



Drought Information Statement for Southeast TX and Southwest LA Valid November 15, 2024 Issued By: WFO Lake Charles, LA Contact Information:

- This product will be updated November 21, 2024 or sooner if drought conditions change significantly.
- Please see all currently available products at <u>https://drought.gov/drought-information-statements</u>.
- Please visit <u>https://www.weather.gov/LCH/DroughtInformationStatement</u> for previous statements.
- Please visit <u>https://www.drought.gov/drought-status-updates/</u> for regional drought status updates.

Due to recent widespread rainfall, drought conditions have significantly improved across southeast Texas and much of Louisiana. There is a small pocket of severe drought that has persisted over southern Calcasieu and central Cameron parishes.

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

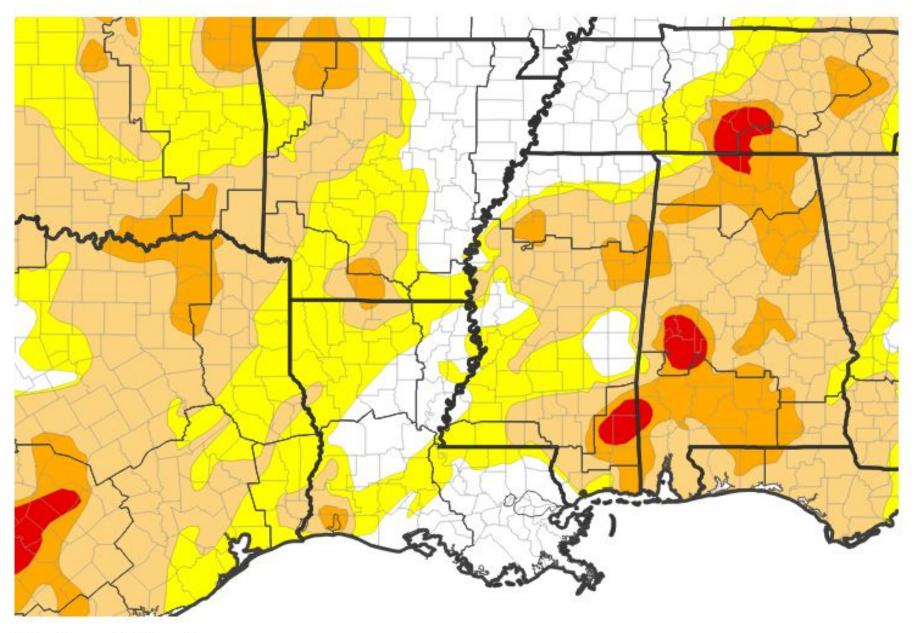
U.S. Department of Commerce

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- **Drought Intensity and Extent**
 - D4 (Exceptional Drought): None Ο
 - D3 (Extreme Drought): None
 - **D2 (Severe Drought)**: Far southern Calcasieu and central Ο Cameron parishes.
 - **D1 (Moderate Drought)**: Southeast Hardin, northwest Ο Tyler, northeast Jefferson, Orange, far southern Jasper, and far southern Newton counties in Texas. Western Beauregard, Calcasieu, western Cameron parishes in Louisiana.
 - **D0: (Abnormally Dry)**: Tyler, Jasper, Newton, Hardin, and Ο southwest Jefferson counties in Texas. Western Vernon, Beauregard, Jefferson Davis, eastern Cameron, Acadia, St. Landry, eastern Lafayette, and northern St. Martin in Louisiana.

U.S. Drought Monitor



U.S. Drought Monitor





Lake Charles, LA

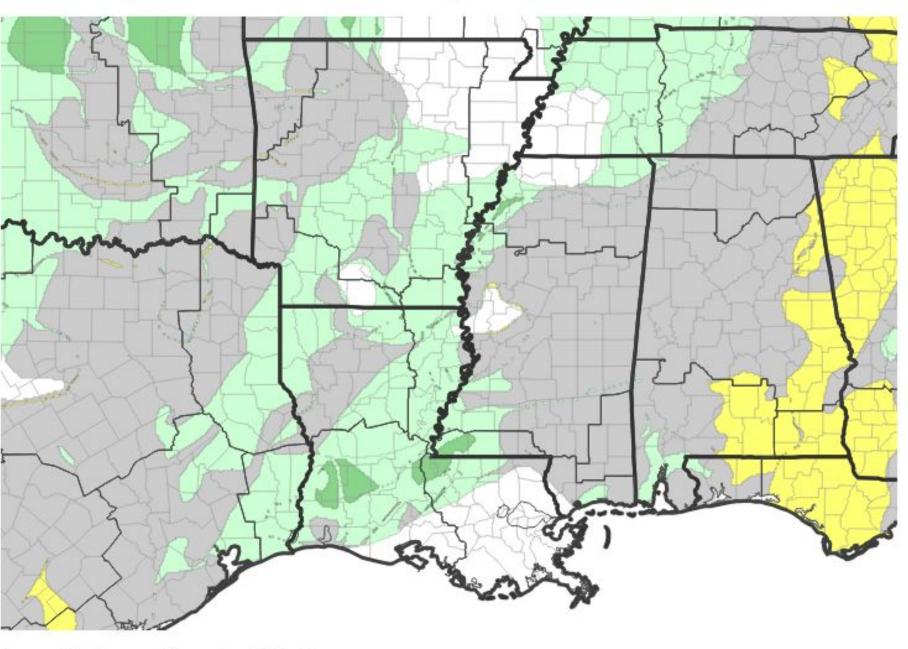


Recent Change in Drought Intensity

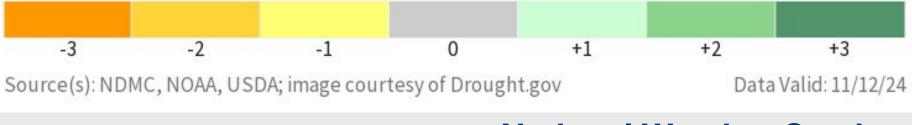
Link to the latest 1-week change map

One Week Drought Monitor Class Change

- Significant rainfall allowed for the majority of southeast Texas and portions of Louisiana to experience a one class improvement this week.
- Portions of eastern Beauregard and much of Allen Parish experienced a 2 class improvement due to 6 to 10 inches of rain that fell in those areas.



Drought Change Since Last Week



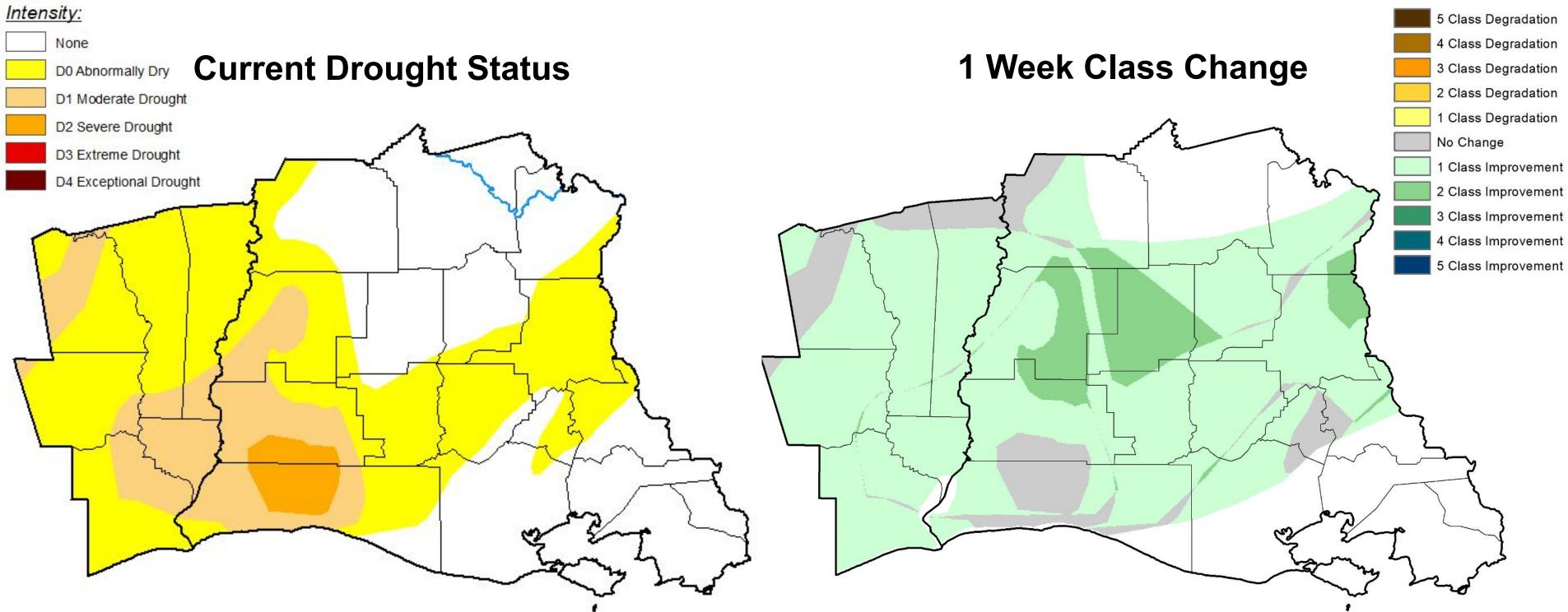


U.S. Drought Monitor 1-Week Change Map



Drought Monitor

Current drought status and weekly class change.





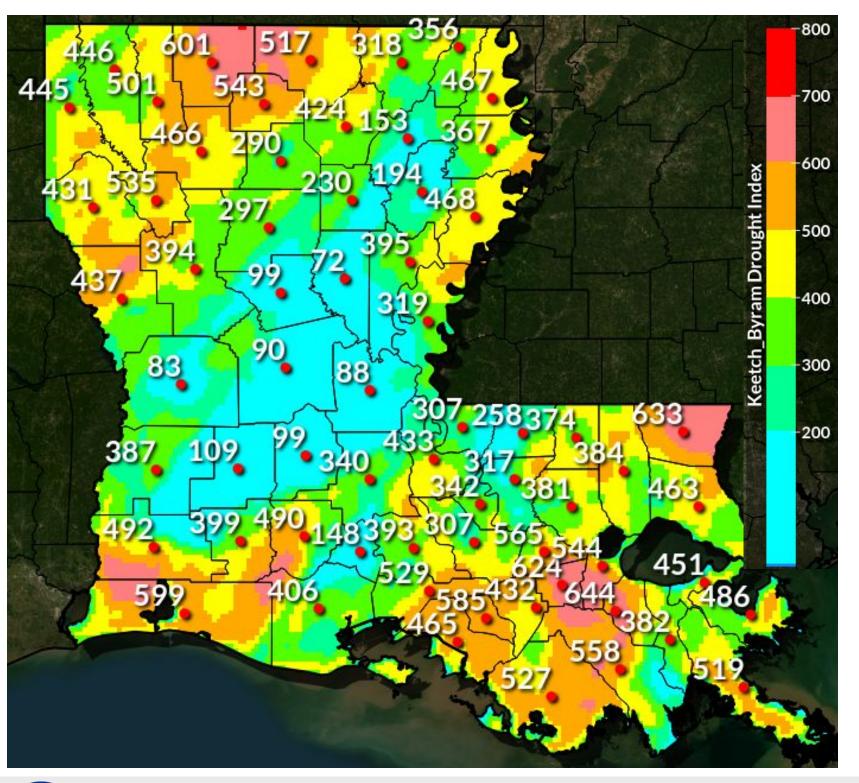
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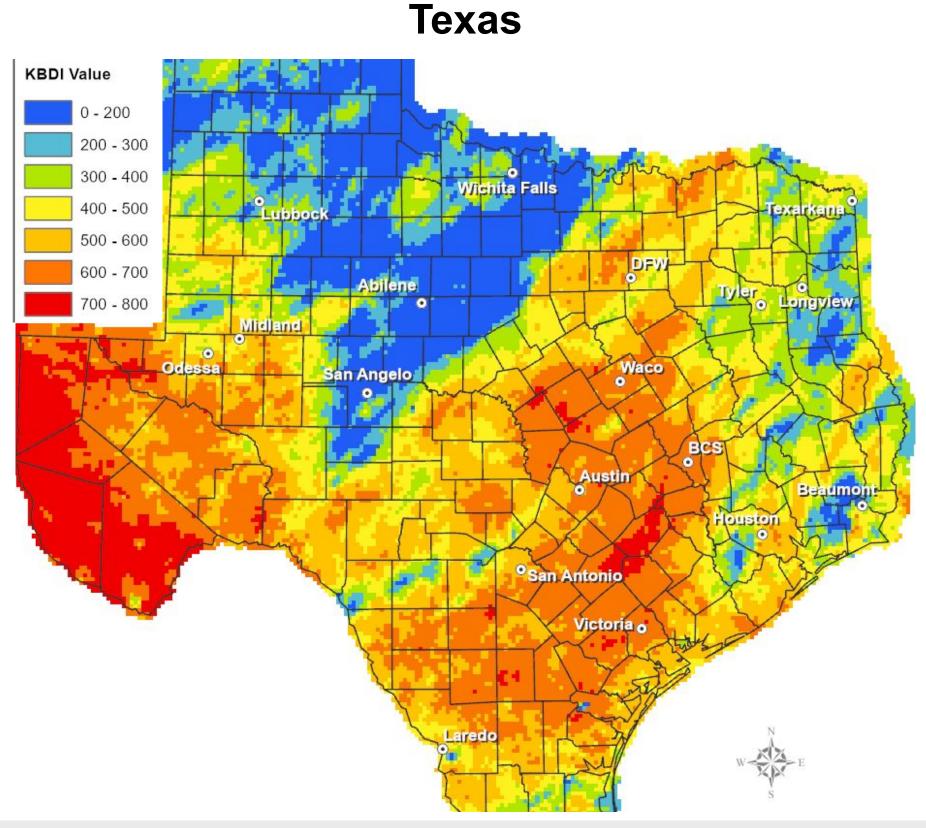


Keetch-Byram Drought Index

KBDI values improved this week due to widespread rainfall.

Louisiana





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• 7 Day Rainfall Analysis

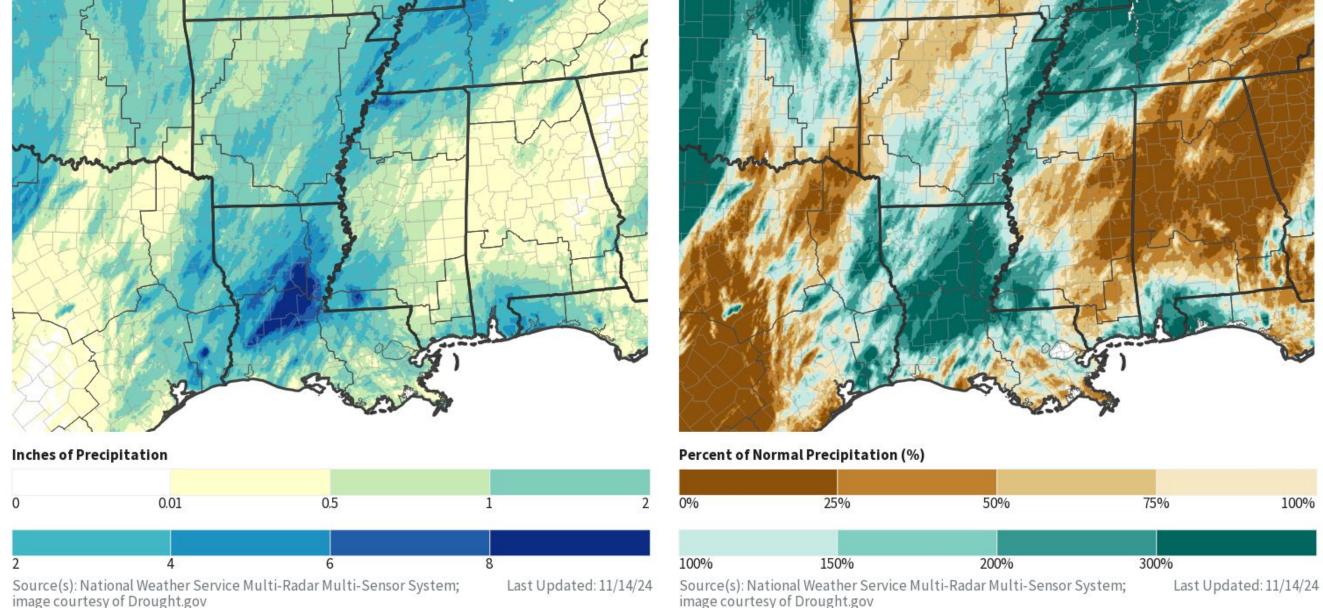
Widespread rainfall occurred this week helping to improve the drought across southeast Texas and much of Louisiana.

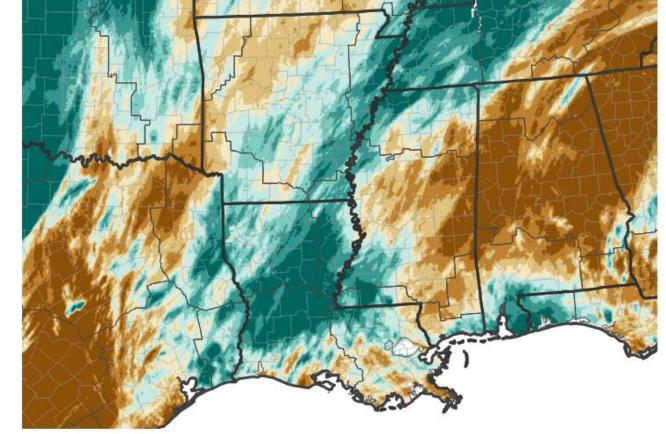
Most areas received 2 to 8 inches or rain, with some areas in central Louisiana receiving over 8 inches of rain.

The majority of the areas experienced greater than 200% normal rainfall this past week.



7-Day Precipitation Accumulations (Inches)





7-Day Percent of Normal Precipitation



30 Day Precipitation

30 Day Precipitation Accumulation and Percent of Normal.

• 30 Day Rainfall Analysis

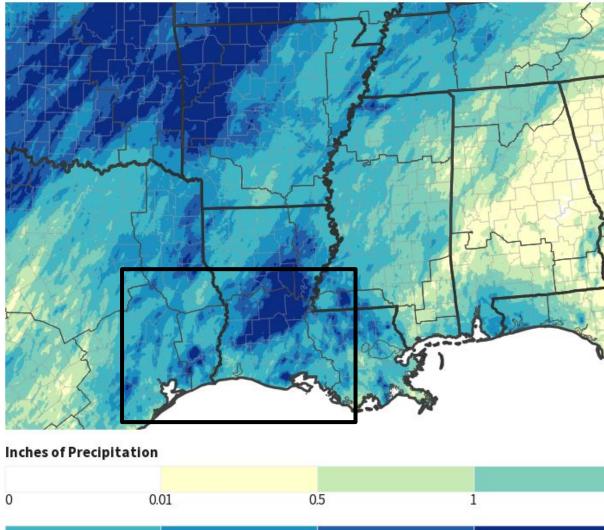
All areas have received over an inch of rain over the past 30 days. Some areas over central Louisiana have received greater than 10 inches of rain.

These amounts over central Louisiana are greater than 200 percent above normal.

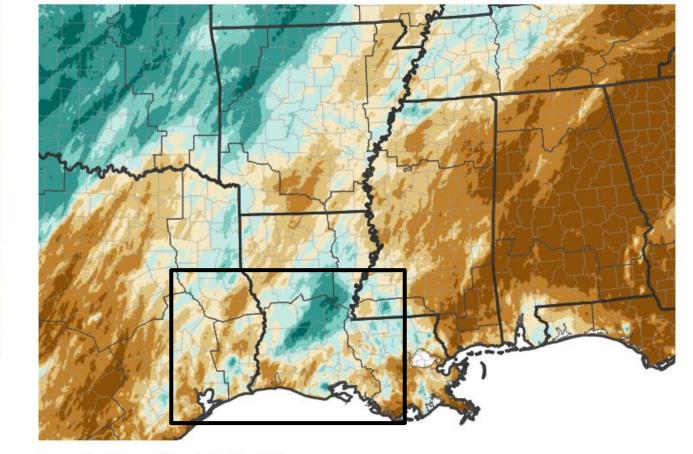
There are many areas in southeast Texas and southwest Louisiana that are still running a monthly deficit of 10 to 75 percent below normal.



National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration U.S. Department of Commerce **30-Day Precipitation Accumulations (Inches)**

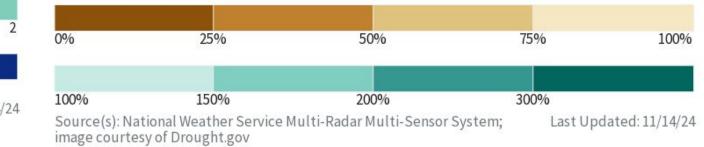


Source(s): National Weather Service Multi-Radar Multi-Sensor System; image courtesy of Drought.gov Last Updated: 11/14/24



30-Day Percent of Normal Precipitation

Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)



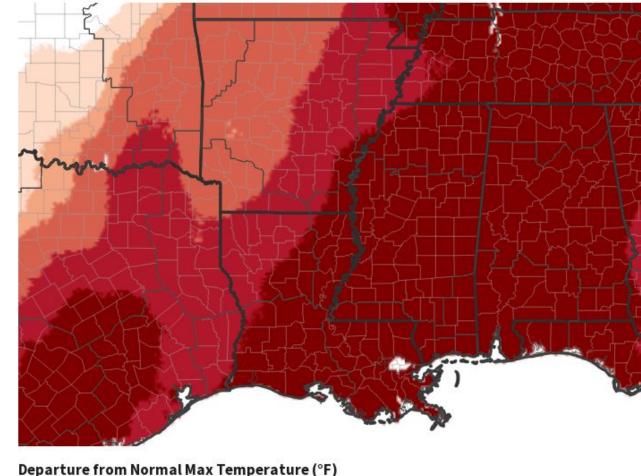


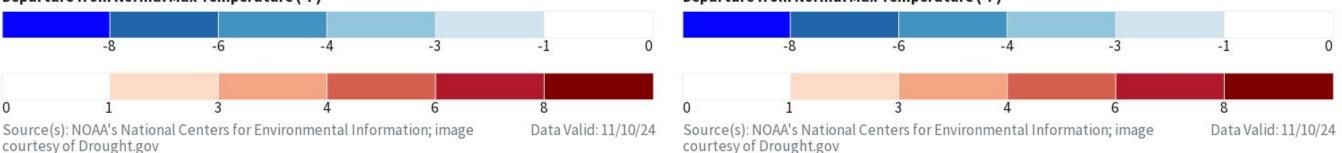
Temperature Anomalies

Link to Southern Regional Climate Center

- Well above normal temperatures have occurred over the past week and past month across southeast Texas and much of Louisiana.
- Average Max 7 and 30 day temperatures has departed 5 - 8 °F above climatological normals.

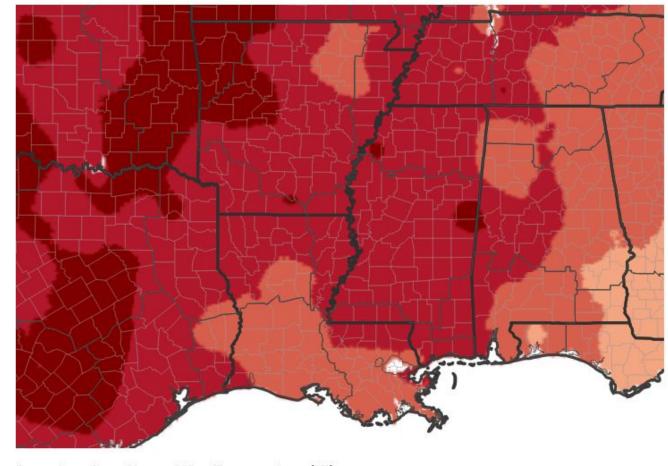
7-Day Temperature Anomaly



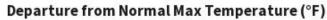


courtesy of Drought.gov





30-Day Temperature Anomaly





Hydrologic Impacts

• None.

Agricultural Impacts

• Unknown.

Fire Hazard Impacts

• Some wildland fires have occurred over the past month, however, recent rainfall this week combined with higher humidity levels have helped decrease the frequency of wildland fires. Additionally, recent soil evaporation rates have decreased over the past week.

Mitigation Actions

• Most burn bans have been lifted across the forecast area due to recent rainfall and higher humidity levels.

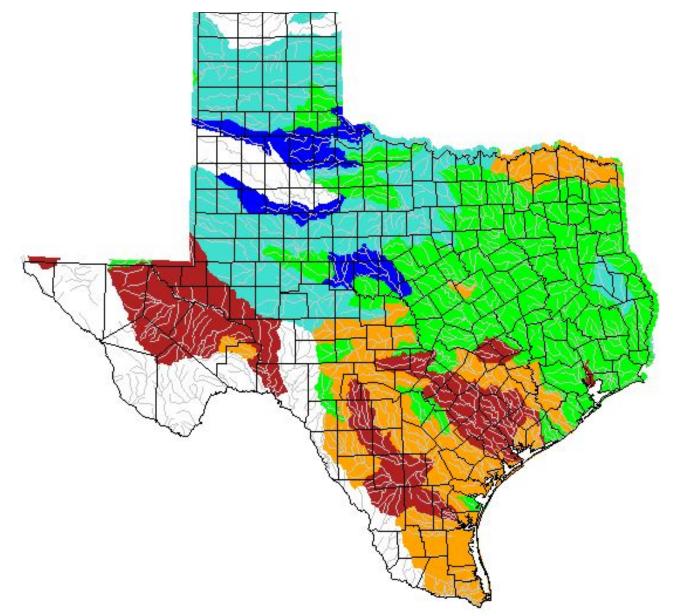




Hydrologic Conditions and Impacts

Streamflows are mostly running near to above normal in SW Louisiana and SE Texas.

Thursday, November 14, 2024



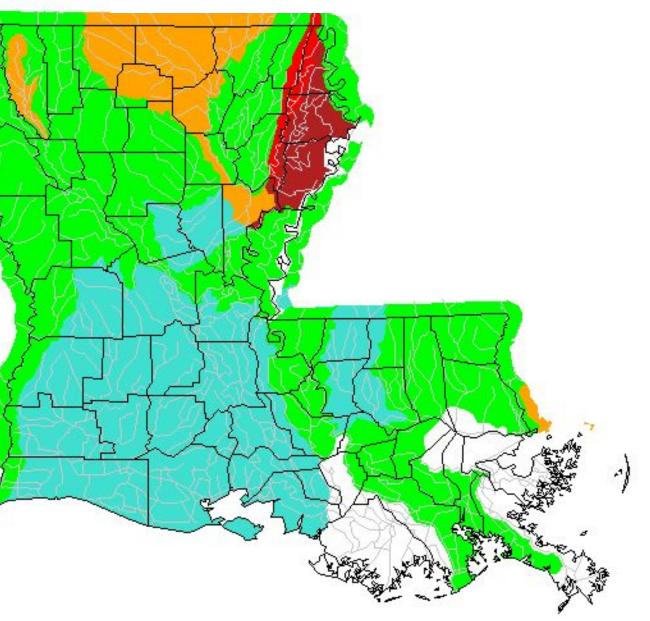
≥USGS

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Explanation - Percentile classes							
	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90		
Low	Much below normal	Below	Normal	Above	Much above normal	High	



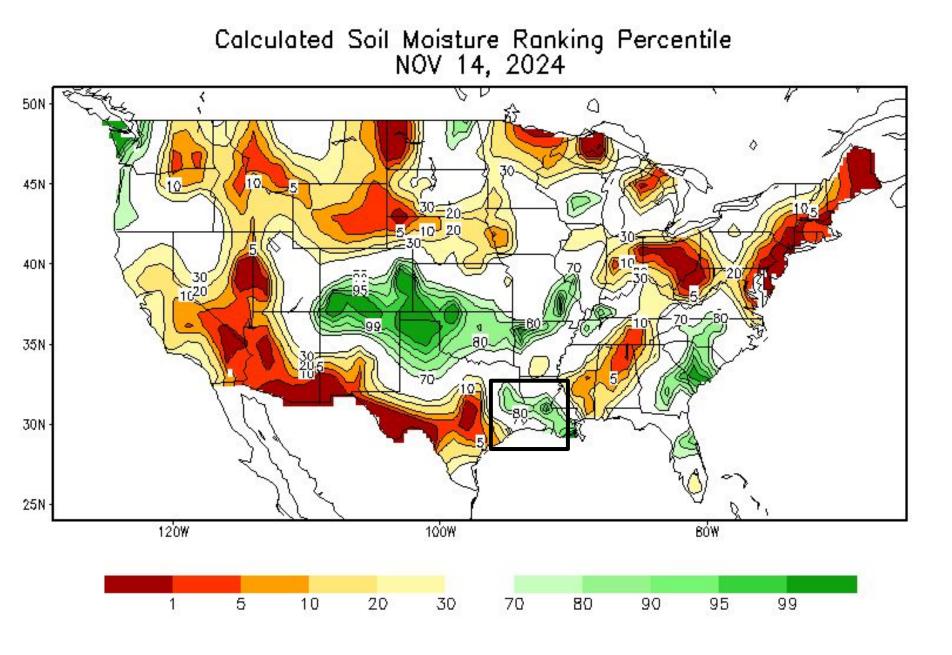
Thursday, November 14, 2024

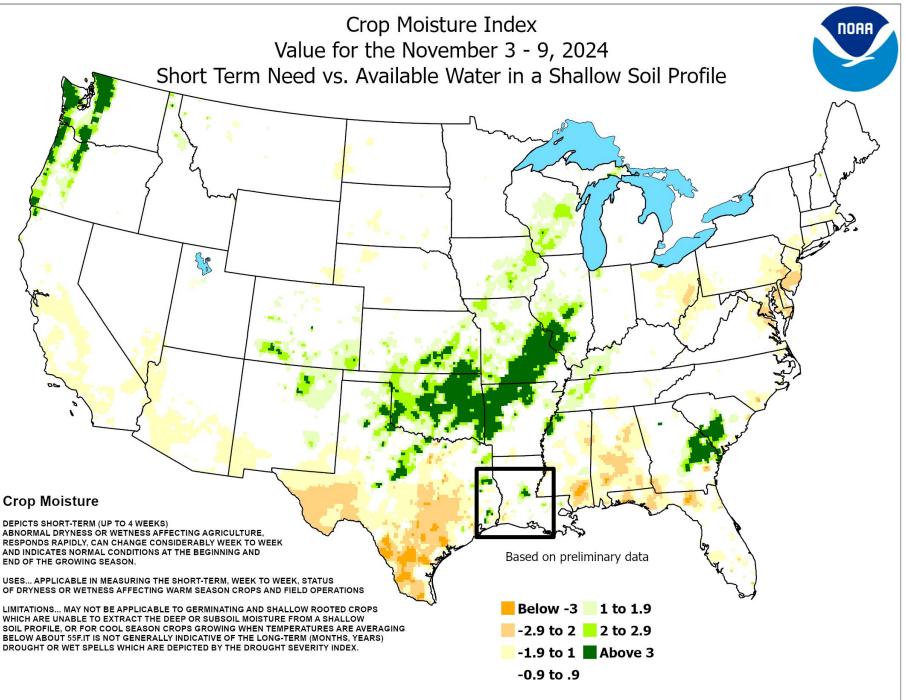






• Crop and soil moisture across the forecast area has significantly improved over the past two weeks due to widespread rainfall.





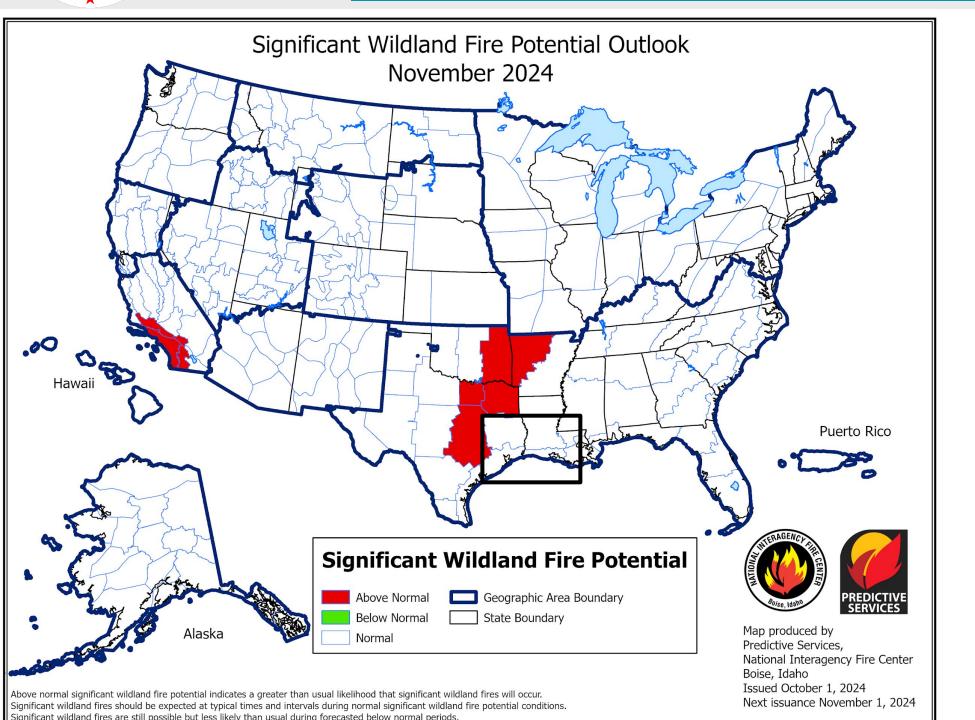
DEPICTS SHORT-TERM (UP TO 4 WEEKS)



National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

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Fire Hazard Impacts Link to Wildfire Potential Outlooks from the National interagency Coordination Center



The risk for wildland fires is expected to be normal as we continue through the rest of November and into December.



National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

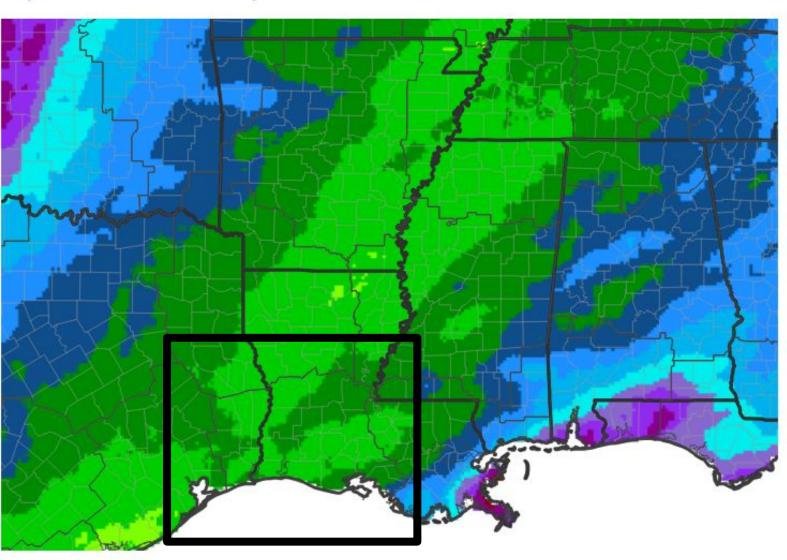
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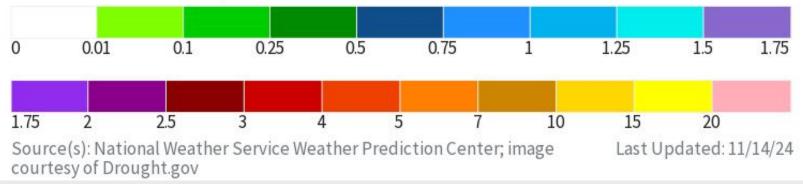


Significant wildland fires should be expected at typical times and intervals during normal significant wildland fire potential conditions. Significant wildland fires are still possible but less likely than usual during forecasted below normal periods



- Chances favor unsettled weather to Monday night into Tuesday.
- Early work week showers and thunderstorms could bring rainfall amounts ranging from 0.10 to 0.50 inch across the region.







7-Day Quantitative Precipitation Forecast for November 14, 2024-November 21, 2024

Predicted Inches of Precipitation

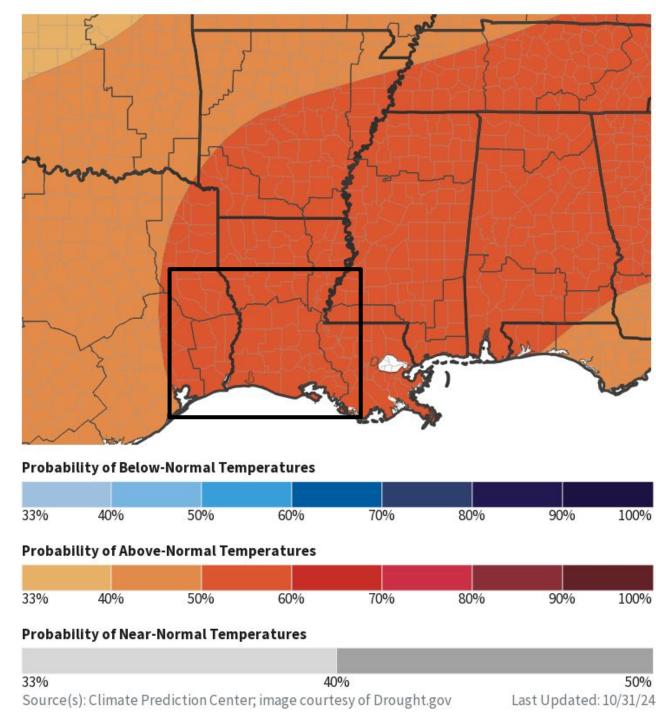


Long-Range Outlooks

Chances favor near normal temperatures and above normal precipitation.

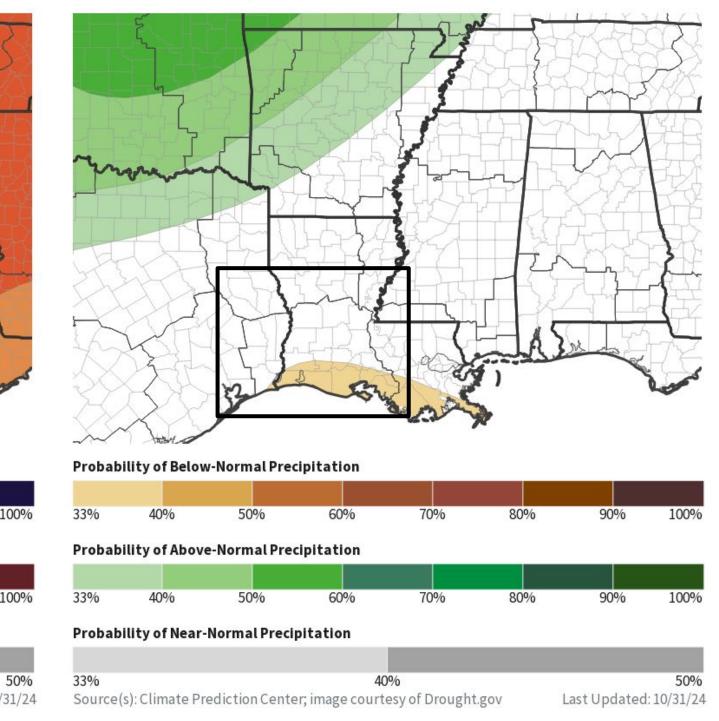
- Chances heavily favor above normal temperatures through the rest of the November.
- Chances favor near normal to slightly below normal precipitation through the rest of November.

Monthly Temperature Outlook for November 1, 2024–November 30, 2024





Monthly Precipitation Outlook for November 1, 2024–November 30, 2024



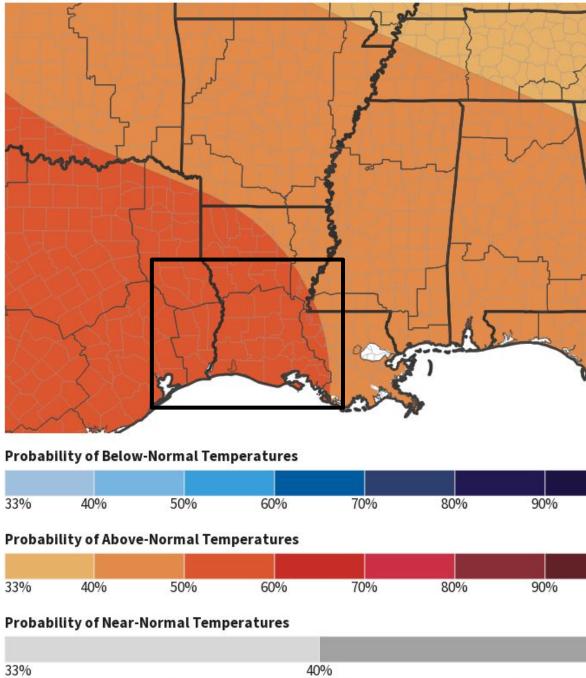


Long-Range Outlooks

Chances favor near normal temperatures and above normal precipitation.

- Chances heavily favor above normal temperatures through the end of January 2025.
- Chances favor below normal precipitation through January of 2025.

Seasonal (3-Month) Temperature Outlook for November 1, 2024–January 31, 2025



Source(s): Climate Prediction Center; image courtesy of Drought.gov

Last Updated: 10/17/24



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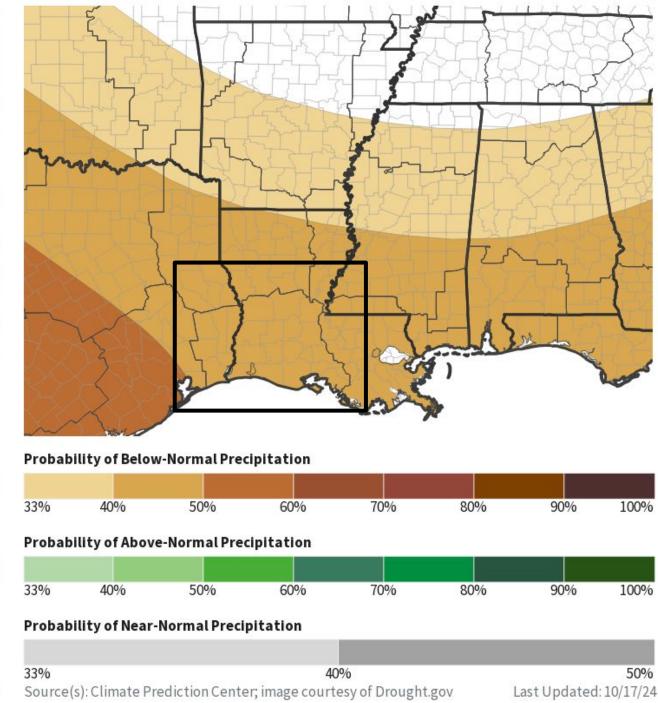
Seasonal (3-Month) Precipitation Outlook for November 1, 2024–January 31, 2025



100%

100%

50%





Resources

- → U.S. Drought Monitor <u>droughtmonitor.unl.edu</u>
- → NWS Lake Charles Phone Number: (337) 477-5285 ext. 1
- → NWS Lake Charles Webpage: <u>www.weather.gov/LCH</u>
- → Online Severe Weather Reporting: <u>stormReport</u>
- → NWS Lake Charles Facebook <u>www.facebook.com/NWSLakeCharles</u>
- → NWS Lake Charles Twitter <u>twitter.com/NWSLakeCharles</u>

Next Update: November 21st, 2024





Seatino