

Final 2023 Spring Flood & Water **Resources Outlook**

Released Thursday, March 9th



Atmospheric Administration



Bottom Line, Up Front: What has changed from the First Two Spring Flood Outlooks?

- Probabilities for flooding continue to increase across most of our region's rivers
 - Greatest chances for flooding this spring remain along the Mississippi mainstem
 - Chances for significant flooding on the Mississippi have increased due to the deep snowpack across Minnesota and Wisconsin and continued cooler than normal temperatures
- The weather pattern across the Upper Midwest is favored to be cooler than normal, which will slow down the spring melt
 - If the snowmelt is too slow, the risk of springtime flooding will increase
 - Holding on to snow further into spring increases the chances of a rapid melt and/or a heavy rainfall event on top of an existing snowpack (larger runoff)
 - If the melt is delayed & significant rainfall is added, the chances for significant flooding increase accordingly
 - The severity of the flooding is dependent on how long the cooler temperatures last, timing and rate of snowmelt, and any additional precipitation





Spring Flood Risk by Basin

River	Flood Risk		
Main Stem Mississippi River	Much Above Normal		
Mississippi Tributaries in Minnesota	Near Normal		
Mississippi Tributaries in Iowa	Near to Below Normal		
Mississippi Tributaries in Wisconsin	Near to Above Normal		



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Spring 2023 Flood Outlook Summary

- Current conditions suggest <u>much above normal</u> risk for the <u>Mississippi mainstem</u>, near to <u>above normal</u> risk for the <u>Mississippi Tributaries in Wisconsin</u>, and near normal risks for the Mississippi Tributaries in Minnesota and Iowa.
 - Near normal river levels & soil moisture
 - Well above normal snowpack in Upper Mississippi River Basin
 - Near normal to below snowpack across southern Minnesota, SW Wisconsin, and NE Iowa
 - Slower than normal melt expected during the month of March
 - Below normal frost depths
 - Drought across parts of the region going into the winter months
- These <u>conditions can and often change</u>. The biggest factor affecting spring flood risks are the weather conditions during and leading up to the sensitive period of melting snow. A slow and steady melt, with little to no additional precipitation will lower the flood risk significantly. Conversely, a fast warm up, coupled with moderate to heavy amounts of rainfall **would significantly increase** the flood risk.



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How Does Each Factor Affect the Spring Flood Risk by Basin

Factors	Mainstem Mississippi	MN Tributaries (SE MN)	IA Tributaries (NE IA)	WI Tributaries (SW WI)	
River Levels	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	
Soil Moisture	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	
Frost Depth	Decreased risk	Decreased risk	Decreased risk	Decreased risk	
<u>Snowpack</u>	Increased Risk	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	
Past Precipitation	Increased Risk	Decreased Risk	ecreased Risk Neutral		
<u>Temperature</u> <u>Outlook</u>	Neutral to Increased Risk	Neutral to Increased Risk	Neutral to Increased Risk	Neutral to Increased Risk	
Precipitation Outlook	Neutral to Increased Risk	Neutral to Increased Risk	Neutral to Increased Risk	Neutral to Increased Risk	



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River Levels along the Upper Mississippi Basin - October 2022 vs February 2023



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Soil Moisture along the Upper Mississippi Basin - October 2022 vs March 8th 2023



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Frost Depths in the Last 2 Weeks - About the Same







Current Snow Water Equivalent (Amount of Water in Snowpack) and Historical Comparison







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Water Year Precipitation Compared to Normal



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Accumulated Precipitation (in): Percent of 1991-2020 Normals



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Drought Comparison - November 1st, 2022 vs March 7th, 2023



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La Crosse, Wisconsin



Precipitation Forecast for the Next 7 Days



*Note this is liquid equivalent precipitation, not snowfall amounts

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The Next Week's Forecast for Abbotsford, WI - Are we going to melt the snowpack?

Weekly Summary	Thu Mar 9	Fri Mar 10	Sat Mar 11	Sun Mar 12	Mon Mar 13	Tue Mar 14	Wed Mar 15
Max Temp, °F	33	31	29	32	29	31	37
Min Temp, °F	25	21	15	24	14	7	16
Min Wind Chill, °F	14	11	2	12	2	-5	3
Max Wind, mph	14	13	16	16	17	10	14
Min Wind, mph	12	7	9	10	9	8	9
Max Wind Gust, mph	28	24	25	24	25	15	21
Max Cloud Cover, %	98	98	89	89	72	44	65
Min Cloud Cover, %	98	63	59	70	20	19	46
Max Prob. of Precip., %	99	95	80	84	21	1	31
Max RH, %	88	96	93	100	91	95	93
Min RH, %	69	75	76	83	65	60	62
Max Dew Point, °F	25	25	24	27	20	18	26
Min Dew Point, °F	22	18	13	22	10	5	14



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Temperature and Precipitation Outlook - 6 to 10 Day







Temperature and Precipitation Outlook - 8 to 14 Day







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Temperature and Precipitation Outlook - 3 to 4 Week





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50% Chance of Exceeding Minor, Moderate, or Major Flood Stage

- Points highlighted in <u>orange</u> have a greater than 50% chance of reaching minor flood stage this spring
- Points highlighted in <u>red</u> have a greater than 50% chance of reaching moderate flood stage this spring
- Points highlighted in <u>purple</u> have a greater than 50% chance of reaching major flood stage this spring







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75% Chance of Exceeding Minor, Moderate, or Major Flood Stage

- Points highlighted in <u>orange</u> have a greater than 75% chance of reaching minor flood stage this spring
- Points highlighted in <u>red</u> have a greater than 75% chance of reaching moderate flood stage this spring
- Points highlighted in <u>purple</u> have a greater than 75% chance of reaching major flood stage this spring







Long-Range River Level Probabilistic Info - Chance of Exceeding Levels This Spring

Long Range Flood Risk - <u>Available on AHPS</u> (Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service)

- Blue line is considered the historical normal chance for flooding (based on historical averages)
- The black line is based on this winter's conditions (current river levels, amount of snow received, etc...)
- When the black line is to the left of the blue line, chances for higher river levels and flooding are higher than the historical average
- Conversely, when the black line is to the right of the blue line, chances for higher river levels and flooding are lower than the historical average



Example from Mississippi River at Wabasha (WABM5)

- Note, black line is to the left of the blue (higher than normal chance)
- >95% (92%) chance of exceeding minor (moderate) flood stage over the next 90 days

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Long-Range River Level Probabilistic Info - Chance of Exceeding Levels by Week This Spring

Long Range Flood Risk - <u>Available on AHPS</u> (Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service)

- The bar graph to the right represents the exceedance probabilities each week through the spring melt season
- The yellow color of the bar graph represents the 10 to 25% exceedance probability
 - Essentially, there is a 10 to 25% chance that the river reaches that particular level during that particular week
- The exceedance probabilities increase as colors become more blue - 25 to 50% (light green), 50 to 75% (teal), 75 to 90% (Light blue), and > 90% (dark blue)



Example from Mississippi River at Wabasha (WABM5)

• Note, higher chances of flooding begin near the end of March, best chance of reaching flood stage is mid-April



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How to Access Probabilistic Information on our Website

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How to Access Spring Outlook Probabilistic Information on our Website





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Why are the chances for flooding on the Mississippi River much higher than elsewhere?

- Many rivers route downstream into the Mississippi River
 - Minnesota
 - Wisconsin
 - St. Croix
 - Chippewa
 - Turkey
 - Black
 - And countless others
- Over 17,500 miles of river, and all those river's water, flows into the Mississippi by the time it reaches La Crosse, WI.
 - \circ $\ \ \, \sim 21,614$ miles by Dubuque, IA

Credit: USGS Streamer







Chances for Significant Flooding on the Mississippi River have Increased - Why?

The weather leading up to and during the snowmelt period is the biggest factor.

Factors that Increase Chances

- A colder than normal March
 - Greater chance that snowpack remains later into March and April
 - Greater chance that a snowpack will be present if/when a warm up and/or heavy rainfall event occurs this spring
- Every major river basin upstream has well above normal snowpack present
- Any additional precipitation between now and the end of snowmelt will affect the flood chances accordingly

Factors that Decrease Chances

- Little to no additional precipitation during the sensitive snowmelt period
- Slow and steady snowmelt
 - Emphasis on steady too slow of a melt will keep a snowpack.
- No rapid warm up and/or heavy rainfall event near the end of March
- Normal precipitation after the snow melts to allow rivers to fall back to normal flows



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Colder than Normal March Expected - Time Window for Higher Flood Chances Shifted







Additional Information and Contact Information

Informational Links:

- <u>Current River Levels and Forecast</u>
- Long-Range Flood Risk by River Point (Spring Flooding Potential)
- Latest Hydrographs by Basin
- <u>3rd Spring Flood Outlook Text Information</u>

Please reach out to jordan.wendt@noaa.gov for any questions, comments, or media inquiries



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