

# **Conditional Climatology - Winston-Salem Smith Reynolds Airport (INT)**

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# Winston-Salem Smith Reynolds Airport (INT) Conditional Climatology

The climatology graphs presented show the percentage of time that visibility and ceiling for varying flight categories occur at INT.

The flight categories are defined as:

MVFR GTE 1,000 to LTE 3,000ft and/or GTE 3 to LTE 5SM

IFR GTE 500 to LT 1,000ft and/or GTE 1 to LT 3SM

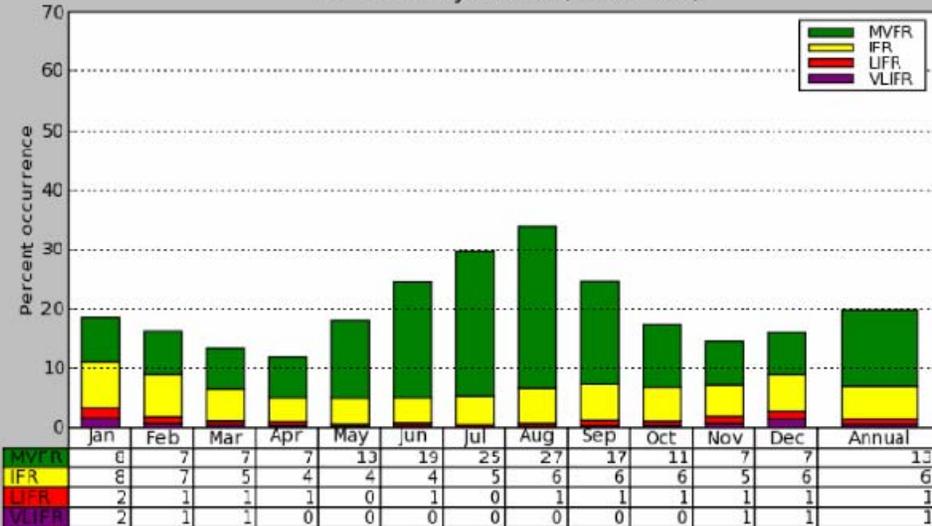
LIFR GTE 200 to LT 500ft and/or GTE 1/2 to LT 1SM

VLIFR LT 200ft and/or LT 1/2SM

The period of record for this review at INT is 1990-2007.

# INT Annual Conditional Climatology

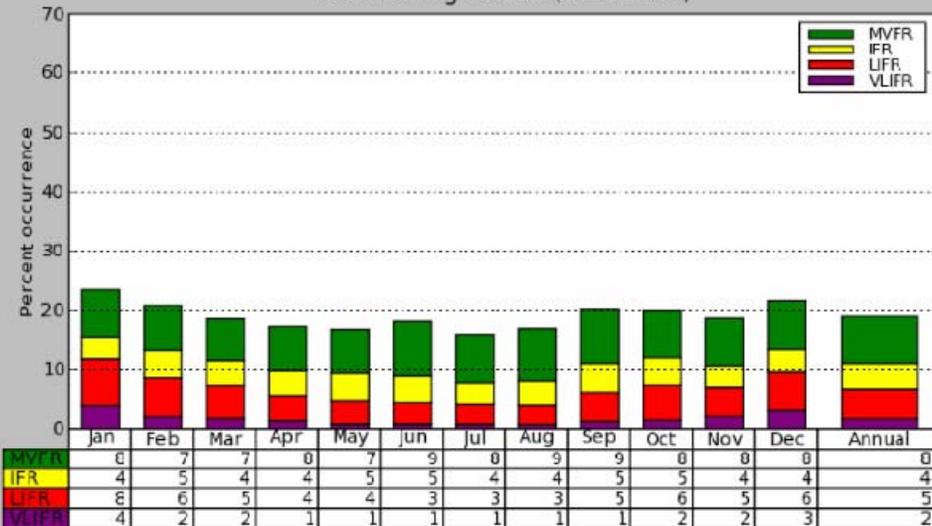
KINT Visibility 00-23Z (1990-2007)



Annual percent of occurrence of IFR or worse visibilities is 8%

Highest probability of IFR or worse visibility is in January (12%) with the least chance occurring in May (4%).

KINT Ceiling 00-23Z (1990-2007)

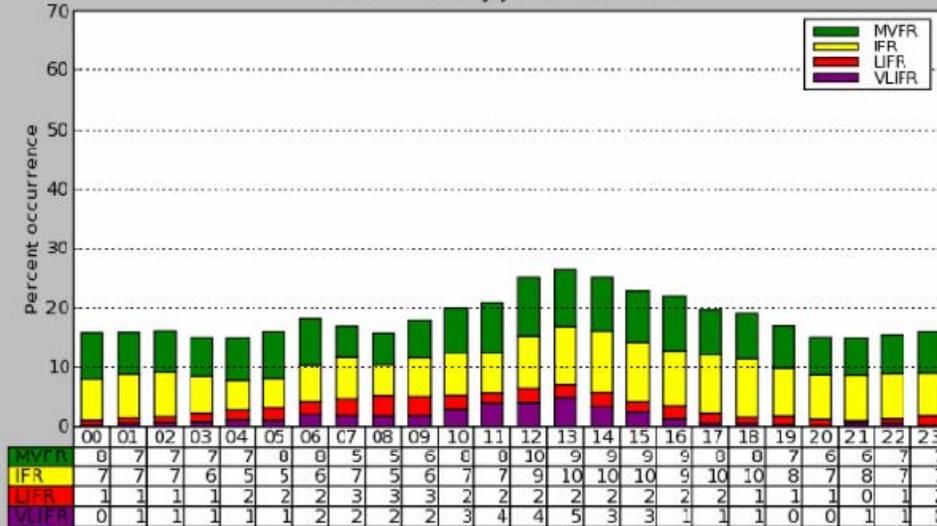


Annual percent of occurrence of IFR or worse ceilings is 11%.

The chances of IFR or worse ceilings are highest January (16%) with the Sep-Mar period carrying a 10% or higher occurrence rate. The percent of occurrence is lowest in July and August.

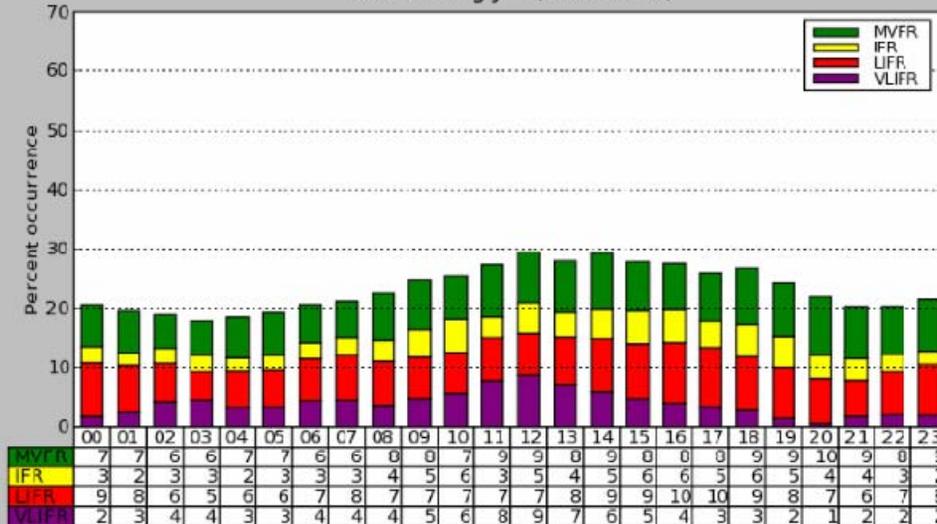
# INT January Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Jan (1990-2007)



IFR or worse visibilities occur at least 10% of the time from 06z-18z, with a relative maximum occurring between 12-14z

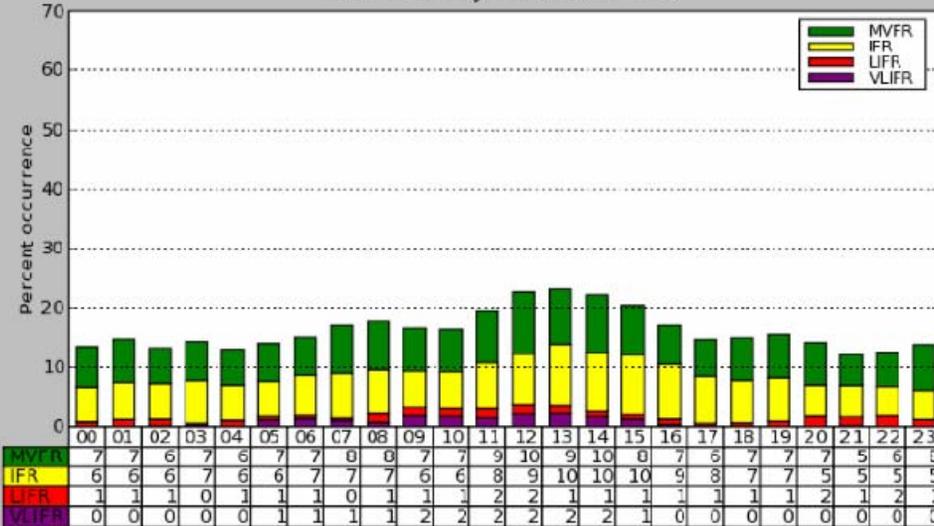
KINT Ceiling Jan (1990-2007)



All hours of the day in January hold a 12% or higher occurrence of IFR conditions. Ceilings below 500 ft occur over 10% of the time between 06-19z and again from 23-02z. LIFR occurrences climb above 15% from 11-14z.

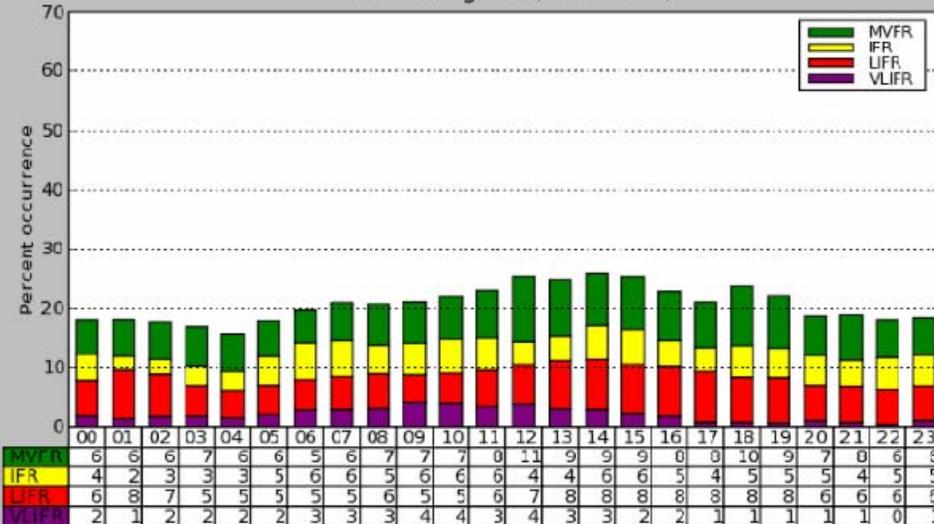
# INT February Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Feb (1990-2007)



There is a 10% or greater occurrence of IFR or worse visibilities between 11z and 16z.

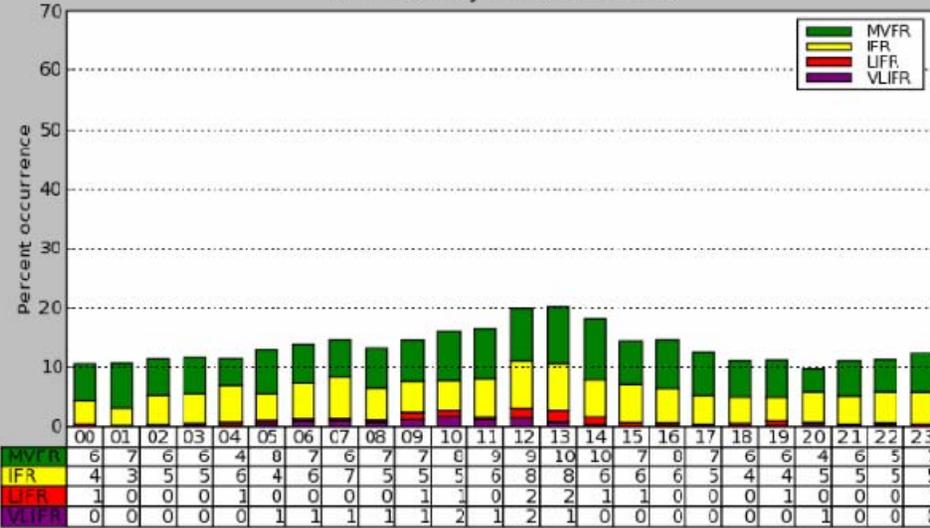
KINT Ceiling Feb (1990-2007)



Much like January, each hour of February has a 10% occurrence rate of IFR conditions, with a 15% or greater occurrence rate between 09-16z. The overall occurrence of LIFR conditions is not quite as high as compared to January.

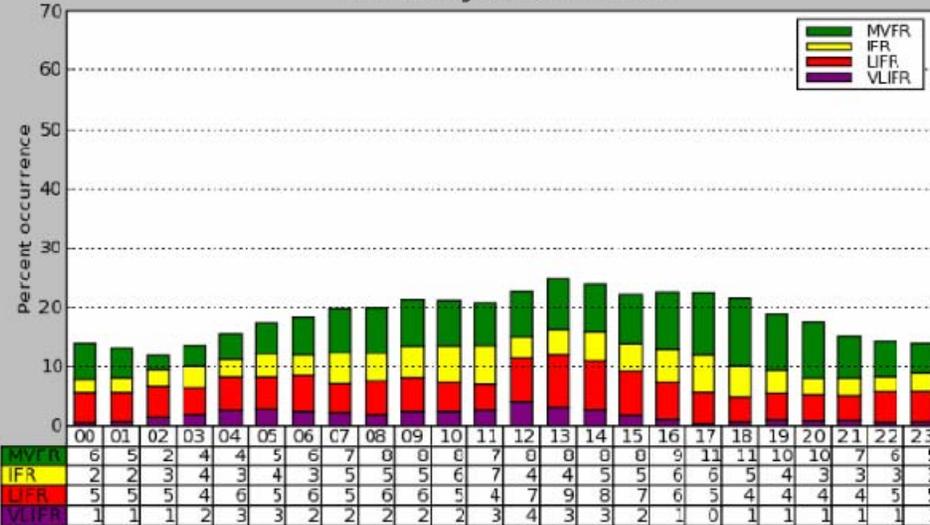
# INT March Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Mar (1990-2007)



Only the hours of 12z and 13z display a 10% or greater occurrence of IFR visibility.

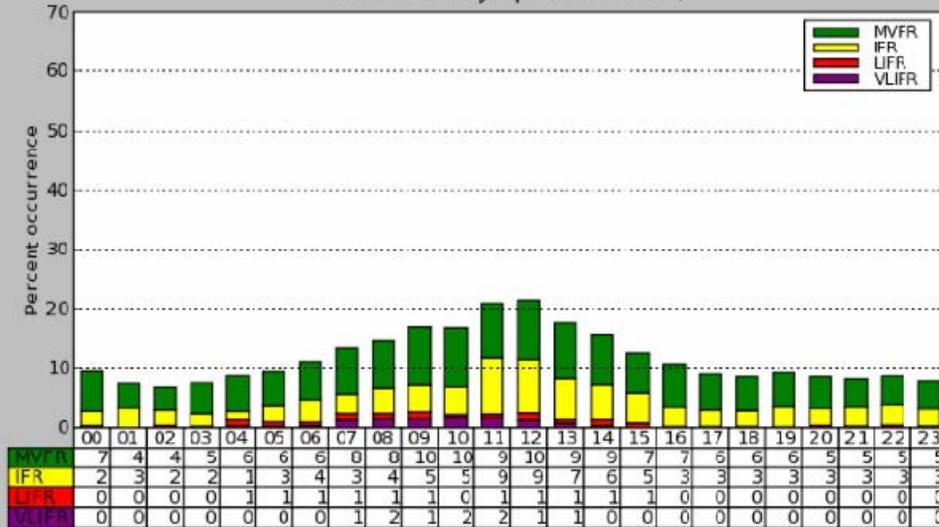
KINT Ceiling Mar (1990-2007)



While most hours still show a 10% or higher IFR occurrence as Jan and Feb does, a decline in occurrence is seen during the late afternoon and early evening hours.

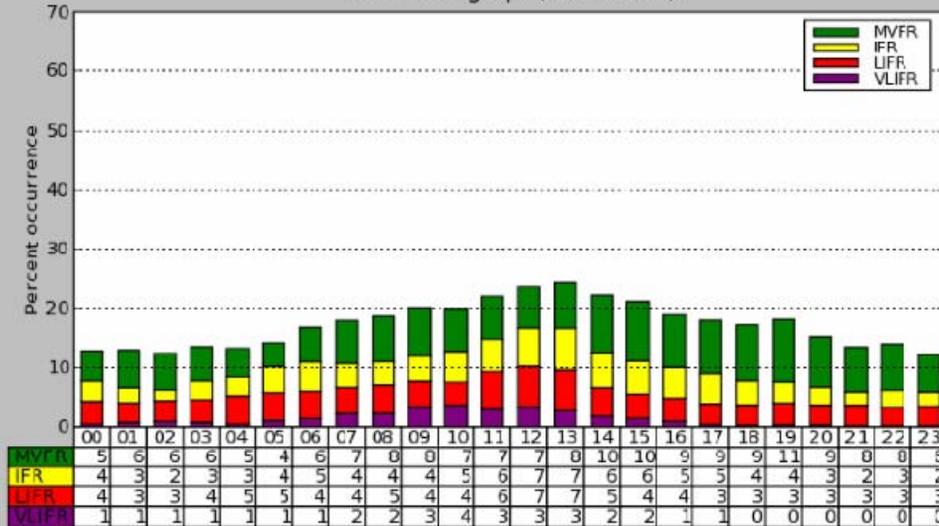
# INT April Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Apr (1990-2007)



Only the hours of 11z and 12z has a 10% IFR occurrence. While 16z-04z has a 3% or less occurrence rate.

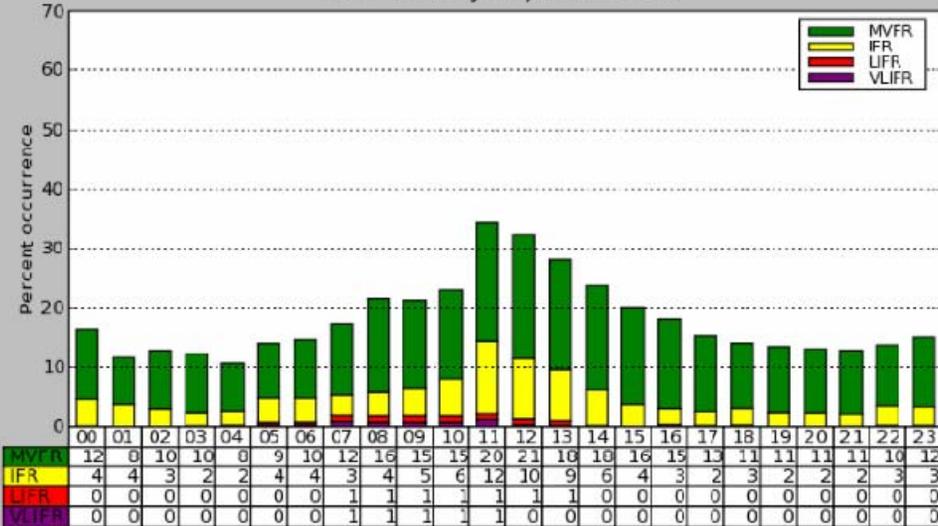
KINT Ceiling Apr (1990-2007)



April sees the IFR ceiling occurrence trend to more of a diurnal nature, with the highest rates found from late at night to the morning hours. The peak of IFR ceilings is seen from 11-13z.

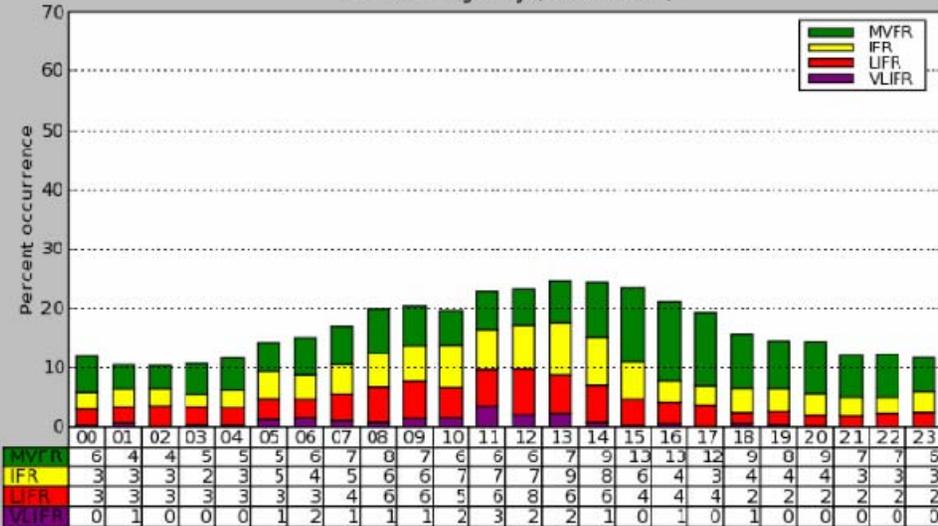
# INT May Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility May (1990-2007)



Only the hours of 11-13z have a 10% or greater occurrence of IFR fog.

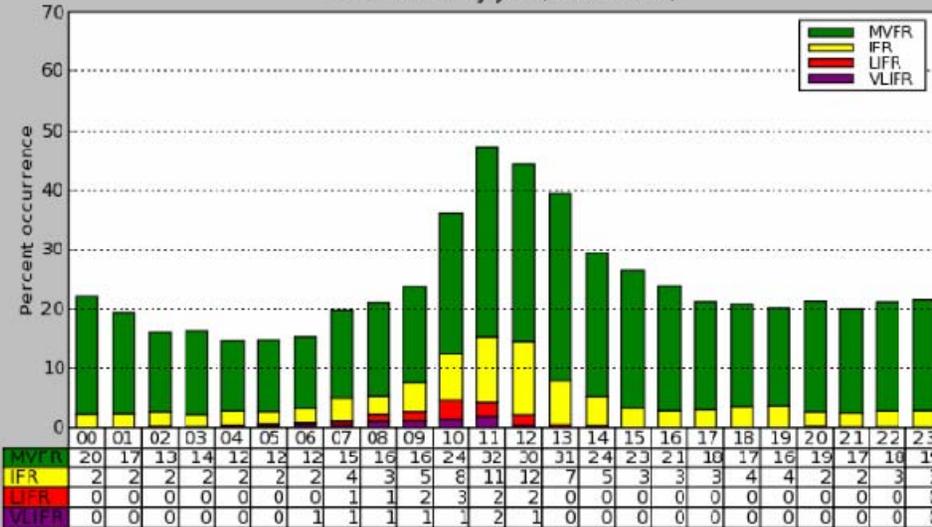
KINT Ceiling May (1990-2007)



A 15% or higher occurrence of IFR or worse ceilings can be seen from 11-14z

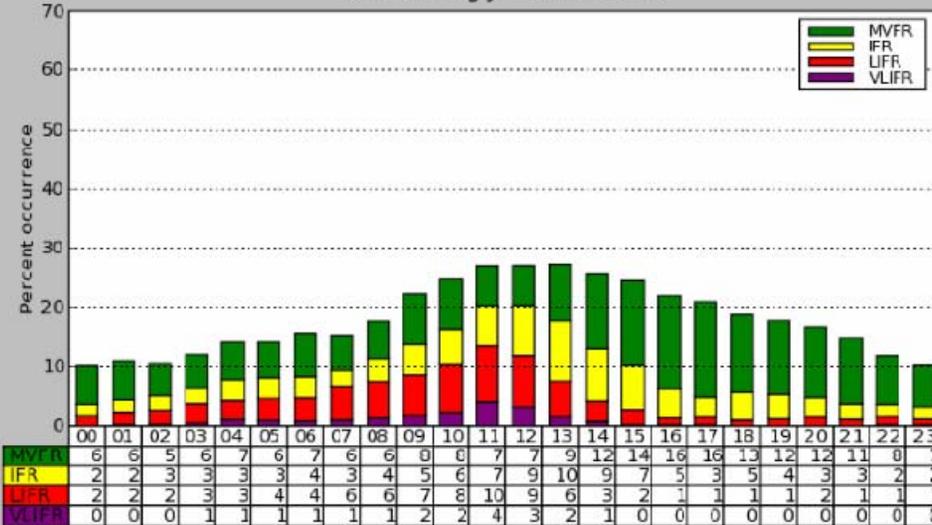
# INT June Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Jun (1990-2007)



IFR fog of a diurnal nature for June. The hours of 10z-12z are favored. At least MVFR visibilities occur nearly 40% of the time at 11z and 12z.

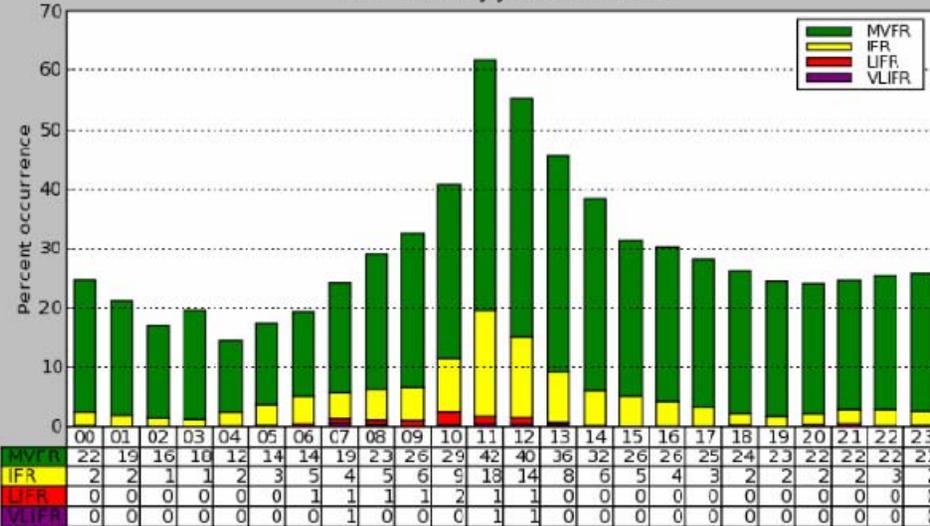
KINT Ceiling Jun (1990-2007)



There is a noticeable peak in IFR conditions during the hours of 10z-13z during the month of June, with only very small percentages during the daylight and early evening hours.

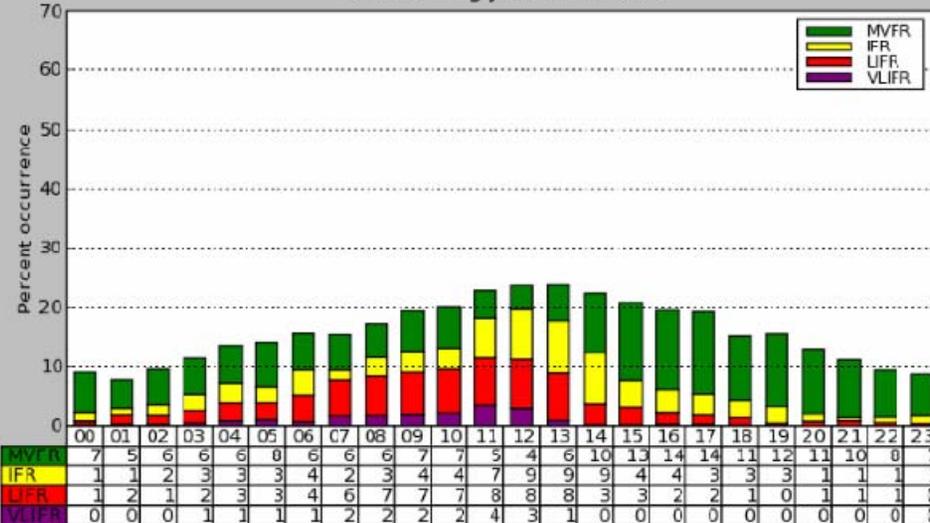
# INT July Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Jul (1990-2007)



IFR fog diurnal in nature in July. However, the percent of occurrence climbs to 20% at 11z. The MVFR rate is Higher than 50% at 12z and over 60% at 11z.

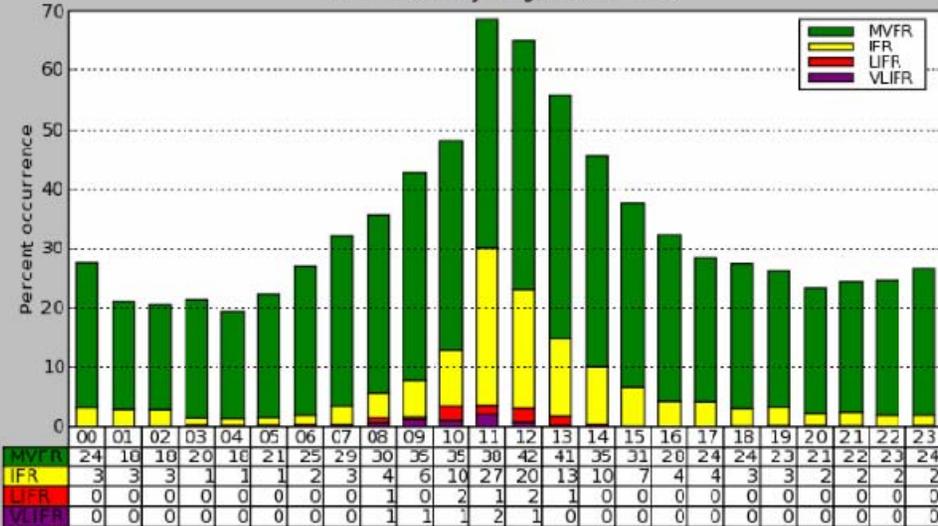
KINT Ceiling Jul (1990-2007)



July very similar to June with most IFR conditions occurring in predawn hours. The IFR occurrence climbs to 20% by 12z with LFR ceilings over 10% at 11z and 12z.

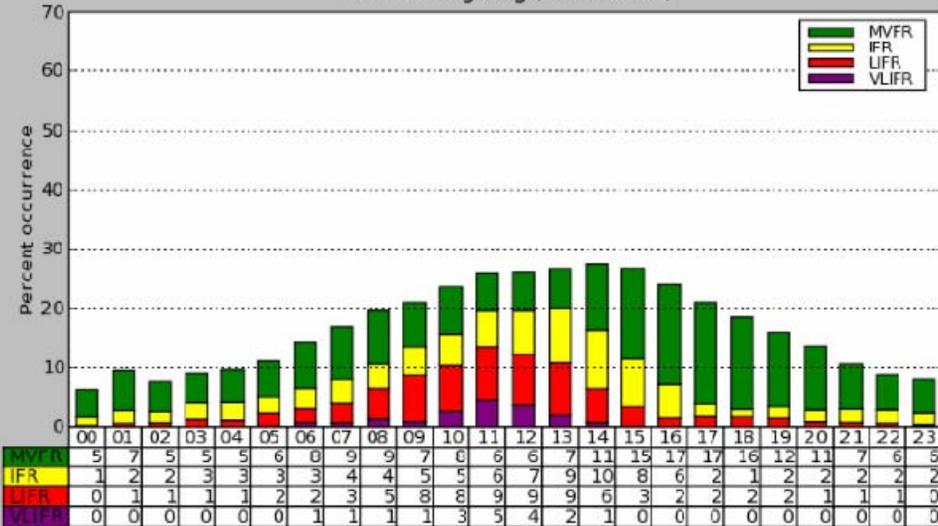
# INT August Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Aug (1990-2007)



August contains some of the highest hourly percentages of IFR occurrence. 12z has a 30% or greater occurrence rate of IFR conditions. MVFR fog Approaches 70% at 11z and stays over 60% at 12z.

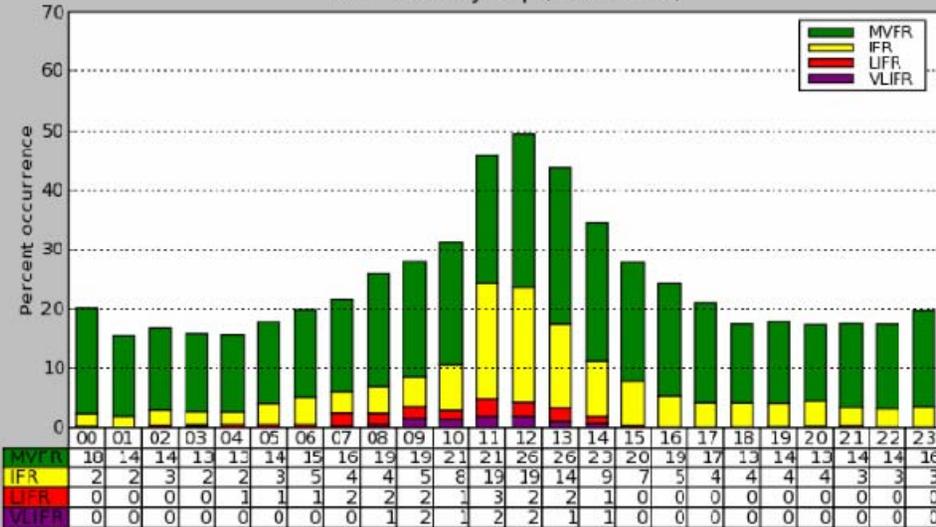
KINT Ceiling Aug (1990-2007)



IFR occurrences reach 20% between 11z-13z, with over a 10% chance of ceilings lowering to less than 500 ft.

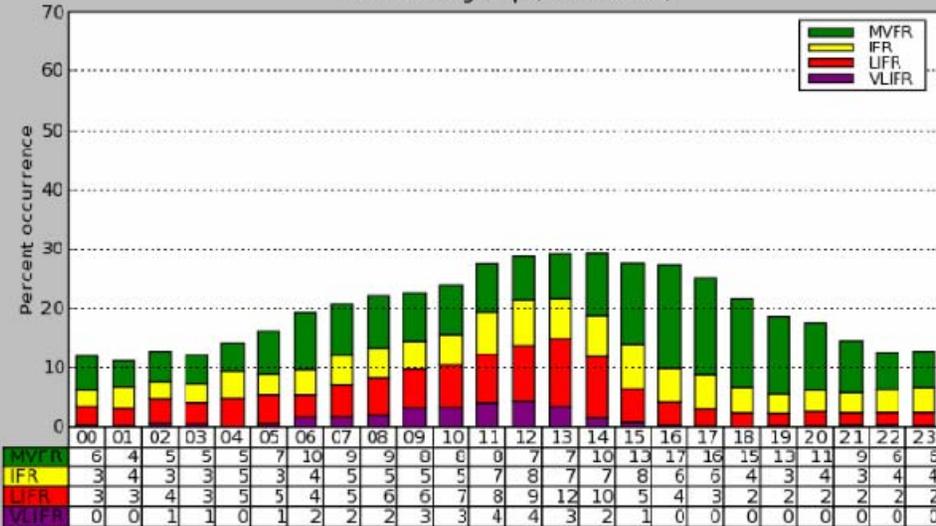
# INT September Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Sep (1990-2007)



IFR fog still occurs 20% of the time between 11z-12z. MVFR conditions decline from rates seen in August, but still occur nearly 50% of the time at 12z.

KINT Ceiling Sep (1990-2007)

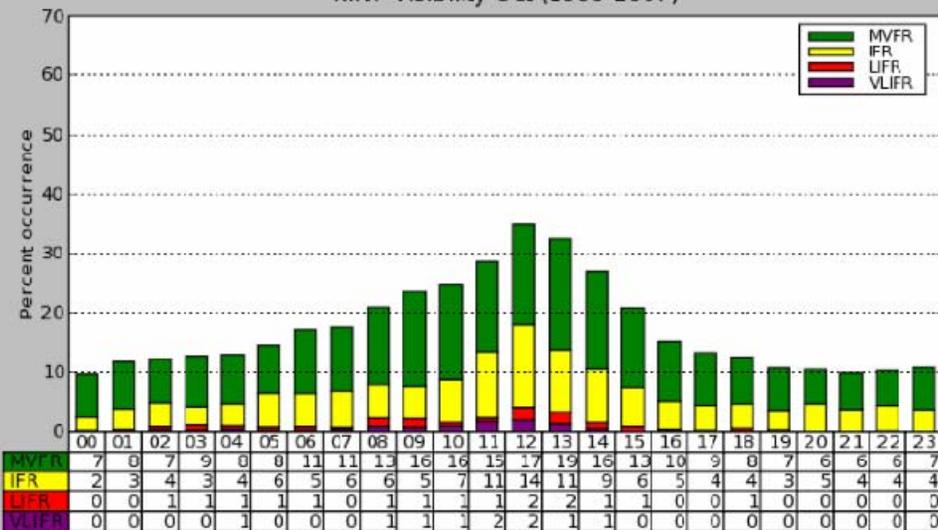


Just like in August, September IFR occurrences reach or exceed 20% between 11z-13z, with over a 10% chance of ceilings lowering to less than 500 ft from 10z-14z.

The low occurrence rate during the daylight and evening hours continues to be noted.

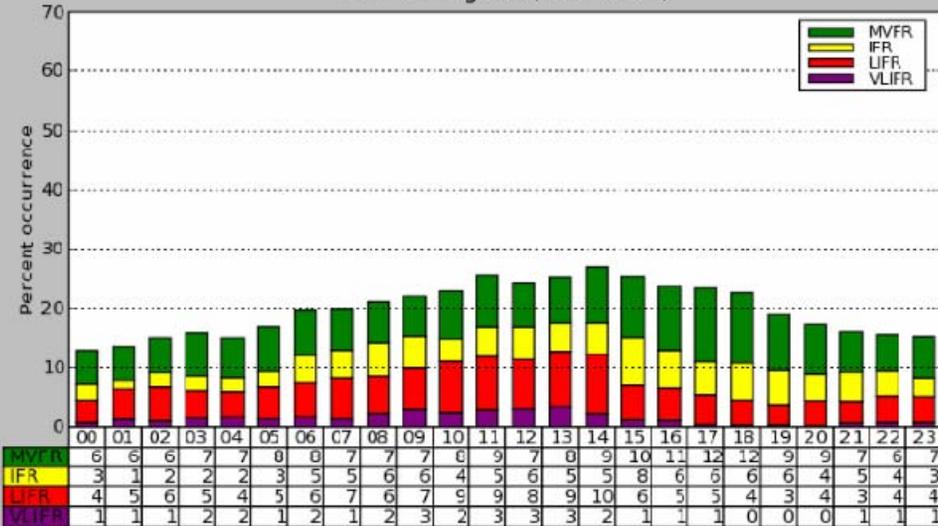
# INT October Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Oct (1990-2007)



Fog conditions overall decline in frequency compared to July-September. IFR fog is still diurnal, with the 10% or greater occurrence rates found from 11-14z.

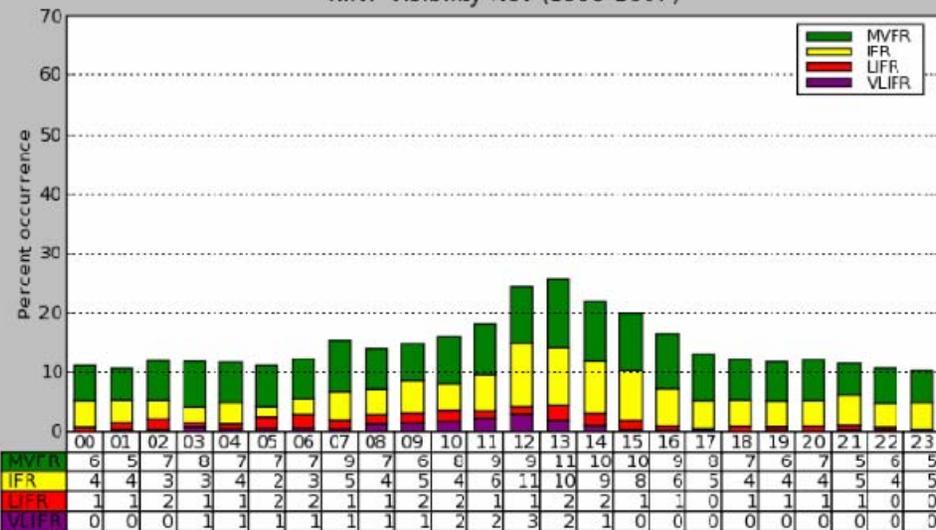
KINT Ceiling Oct (1990-2007)



With seasonal transition, we see higher IFR occurrences spread out over more hours of the day. A relative min in the late afternoon and evening is still observed.

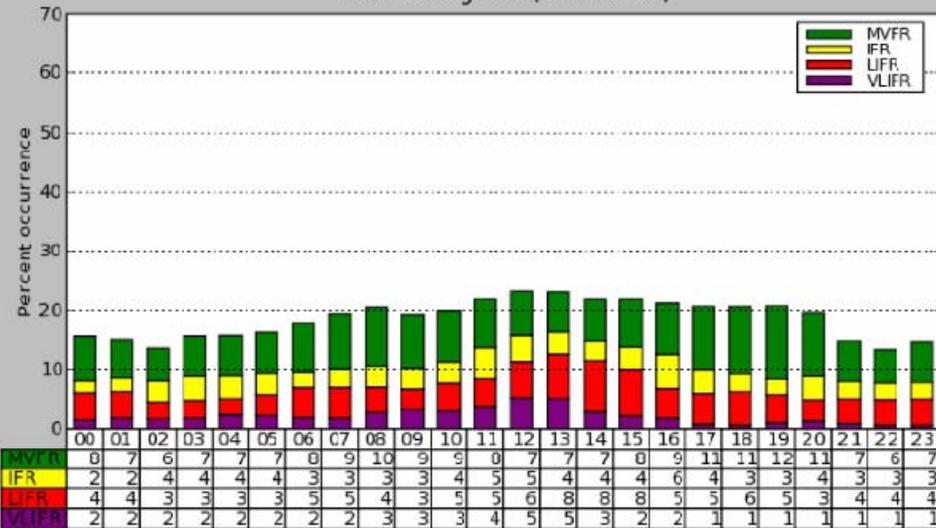
# INT November Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Nov (1990-2007)



10% or greater IFR occurrence can be found in the 12z-14z time frame in November.

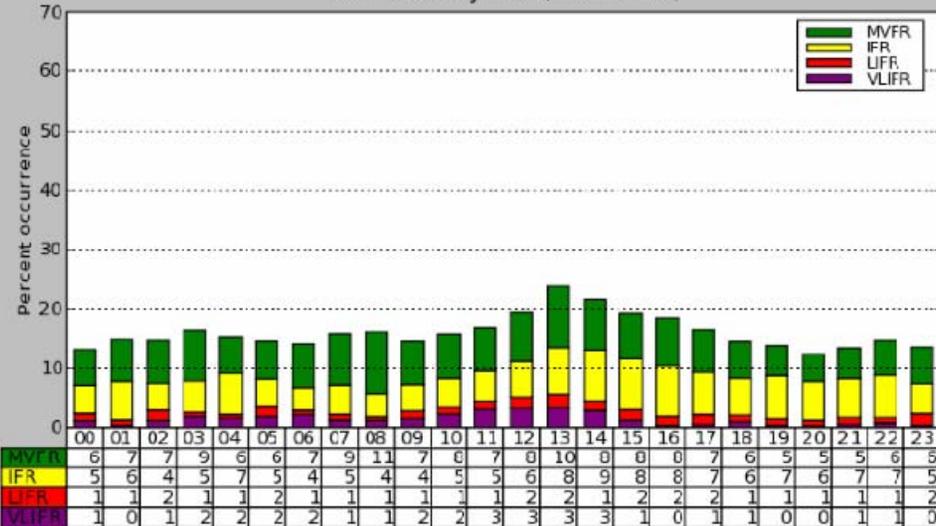
KINT Ceiling Nov (1990-2007)



IFR ceiling frequencies reach or exceed 10% from 06z-17z, with the peak from 11z-16z.

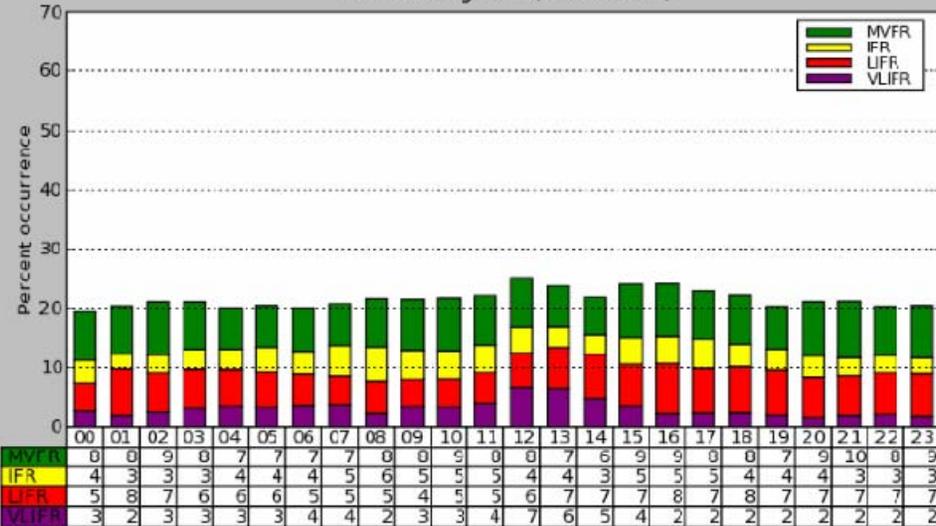
# INT December Conditional Climatology

KINT Visibility Dec (1990-2007)



A discernable peak in IFR occurrence is not as apparent during the month of December.

KINT Ceiling Dec (1990-2007)



As cold air damming season commences, IFR occurrences approach or exceed 10% at all hours of the day during December.

# Key Findings

- The conditional climatology database for INT only goes back to 1990 (compared to 1973 at GSO).
- As at GSO, MVFR visibilities are most prevalent in July and August, primarily occurring in the predawn to dawn hours. However, IFR visibilities occur the most in Dec/Jan/Feb.
- IFR ceilings occur the most in the cold air damming months, with a minimum occurring in the spring and summer. After the minimum in July/August, IFR conditions quickly rise back up past 10% in September and persist through March.