicell Cluster or Line

Supercell

Short-Lived Pulse Severe Severe Rotating Updraft



Brief/Slight Threat for Severe Weather

Moderate Threat for Severe Weather

Long-Lived/High Threat for Severe Weather

Thunderstorm Categories

Single Cell

- Short life...minutes to ~ hour
- Updraft / Downdraft are colocated with each other
- Weak and usually not severe...BUT...
- Can be "pulse" severe... intensify weaken
- "Pulse" severe are hard to warn for
- Threats are marginally severe hail and brief severe winds





Thunderstorm Categories

Multicell Cluster



- Group of single cell storms, each in a different stage.
- Long-lived (hours).
 Updraft and Downdraft separated.
- May produce large hail, high winds, and flash flooding.
- Weak tornadoes possible.

Thunderstorm Categories *Multicell Line (Squall Line)*



- Line of storms.
 - Can be more than 100 miles long.
- Primary threat is damaging winds.
 - Can also produce large hail and tornadoes.
Thunderstorm Categories *Multicell Line (Squall Line)*



Thunderstorm Categories

Supercell

- Highly organized.
- Extremely strong updraft.
- Rotating updraft (mesocyclone).
- High risk of severe weather.
- Only a small percentage spawn tornadoes, but majority of violent tornadoes develop from supercells.









Storm Movement



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Wind Shear...<u>Speed</u> & <u>Directional</u>



Speed shear tilts the updraft, separating it from the downdraft. (Storm lasts longer)

Directional shear increases the potential for rotating updrafts to form.

Why a Supercell Updraft Rotates





The rotating updrafts in these storms are called <u>"mesocyclones."</u>

Mesocyclone

- Rotating portion of the updraft within supercell thunderstorms.
- Mesocyclones often are the parent circulation to tornadoes.



Rotating updraft, or Mesocyclone

Supercell



Wall Cloud

- A cloud lowering beneath rain-free base, often rotating.
- Marks the updraft at the base of a thunderstorm.
- May precede a tornado.

Courtesy: Tina Gustafson Dickinson, ND July 12, 2010 Wall Cloud

Mesocyclone & Wall Cloud



Courtesy: Tina Gustafson

Mesocylone



Funnel Clouds and Tornadoes

FUNNEL CLOUD

A rapidly rotating funnel-shaped cloud NOT in contact with the ground.

TORNADO

A violently rotating column of air extending from a cloud base and TOUCHING the ground.

Visible funnel NOT needed (look for dust - debris swirling on the ground)

"funnel" + debris = tornado



Tornado Formation



The COMET Program

Rotation intensifies as the main updraft core strengthens and is stretched.

The Role of the Rear Flank Downdraft



June 17th, 2010 Near Whapeton, ND



Do you need a Supercell to produce a Tornado?

O - Tornadoes can form in any part of a thunderstorm

Landspout

- Common name for a non-supercell tornado
- Shallow, surface-based circulation

Landspout Tornado Formation

- Does establish connection with cloud base
- Not normally associated with rotating wall cloud

Microburst / Downburst

 Dry air aloft mixes with falling rain to produce cooling through evaporation

Cool air sinks...the cooler the air, the stronger the winds.

 Any melting hail will add cooling, further accelerating downward motion.

Microburst/Downburst



Due to their small size and short lifetime, <u>microbursts</u> are difficult to detect and warn for!

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Mobile Spotter "Right-Hand Rule"

 Safest and best viewing angle is with the storm moving to your right



If the storm turns right (E or SE movement) adjust your movement accordingly



Wall clouds and tornadoes are typically located in the right rear quadrant of the storm with respect to their movement

More rain to

obscure visibility

With HP Supercells, the favored area for wall clouds/tornadoes may move more to the middle or forward flank of the storm

Spotter just west of Hazelton Unfavorable spotting location: Located sw of storm as it was moving away

Possible tornado?

Jason Perius photography @

Dean Larson 7/8/11

Spotter located west of tornado as it's moving away... little daylight left

Tornado near Bowbells 8/12/10

Strand handling Victory Course

View of tornado from the SE



Visual Clue-Mesocyclone



Tremendous updraft!

Stronger updraft suggests increased storm severity

Looks like Cauliflower

> Copyright John Durand Courtesy NWS Lincoln, Illinois

Visual Clue-Rear Flank Downdraft



Visual Clue-Overshooting Top



Visual Clues--Tornado Look-a-Likes

One of the biggest challenges for spotters

- Two key features present with a tornado:
 - debris cloud near the ground
 - organized rotation about a vertical axis
- The rotating, tornadic condensation cloud edges will be fairly "smooth." Many look-a-likes have a more raggedlooking appearance.

Tornado

Visual Clues Low Clouds – "Scud"





Photo by: Phil Kurimski

mesovortex.com





Visual Clues Low Clouds – "Scud"



Visual Clues Shelf Cloud – False Funnels



- Most false funnel cloud reports are shelf clouds

Visual Clue

Smoke Plumes





Storm motion to NE

Smooth? Rotating?

Visual Clue

Rain Shafts / Virga





© 1999 Walker Ashley
Is this a tornado?



Distant rain shaft

No rotation

True or False Which ones are tornadoes?

See next slide for answers!

© 1998 Roger Edwards







"funnel" + debris = tornado



Likely tornado just N of Oakes 7/10/11



Scud Cloud

 Cloud shreds beneath a thunderstorm. Not organized, may or may not be rotating. Often resulting from condensation as air is drawn into the updraft.

Lyndon Anderson 15N Bismarck, Burleigh June 18, 2008



Hail Shaft

Courtesy: Erin Huntimer Hannover / Center, ND June 22, 2009

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Spotter Reporting Basics

- Who?
- What?
 - Report exactly what you see.
 - Avoid vague descriptions such as 'rotation'
 Tell us what is rotating and how it is rotating
- Where are you located and where is the event?
- When did the event happen (now or before)?
- Accurate reports are critical.
- Late reports are better than no reports.
- 800 247 0212 ... Twenty-four hours per day.

Report Wind (40 mph and higher) 800-247-0212

- Will need to be estimated in most cases.
- Hard to do...round to nearest 10 mph
- 40 mph large whole trees move
- 50 mph smaller tree branches break slate blown off roofs
- 60 mph smaller tree trunks broken or tree uprooted
- 70 mph structural damage, large tree branches broken
- 80 mph large tree trunks broken or uprooted

Report Hail 1-800-247-0212

- Hail size DO NOT reference marbles (too many sizes)
- Hail size reference objects like coins and balls
- Report the LARGEST stone you find



Which one do I measure / report ? The LARGEST one!



Report Flooding 1-800-247-0212

Rainfall of 1 inch or greater in a "storm"

- Flooding that covers roads or threatens property
- River flooding
- Ice jams





Report Severe Winter Weather

Snow

- Report during event & storm total
- Hard to measure if windy. Try to measure in a sheltered area.

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- Freezing rain or sleet
- Serious impact on travel
- Damage (power lines, tree limbs)
- Estimate amount of glazing (½ inch, ¼ inch)



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Spotter Preparedness For Severe Weather

- What is the main threat?
- When is the best chance?
- Where is it expected to happen?





NWS Information





SKAWAR



www.spc.noaa.gov

NOAA Weather Radio All Hazards

- 24 hour a day weather information (Direct from the Bismarck NWS Office).
- Emergency weather AND Non-weather messages.
- Built in alarms to alert you.
- Some have SAME (<u>Specific Area Message Encoding</u>) code technology.
- Well worth the price (\$40 to \$100).





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Tornado Safety (If Outside)

- Get inside a sturdy structure if possible
- If you cannot get inside, get into a ditch or low lying area
- Protect your head, neck and spine
- Never try to outrun a tornado, especially in traffic

Tornado Safety (If in a Building)

- Go to the basement if available
- Get under the stairs or sturdy furniture
- If no basement, go to the center of the lowest level
- Stay away from windows (do <u>not</u> open the windows), gymnasiums or large auditoriums
- Protect your head, neck and spine

Tornado Safety (Mobile Home)

- Mobile homes offer little shelter
- Leave your mobile home and seek a storm shelter or nearby permanent building
- Plan ahead of time
- 40% of tornado deaths occur in mobile homes

Speaking of Tornado Safety... Hope, ND June 17, 2010



Look at what is behind you!!

Photo: Andrew Revering, near Sioux Falls, SD 2006 Worst tornadoes (deaths and injuries) occurred...

- Outside of normal season
- On a weekend
- At night
- At mobile home park

This implies that **PREPARATIONS** and reliable spotter reports **SAVE LIVES**!

Flash Flood Safety

- Be especially cautious at night!
- 2 feet of water can float vehicles.
- 6 inches of fast moving water will knock you off your feet.
- Turn around Don't drown!
- Use common sense.











Lightning Safety

- STAY AWAY FROM...Tall objects, trees, railroad tracks, barbed wire fences, electrical appliances, wall phones (unless emergency)
- NO bath, shower, or outdoor activities!
- Flash-to-Bang...5 seconds = 1 mile.
- Wait 30 minutes before heading back outside.





Lightning Safety





A vehicle with a metal shell acts as a conductor and deflects the electrical energy away from the occupants



Weather Safety



Your safety is ALWAYS more important than a spotter report!

SKYWARN

Ways to Become a Skywarn Spotter

- 1. Attend a Skywarn Spotter Talk
- 2. Contact your local Emergency Manager
- 3. Contact the National Weather Service
 For West and Central ND, call 701-250-4224
- 4. Review the Training Materials



Thank YOU!

Please sign up to be a spotter!

National Weather Service Bismarck, North Dakota

