

WHO ARE WE?

The National Weather Service (NWS) provides weather, water, and climate forecasts for the United States, adjacent waters (lakes/oceans), and territories. Our local office serves 17 counties in southeast Michigan, as well as marine interests for the US waters of Lake Huron, Lake St. Clair, and western Lake Erie. Forecasts are issued for over 6 million people 24/7, 365 days a year across southeast Michigan.



the national economy. To help accomplish this task, the NWS has the responsibility for issuing official watches, warnings, and other hazard-related products to the public. NWS products and services can be accessed via the internet, mobile devices, radio, local media, and private weather services to name a few. NWS data and products can be accessed by other government agencies, the public, private sector, and the global community.

Local Warnings Issued by NWS Detroit/Pontiac •

- Tornado
- Severe Thunderstorm
- Flood/Flash Flood/River Flood
- Lakeshore Flooding
- Winter Storm
- Blizzard

- Ice Storm

- Frost/Freeze
- **Excessive Heat**
- Marine (Small Craft/Gale/ Storms)
- Red Flag (Fire Weather)

Snow Squall High Wind Wind Chill

Contact Us

National Weather Service Detroit/Pontiac

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WHERE CAN WE BE FOUND?



www.weather.gov/detroit

Other Useful NWS Webpages

National Webpage - www.weather.gov Storm Prediction Center - www.spc.noaa.gov Weather Prediction Center -

www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov

Climate Prediction Center - www.cpc.noaa.gov US Drought Monitor -

www.droughtmonitor.unl.edu

National Center for Environmental Information www.ncei.noaa.gov

Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory (GLERL) - www.glerl.noaa.gov

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US National Weather Service Detroit/ Pontiac Michigan



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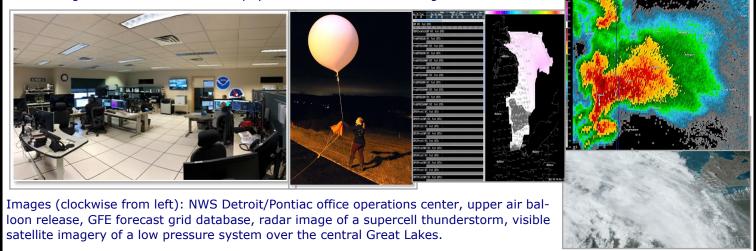
Check out our latest Weather Story!

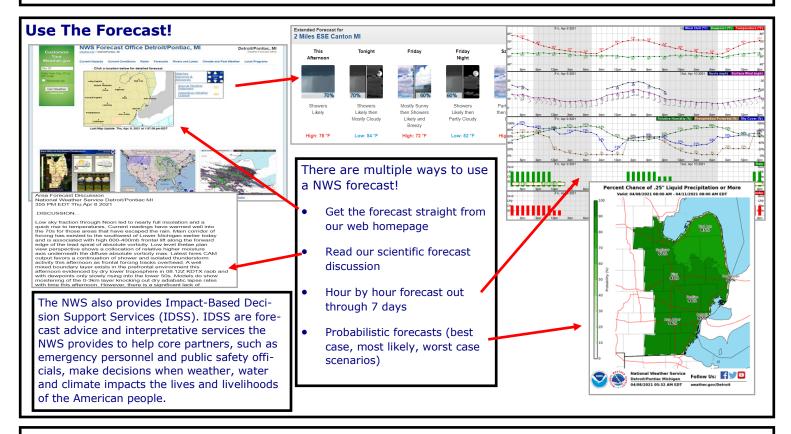
www.weather.gov/detroit/weatherstory



How Do We Forecast?

The NWS issues forecasts 24/7, 365 days a year. Forecasts are determined by meteorologists using a variety of observational datasets such as upper air balloons (which our office launches 2 times per day), manual/automated temperature, wind, and moisture data, satellite, and radar data. The NWS maintains the most advanced radar network in the world (WSR-88D) and one of the most advanced satellite networks in the world. Additionally, meteorologists use AWIPS (Advanced Weather Interactive Processing System) to analyze a plethora of numerical model data to help prepare forecasts, which are issued via the Graphical Forecast Editor (GFE). NWS forecasts are available both in digital and text-based formats. For those aspiring to become a meteorologist, it will take a minimum of a 4 year Meteorology degree with additional background in mathematics and physics to become a meteorologist.





Weather Definitions

Watch: The NWS issues a watch when conditions are favorable for the development of some type of hazardous weather. When a watch is issued, stay alert to changing weather conditions and listen or watch for later forecasts and/or upgrades to warnings. Watches provide time to prepare for hazardous weather before it occurs.

Warning: The NWS issues a warning when hazardous weather is imminent or occurring Take immediate action to protect yourself, others, and property! A warning means that loss of life or damage to property is possible.

Advisory/Special Weather Statement: The NWS issues an advisory or statement for sub-warning hazardous weather. These products are scheduled to go away in 2024 as part of the NWS Hazard Simplification Project.