

# Drought Information Statement for Northeast IA, Southeast MN, & Western, WI Valid January 18, 2024

Issued By: WFO La Crosse, WI Contact Information: w-arx.webmaster@noaa.gov

- This product will be updated February 14, 2024 or sooner if drought conditions change significantly.
- Please see all currently available products at <a href="https://drought.gov/drought-information-statements">https://drought.gov/drought-information-statements</a>.
- Please visit https://www.weather.gov/ARX/DroughtInformationStatement for previous statements.





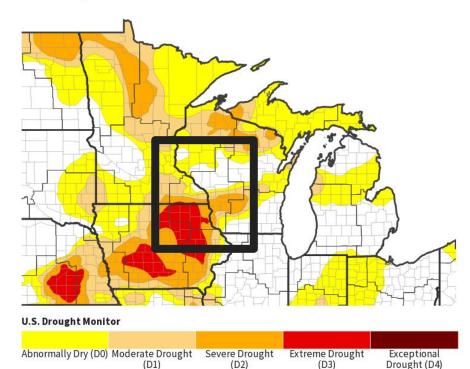


# U.S. Drought Monitor

Link to the <u>latest U.S. Drought Monitor</u> for Northeast IA, southeast MN, & Western IA

- Drought intensity and extent:
  - Northeast Iowa: Severe (D2) to extreme (D3) drought.
  - Southeast Minnesota: Abnormally dry (D0) to extreme (D3) drought.
  - Western Wisconsin: Abnormally dry (D0) to severe (D2) drought. The worst of the drought is mainly along and south of Interstate 90.

#### U.S. Drought Monitor



Source(s): NDMC, NOAA, USDA: image courtesy of Drought.gov

Data Valid: 01/16/24

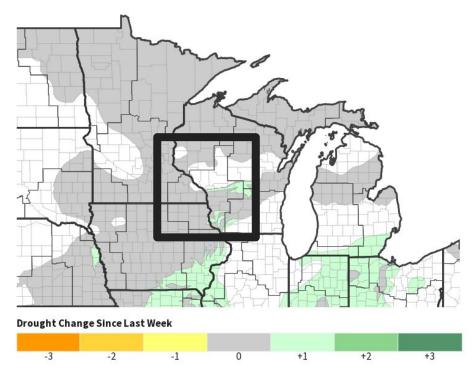


## Recent Change in Drought Intensity

Link to the latest 4-week change map for Northeast IA, southeast MN, & Western IA

- 1-Week Drought Monitor Class Change.
  - During the past week, there has been 1-category improvement in the drought in southwest and central Wisconsin.

#### U.S. Drought Monitor 1-Week Change Map



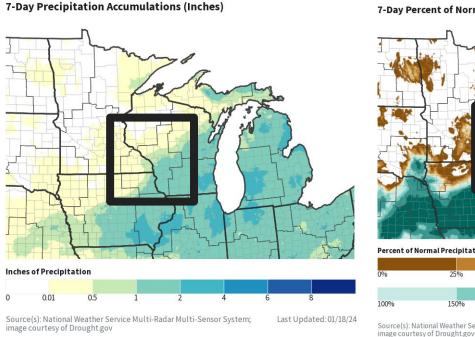
Source(s): NDMC, NOAA, USDA; image courtesy of Drought.gov

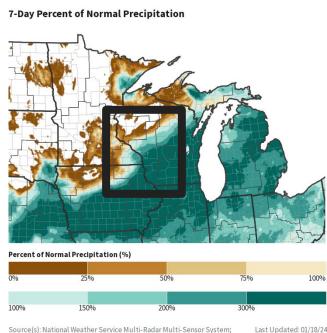
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- From December 21
   through January 16,
   precipitation totals
   ranged from 1.06"
   near Owen, IA to
   3.23" near Oelwein,
   IA.
- During this period, typically 0.8 to 1.2" of precipitation falls.

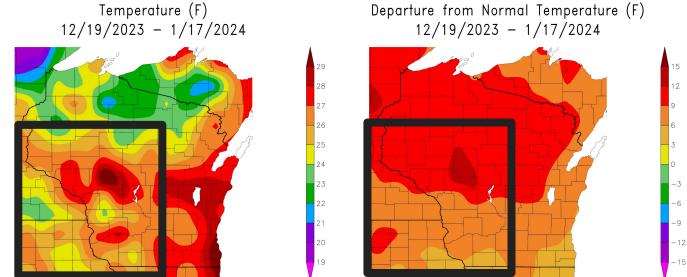




• With over 2" water equivalent in the snowpack; and GRACE, CPC Leaky Bucket, and Crop-CASMA suggesting some improvement in groundwater moisture, there was a 1-category improvement in parts of central and southwest Wisconsin.



 During the past month (December 19 through January 17), temperatures ranged from 3°F to 15°F warmer than normal.



### Image Captions:

- Left Average Temperature for northeast IA, southeast MN, & Western WI
- Right <u>Departure from Normal Temperature for northeast IA, southeast MN, & Western WI</u>
- Data Courtesy High Plains Regional Climate Center.
- Data over the past 30 days ending January 17, 2024



Links: See/submit Condition Monitoring Observer Reports (CMOR) and view the Drought Impacts Reporter

## Fire Hazard Impacts

- As of the morning of January 16, fire danger was moderate (fires start easily and spread at a moderate rate) across northeast lowa.
- Meanwhile, there was low (fires start easily and spread at a low rate) fire danger in southeast Minnesota, and western Wisconsin.

## **Mitigation Actions**

 No known actions are currently taking place at this time in northeast lowa, southeast Minnesota, and western Wisconsin



## Hydrologic Conditions and Impacts

- From December 21 through January 16, precipitation totals ranged from 1.06" near Owen, IA to 3.23" near Oelwein, IA.
- During this period, typically 0.8 to 1.2" of precipitation falls.
- As of the morning of January 16, many rivers and streams in northeast lowa, southeast Minnesota, and western Wisconsin were iced over.

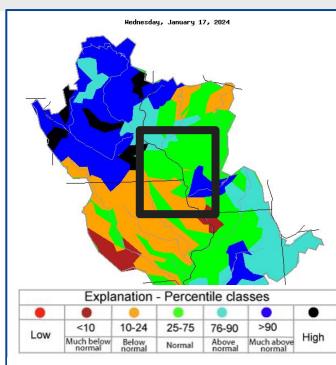


Image Caption: <u>USGS 7 day average streamflow</u> HUC map valid January 17, 2024.

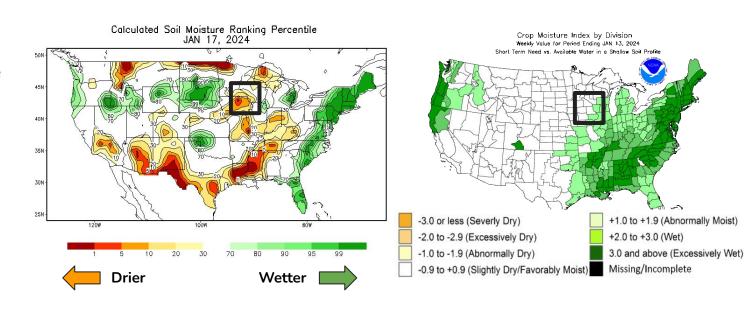
**■USGS** 





## Agricultural Impacts

 Soil moisture remains below normal along and south of Interstate 90.



#### For more details:

- lowa
- Minnesota
- <u>Wisconsin</u>





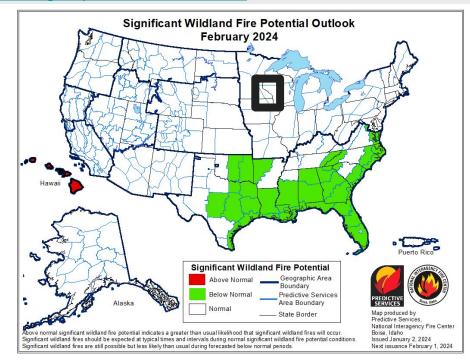
Link to Wildfire Potential Outlooks from the National Interagency Coordination Center.

As of the morning of January 16, 2024.

- Fire danger was moderate (fires start easily and spread at a moderate rate) across northeast lowa.
- Meanwhile, there was low (fires start easily and spread at a low rate) fire danger in southeast Minnesota and western Wisconsin.

For updated DNR Fire Conditions consult the following Web Sites:

- <u>lowa</u>
- Minnesota
- Wisconsin

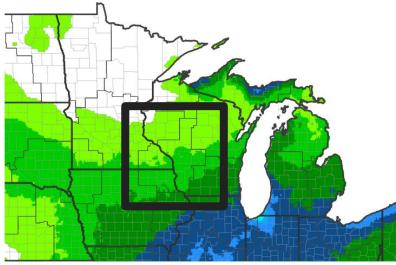


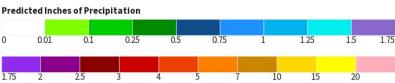


## Seven Day Precipitation Forecast

- From January 18 through January 25, the Weather Prediction Center (WPC) is forecasting less than a tenth of an inch north of Interstate 90 and from a tenth to a half-inch elsewhere.
- The highest totals are forecast to be in southern Grant County in southwest Wisconsin.
- Normal precipitation is around 3-tenths of an inch for this time period.

#### 7-Day Quantitative Precipitation Forecast





Source(s): National Weather Service Weather Prediction Center; image courtesy of Drought.gov

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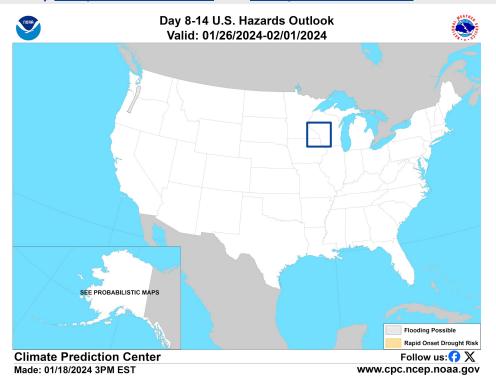




## Rapid Onset Drought Outlook

Links to the latest Climate Prediction Center 8 to 14 day Temperature Outlook and Precipitation Outlook.

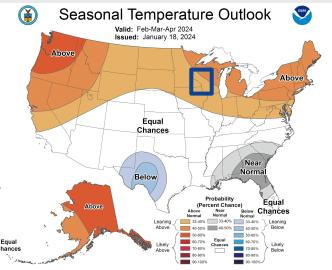
 With enhanced chances of above-normal temperature and below-normal precipitation from January 26 through February 1, rapid onset drought (at least a 2-category degradation) is not expected.

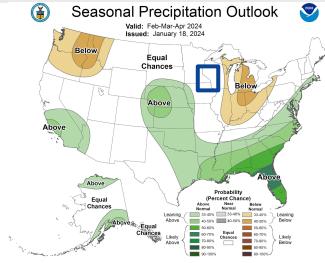


# Long-Range Outlooks

The latest monthly and seasonal outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage

- From February through April, there is enhanced chances for warmer-than-normal temperatures.
- Meanwhile, there are equal chances of wetter-, near-, and drier-thannormal.



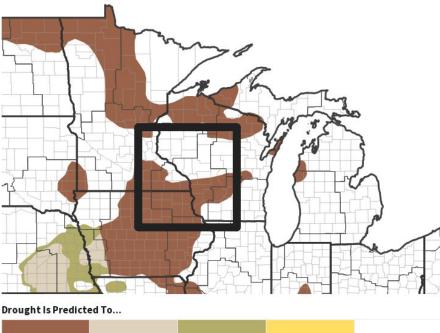


## **Drought Outlook**

The latest monthly and seasonal drought outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage

According to the latest U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook (January 18 through April 30), the drought is expected to persist along and south of Interstate 90.

### Seasonal (3-Month) Drought Outlook







Source(s): Climate Prediction Center; image courtesy of Drought.gov

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