



May rainfall totals reported

% Normal: blue above normal & red below normal. Departure from normal: blue-above & red-below (same for 3 mon %)

	Rainfall	% Norm	Normal	Departure	3 mon %
	Inches	May	Inches	inches	MAM
Airai	19.53	124	15.72	3.81	118
Үар	10.28	131	7.85	2.43	124
Chuuk	21.57	191	11.30	10.27	143
Pohnpei	29.00	145	19.96	9.04	134
Kosrae	15.41	87	17.75	-2.34	85
Kwajalein	23.18	345	6.72	16.46	262
Majuro	10.35	102	10.11	0.24	137
Guam NAS	31.15	916	3.40	27.75	520
Saipan	5.35	225	2.38	2.97	189
Pago Pago	16.19	168	9.66	6.53	141
Lihue	3.90	262	1.49	2.41	246
Honolulu	0.67	168	0.40	0.27	321
Kahului	0.23	47	0.49	-0.26	93
Hilo	5.46	74	7.36	-1.90	81

Reports from around the Region

Hawaii (Kevin Kodama)

Precipitation Summaries for HI can also be found: https://www.weather.gov/hfo/hydro_summary

<u>Kauai</u>

May rainfall totals were above average at most of the gages across Kaua'i. The highest percent of average values were from the Waimea and Mānā areas where the observed May totals were around 3 times higher than the long term average. The U.S. Geological Survey's (USGS) gage at Mount Wai'ale'ale had the highest monthly total of 35.16 inches (114 percent of average) and the highest daily total of 3.70 inches on May 18. The Līhu'e Airport, Kalāheo, Kapahi, Princeville Airport, North Wailua Ditch, and Wailua UH Experiment Station had their highest May totals since 2011.

Rainfall totals for 2023 through the end of May were above average at most of the gages on Kaua'i. The Mount Wai'ale'ale gage had the highest year-to-date total of 179.36 inches (115 percent of average).

<u>Oahu</u>

There was a wide range of rainfall conditions on O'ahu with most of the sites having near average totals for the month of May. Above average monthly totals were mainly from the central and leeward O'ahu sites. Sites along the windward slopes of the Ko'olau Range had most of the below average totals. The USGS' Hālawa Tunnel rain gage had the highest monthly total of 13.22 inches (132 percent of average), and the highest daily total of 3.21 inches on May 11. The USGS' Poamoho Rain Gage No. 1 was not too far back at 13.00 inches (75 percent of average) for the month. The Wai'anae Kawiwi gage (2.94 inches, 288 percent of average) posted its highest May total on record.

Nearly all of the O'ahu rainfall totals for 2023 through the end of May were near to above average. The Poamoho Rain Gage No. 1 had the highest year-to-date total of 93.01 inches (99 percent of average).

Maui

While most of the state, including Moloka'i and Lāna'i, received near to above average rainfall for the month of May, the island of Maui was an outlier as most of its gages posted below average monthly totals. The USGS' gage on Pu'u Kukui had the highest monthly total of 17.14 inches (62 percent of average), and the highest daily total of 5.43 inches on May 31. The Kamalō gage on Moloka'i had its highest May total on record. 'Ulupalakua Ranch, on the southwest flank of Haleakalā, had its lowest May total since 2012.

Most of the gages in Maui County had near to above average rainfall totals for 2023 through the end of May. The USGS' rain gage at West Wailuaiki Stream had the highest year-to-date total of 106.22 inches (99 percent of average).

Big Island

May rainfall totals were near to above average at most of the gages on the Big Island. Below average totals were mainly from the Hāmākua slopes and in the Waimea area. The USGS' rain gage at Honoli'i Stream had the highest monthly total of 14.45 inches (88 percent of average). The highest daily total was 2.67 inches on May 25 at the Kealakekua gage. Kapāpala Ranch and Mauna Loa Observatory had their highest May totals since 2002. The Pu'uanahulu and Kohala Ranch gages had their highest totals since these sites began operating in 2003 and 2005, respectively.

Big Island rainfall totals were near to above average for 2023 through the end of May at most of the gages. The Honoli'i Stream rain gage had the highest year-to-date total of 105.01 inches (110 percent of average).

Current State of ENSO and predictions

Issued 8 June 2023

ENSO Alert System Status: El Niño Advisory

<u>Synopsis:</u> El Niño conditions are present and are expected to gradually strengthen into the Northern Hemisphere winter 2023-24.

In May, weak El Niño conditions emerged as above-average sea surface temperatures (SSTs) strengthened across the equatorial Pacific Ocean. All of the latest weekly Niño indices were more than +0.5°C: Niño-3.4 was +0.8°C, Niño-3 was +1.1°C, and Niño1+2 was +2.3°C. Area-averaged subsurface temperatures anomalies remained positive, reflecting the continuation of widespread anomalous warmth below the surface of the equatorial Pacific Ocean. For the May average, low-level wind anomalies were westerly over the western equatorial Pacific Ocean, while upper-level wind anomalies were westerly over the eastern Pacific Ocean. Convection was enhanced along the equator and was suppressed over Indonesia. Both the equatorial SOI and traditional SOI were significantly negative. Collectively, the coupled ocean-atmosphere system reflected the emergence of El Niño conditions.

The most recent IRI plume indicates the continuation of El Niño through the Northern Hemisphere winter 2023-24. Confidence in the occurrence of El Niño increases into the fall, reflecting the expectation that seasonally averaged Niño-3.4 index values will continue to increase. Another downwelling Kelvin wave is emerging in the western Pacific Ocean, and westerly wind anomalies are forecasted to recur over the western Pacific. At its peak, the chance of a strong El Niño is nearly the same as it was last month (56% chance of November-January Niño-3.4 \geq 1.5°C), with an 84% chance of exceeding moderate strength (Niño-3.4 \geq 1.0°C). In summary, El Niño conditions are present and are expected to gradually strengthen into the Northern Hemisphere winter 2023-24.

6. Rainfall Verification (MAM)- March, April, May

The verification result of **MAM** rainfall forecasts was 7 hits and 7 misses (Heidke score: 0.3338).

March, April, May (MAM) 2023 \	/erification													
Updated	6/14/2023	MAM												
								Initial:	Initial:				Post Conference	Post Confere
Location	UKMO	ECMVF	CA	NASA	NCEP	IBI	APCC	Bainfall	Final		3 mo Veri	ification	PEAC	PEAC
								Outlook	Probs	2 norm	Total (in)	Tercile	Forecast Final	Probs Final
Palau														
Airai 7 22' N, 134 32' E	Avg-above	Above	Avg-above	Avg.	Avg.	Avg-above	Above	Above	25:35:40	118	38.87	Above		
FSM														
Yap 9•29' N, 138•05' E	Avg-above	Above	Above	Avg.	Avg.	Above	Above	Above	25:35:40	124	22.40	Arg.		
Chuuk 7 28'N, 151 51'E	Avg-above	Avg.	Avg-above	Avg-below	Avg.	Above	Above	Avg-above	30:35:35	143	45.80	Above		
Pohnpei 6 59'N, 158 12'E	Above	Avg-abov	Avg-above	Avg-below	Avg.	Avg-above	Above	Avg-above	1.274711	134	69.19	Above		
Kosrae 5 21'N, 162 57'E	Above	Avg-abov	eAvg-above	Avg.	Avg.	Above	Above	Avg-above	30:35:35	85	43.83	Below		
BMI														
Kwajalein 8• 43'N, 167• 44'E	Avg-above	Avg.	Avg.	Avg-below	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	30:40:30	262	37.48	Abore		
Majuro 7 04' N, 171 17'E	Above	Avg-abov	Avg-above	Avg-below	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	25:40:35	137	35.70	Above		
Guam and CNMI														
Guam 13• 29'N, 144• 48' E	Above	Avg-abov	Avg-above	Avg-above	Avg.	Above	Above	Avg-above	25:35:40	520	41.61	Above		
Saipan 15° 06'N, 145° 48' E	Avg-above	Avg-abov	Avg-above	Avg-above	Avg.	Above	Above	Avg-above	30:35:35	189	13.01	Above		
American Samoa					_							_		
Pago Pago 14• 20'S, 170• 43'W	Avg-below	Below	Below	Avg-below	Avg.	Clim.	Below	Avg-below	35:35:30	141	41.78	Above		
State of Hawaii														
19.7 • 21.0 N. 155.0 • 159.5 V														
Lihue	Above	Above	Avg-above	Avg-above	Avg-above	Avg-above	Above	Above	25:35:40	246	14.81	Abore		
Honolulu	Above	Above	Avg-above	Avg-above	Avg-above	Avg-above	Above	Above	25:35:40	321	5,49	Abore		
Kahului	Above	Above	Avg-above	Avg-above	Avg-above	Avg-above	Above	Above	25:35:40	93	3.02	Arg.		
Hilo	Above	Ahove	Aug-ahoue	Aug-above	Aug-aboue	Aug-ahoue	Ahove	Above	25-35-40	81	21.96	Below		

7	Hit
7	Miss
Heidke:	0.3338
RPSS:	-0.0072

Tercile Cut-offs for Season based on 1981-2010 Pacific Rainfall Climatologies (Luke He)

	Koror	Yap	<u>Chuuk</u>	Pohnpei	Guam	<u>Saipan</u>	Majuro	Kwaj
below (<)								
33.33%	26.86	14.74	30.3	46.13	7.61	5.88	21.02	9.74
near								
66.66%	33.44	22.41	36.94	58.61	11.51	8.02	32.44	21.13
above (>)			•		-			

	<u>Lihue</u>	<u>Honolulu</u>	Kahului	<u>Hilo</u>	Pago Pago	<u>Kosrae</u>
below (<)						
33.33%	5.32	1.83	2.45	22.5	27.97	51
near						
66.66%	7.98	3.05	4.64	34	38.33	55.49
above (>)						

JJA Forecast	Rainfall	Probability	Final	Final
Location	Outlook	Pre-Conference	Outlook	Probability
Palau				
Airai 7° 22' N, 134° 32' E	Above	30:35:35	-	-
FSM				
Yap 9° 29' N, 138° 05' E	Above	25:35:40	-	_
Chuuk 7° 28'N, 151° 51'E	Above	25:35:40	-	_
Pohnpei 6° 59'N, 158° 12'E	Above	25:30:45	-	-
Kosrae 5° 21'N, 162° 57'E	Above	25:30:45		-
	-	-		
RMI				
Kwajalein 8° 43'N, 167° 44'E	Above	30:30:40	-	_
Majuro 7° 04' N, 171° 17'E	Above	25:35:40	_	-
Guam and CNMI				
Guam 13° 29'N, 144° 48' E	Above	25:35:40	-	-
Saipan 15° 06'N, 145° 48' E	Avg-Above	30:35:35	-	-
American Samoa				
Pago Pago 14º 20'S, 170º 43'W	Below	40:30:30	-	-
State of Hawaii				
19.7° - 21.0' N, 155.0° - 159.5'				
W				
Lihue	Below	40:35:25	-	-
Honolulu	Below	40:35:25	-	-
Kahului	Below	40:35:25	-	-
Hilo	Below	40:35:25	=	-

Tercile Cut-offs for FMA Season based on 1981-2010 Pacific Rainfall Climatologies (Luke He)

	Koror	Yap	<u>Chuuk</u>	Pohnpei	Guam	Saipan	Majuro	Kwaj
below (<)								
33.33%	47.11	40.34	33.35	40.21	29.26	21.38	31.08	24.49
near								
66.66%	55.07	45.79	43.35	50	36.54	30.82	35.58	28.47
above (>)								

	Lihue	<u>Honolulu</u>	Kahului	<u>Hilo</u>	Pago Pago	Kosrae
below (<)						
33.33%	5.32	1.83	2.45	22.5	27.97	51
near						
66.66%	7.98	3.05	4.64	34	38.33	55.49
above (>)						

Drought Monitoring Updates: (Richard Heim)

3. Drought monitoring updates.

A. End-of-May Monthly Drought Assessment:

i. With WxCoder III data, we have 23 stations in the monthly analysis.

ii. May was dry (less than the 4- or 8-inch monthly minimum needed to meet most water needs) at Lukunor (FSM) and Wotje (RMI); it was wet everywhere else. May was drier than normal at Kosrae, Lukunor, & Jaluit, and near or wetter than normal elsewhere.

iii. The end-of-May monthly analysis (May 31) is consistent with the weekly analyses for May 30 and June 6, and is the same as the analyses for May 30 & June 6.

- a. End-of-June drought conditions:
 - 1. D-Nothing at all locations.
 - 2. Utirik was plotted as missing due to missing data for the month.
 - 3. Woleai was plotted as D-Nothing even though they had insufficient data for the month because the last 2 weeks were wet.
- b. Compared to the end-of-April monthly analysis:
 - 1. D0 ended (improved to D-Nothing) at Ulithi, Jaluit, & Wotje.

iv. Some May 2023 precipitation ranks:

- a. **Lukunor**: 5th driest May (in a 39-year record), and driest July-May and June-May.
- b. **Jaluit:** 13th driest May (40 years) and 6th driest June-May.
- C. Kapingamarangi: 5th wettest May (29 years), but 5th driest rank for June-May.
- d. At the wet end of the scale:
 - 1. Guam had the wettest May (67 years), April-May through December-May, and October-May
 - 2. Mili had the wettest rank for January-May (39 years), and October-May through June-May.
 - 3. Saipan had the wettest January-May (42 years) through October-May.

B. <u>Current (Weekly) Drought Conditions</u>: The discussion above is the monthly (end of May) analysis. The latest weekly USAPI USDM assessment may show different USDM classifications. The latest weekly USAPI USDM assessment is for June 6.

i. The June 6 analysis is the same as the May monthly analysis.

C. May 2023 NCEI State of the Climate Drought Report: The May 2023 NCEI SotC Drought report will go online next week on Tuesday.

i. The web page url for the May report will be:

a. https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/monthly-report/drought/202305#regional-usapi