Summer 2024 Edition



The Ozark Ambassado



National Weather Service Springfield, Missouri

Preparing For Summer 2024

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Ozark Ambassador Team

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Key Webpages

DSS Packet

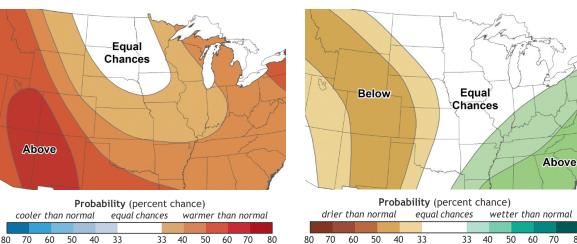
Weather Story

Weather Prediction Center

Climate Prediction Center

Storm Prediction Center

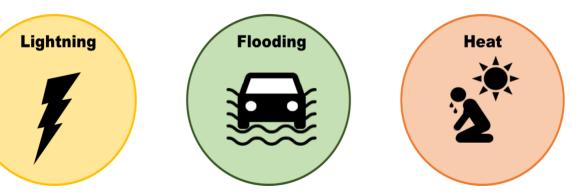
Summer Outlook



The Summer 2024 outlook slightly favors above normal temperatures and equal chances for below or above normal precipitation. For more information visit: <u>Climate Prediction Center.</u>

Missouri Summer Safety Day June 12, 2024

Wednesday, June 12, 2024



Join NWS Springfield and Missouri NWS offices on Wednesday June 12, 2024 for Missouri Summer Safety Day.

Additional information: NWS Summer Safety.

Understanding Heat

Wet Bulb Globe Temperature and Heat Index

HOW DOES WBGT differ from HEAT INDEX

WET BULB GLOBE TEMPERATURE

The Wet Bulb Globe Temperature (WBGT) is a parameter that estimates the effect of temperature, relative humidity, wind, and solar radiation on humans.

HEAT INDEX

The traditional measure of what the temperature feels like to the human body when relative humidity is combined with the air temperature, also known as apparent temperature.

	WBGT	HEAT INDEX
Measured in the sun	•	٠
Measured in the shade	•	•
Uses temperature	•	•
Uses relative humidity	•	•
Uses wind	•	٠
Uses cloud cover	•	٠
Uses sun angle	•	٠

Wet Bulb Globe Temperature Forecast

Heat Index Chart

08 110
30 136
37
Contract of the second s
NOAA

Likelihood of Heat Disorders with Prolonged Exposure or Strenuous Activity

Caution

Extreme Caution

Danger

Extreme Danger

Wet Bulb Globe Temperature and Heat Index Information

NWS Springfield Heat Products		
Excessive Heat Watch	Issued for a heat index ≥ 110 degrees or a heat index ≥ 105 degrees for 4 days within 24 to 48 hours.	
Excessive Heat Warning	Heat index around 110° or higher. Heat index ≥ 105° for 4 or more consecutive days.	
Heat Advisory	Heat index around 105° or higher. Heat index 100-104° for 4 or more consecutive days.	

Heat Safety

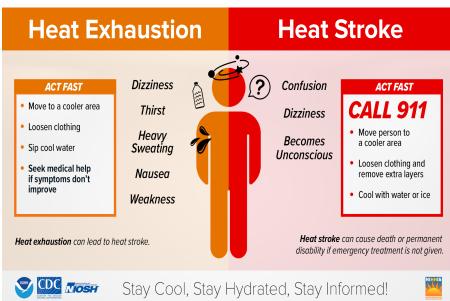
Heat Exhaustion vs. Heat Stroke

Extreme heat is responsible for the highest number of annual deaths among all weatherrelated hazards.

Tips to keep in mind during high heat:

- Find air conditioning.
- Avoid strenuous activities.
- Wear light clothing.
- Check on family members and neighbors.
- Drink plenty of fluids.
- Watch for heat cramps, heat exhaustion and heat stroke.
- Never leave people or pets in a closed car.

Heat Illness Safety Information

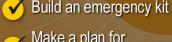


Staying Safe in the Heat

Extreme Heat Planning Timeline

Pre-Season

Start planning before hot weather arrives.



Make a plan for power outages



Become trained in first aid for heat-related emergencies

Check that your A/C and fans are in working order

A Few Days Out

If the forecast calls for extreme heat, be ready.



Gather food, water, and medication

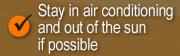
 Make a list of friends and family to check on & help them prepare

Know your local cooling shelters or other cool locations

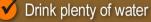
Reschedule outdoor events

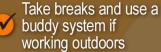
During and After

Remain vigilant and stay informed.



Check on friends, family, neighbors, and pets





weather.gov

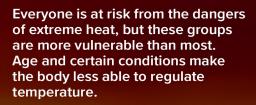
Heat Impacts

Vulnerable Populations

Heat Impacts: Vulnerable Populations









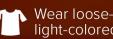
NEVER leave anyone alone in a closed car

Use air conditioners sssss and stay in the shade





Drink plenty of water, even if not thirsty



Wear loose-fitting, light-colored clothing

Protecting Yourself From Heat

PROTECT YOURSELF FROM HEAT & SUN



Drink plenty of water and avoid alcohol. Beverages with electrolytes can also help protect against heat stress.

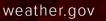


Apply sunscreen (SPF 30 or higher) every two hours.



Wear lightweight, loose-fitting, and light-colored clothing.







Take regular breaks in the shade.



Understanding Droughts

Drought Impacts

Drought Impacts



Agriculture

Farms, ranches, and grazing lands suffer, and increases the cost of their products



Harms fish, wildlife, and plants, as well as

the benefits these ecosystems provide



Manufacturing

Interruptions in the water supply can result in a reduction of productivity or closure of facilities



Public Health

A decrease of water can lead to an increase of illness, disease, mortality rates, and adverse mental health



Wildfire Management Dry, hot, and windy weather combined with dried out vegetation can lead to more large-scale wildfires



Energy

Production of all types of energy requires water, and drought can severely impact energy systems and prices

Drought Intensity

Drought Intensity Classification				
	D0	Abnormally Dry	Going into drought, short-term dryness slowing planting, growth of crops and pastures; fire risk above average. Coming out of drought, some lingering water deficits, pastures or crops not fully recovered.	
	D1	Moderate Drought	Some damage to crops, pastures, fire risk high; streams, reservoirs or wells low, some water shortage developing or imminent, voluntary water use restrictions requested.	
	D2	Severe Drought	Crop or pasture loss likely, fire risk very high, water shortages common, water restrictions imposed.	
	D3	Extreme Drought	Major crop/pasture losses, extreme fire danger, widespread water shortages or restrictions.	
	D4	Exceptional Drought	Exceptional and widespread crop and pasture losses, exceptional fire risk, shortages of water in reservoirs, streams and wells causing water emergencies.	

For more information check out the National Drought Mitigation Center and National Integrated Drought Information System.

Outdoors and Weather Safety

Weather-Ready Outdoors

Weather-Ready for Boating?



Weather-Ready for Nature?

pprox Flash Flooding

Heavy rainfall can cause flooding in a flash. Use caution when hiking in canyons or camping near streams and rivers.

Excessive Heat

Bring extra water and remain hydrated. Use sunscreen and wear light, loose-fitting clothing. Take breaks in the shade.



If you hear thunder or see lightning, go immediately to an enclosed building or hard-topped vehicle (if possible). Avoid isolated tall trees or ridge tops.



Know Before You Go!

A clear sky doesn't mean that you're out of the woods.

Check weather.gov to know if extreme heat, storms, or other hazards could be on the horizon.

NOAA

Reporting Weather Information

Ways to Send Reports

Send Report to NWS



iNWS Storm Reports





Join CoCoRaHS Volunteer Program



What is CoCoRaHS?

The Community Collaborative Rain, Hail and Snow Network, is a non-profit, community based, network of volunteers who measure and report rain, hail and snow in their backyards. Additional <u>About CoCoRaHS info.</u>

Who uses CoCoRaHS?

CoCoRaHS is used by a wide variety of organizations and individuals. The National Weather Service, other meteorologists, hydrologists, emergency managers, city utilities (water supply, water conservation, storm water), insurance adjusters, USDA, engineers, mosquito control, ranchers and farmers, outdoor & recreation interests, teachers, students, and neighbors in the community are just some examples of those who visit our Web site and use our data.

Volunteers of All Ages Welcome!

Everyone can participate, both young, old, and in-between. The only requirements are an enthusiasm for watching and reporting weather conditions and a desire to learn more about how weather can affect and impact our lives. <u>Check out the volunteers wanted flyer.</u>

Join CoCoRaHS Volunteer Program

Building a Weather-Ready Nation

Becoming a Weather-Ready Nation Ambassador

What do Weather-Ready Nation Ambassadors Do?

Promote Preparedness and Resiliency:

✓ Follow our social media and share our hazardous weather and safety posts.

Collaborate with the NWS:

✓ Let us know how we can help you and your community become more weather ready.

Serve as an example:

✓ Educate employees on workplace preparedness and encouraging personal preparedness at home.







Click here to Learn More about Becoming an Ambassador

Scan the QR code to Apply today!

Following the NWS and Summer Safety Campaign



Office: (417) 863-8028 contact.sgf@noaa.gov <u>weather.gov/springfield</u> @NWSSpringfield @NWSSpringfield

Youtube.com/NWSSpringfield

Follow NWS Springfield



<u>Heat</u> Lightning Flood

Summer Weather Safety Resources

<u>Drought</u> <u>Thunderstorm</u> <u>Tornado</u>

Other Resources

 National Integrated Heat Health Information System (NIHHIS)

 Missouri SEMA Heat Safety

 Kansas Department of Health and Environment

 CDC Tips for Preventing Heat Related Illness

 NIOSH Heat Stress Safety

 Missouri Cooling Centers

