

# **Drought Information Statement** for Deep South Texas

Valid December 20, 2025

Issued By: NWS Brownsville/Rio Grande Valley, TX Contact Information: <u>sr-bro.webmaster@noaa.gov</u>

- This product will be updated around January 6, 2026, or sooner if drought conditions change significantly
- Please see all currently available products at https://drought.gov/drought-information-statements
- Please visit <a href="https://www.weather.gov/bro/DroughtInformationStatement">https://www.weather.gov/bro/DroughtInformationStatement</a> for previous statements
- Please visit <a href="https://www.drought.gov/drought-status-updates">https://www.drought.gov/drought-status-updates</a> for regional drought status updates
- **Extreme Drought Conditions Continue Across Portions of Jim Hogg, Brooks, and Kenedy Counties**
- **Moderate to Severe Drought Conditions Continue Across Most of Deep South Texas**



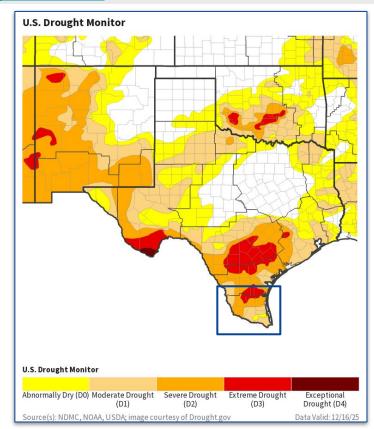




Latest U.S. Drought Monitor | Latest Drought Monitor for Deep South Texas

## **Drought Intensity and Extent**

- Extreme Drought (D3) conditions are being observed across over 8% of Deep South Texas, including northeastern Jim Hogg, northern Brooks, and northwestern Kenedy counties.
- Severe Drought (D2) conditions are being observed across nearly 45% of Deep South Texas, including most of Jim Hogg, Starr, Brooks, southern to eastern Zapata, northern Kenedy, and extreme northern Hidalgo counties.
- Moderate Drought (D1) conditions are being observed across over 40% of Deep South Texas, including the remainder of Starr and Kenedy counties, as well as most of Zapata, Hidalgo, Willacy, and Cameron counties.
- Abnormally Dry (D0) conditions are being observed across the remaining 6% of Deep South Texas, including the remainder of Hidalgo, Willacy, and Cameron counties in the Rio Grande Valley.



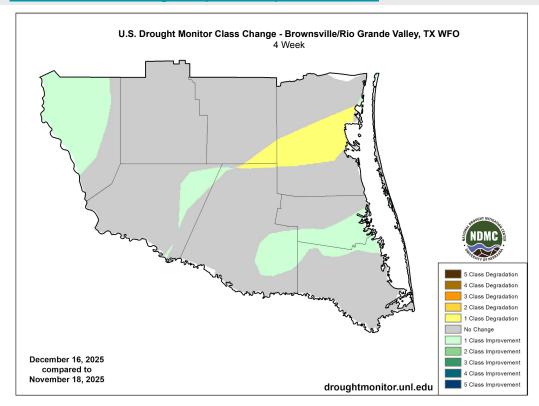


# Recent Change in Drought Intensity

Latest U.S. Drought Monitor Class Change | Latest 4 Week Change Map for Deep South Texas

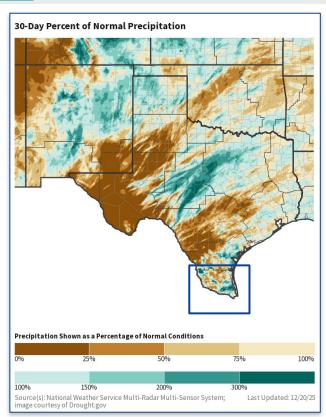
### Four Week Drought Monitor Class Change

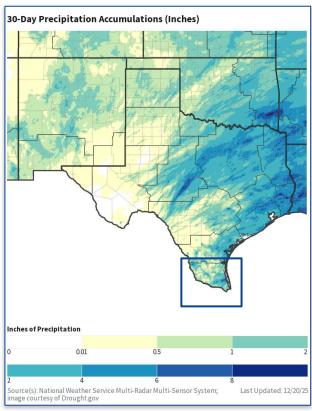
- In the past 4 weeks, there has been a 1 class improvement to drought conditions across most of Zapata, northeastern Starr, eastern Hidalgo, southern Willacy, and northern Cameron counties.
- In the past 4 weeks, there has been no change to drought conditions across most of Deep South Texas.
- In the past 4 weeks, there has been a 1 class degradation across southeastern Brooks, northern Hidalgo, and central Kenedy counties.





- Over the past 30 days, most of Jim Hogg, Brooks, Starr, western Kenedy, southern Zapata, western Hidalgo, and southeastern Cameron counties have received between 50-100% of normal rainfall, with northern Zapata, eastern Kenedy, northeastern Starr, most of Hidalgo, most of Cameron, and Willacy counties receiving between 100-400% of normal rainfall.
- Over the past 90 days, most of Deep South Texas has received between 25-90% of normal rainfall, with portions of northern Zapata and southeastern Willacy receiving between 90-150% of normal rainfall.

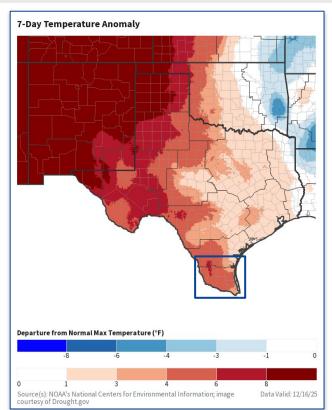


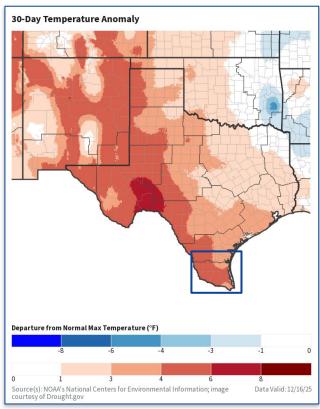




Daily Climate Summary: BRO | HRL | MFE

- Average Maximum Temperatures over the past 30 days across Deep South Texas have ranged near to above normal between 70-80 degrees.
- Average Minimum Temperatures over the past 30 days across
   Deep South Texas have ranged generally near to above normal between 50-60 degrees.
- Overall, both maximum and minimum temperatures are expected to be well-above normal through Saturday, December 27th





View or Submit: Condition Monitoring Observer Reports (CMOR) | Drought Impacts Reporter

### **Hydrologic Impacts**

- Streamflows remain below normal into late December.
- Texas water share values have persisted near 35% at Amistad and have risen above 16% at Falcon Lake.

### **Agricultural Impacts**

- Please see the latest <u>Crop and Weather Report</u> from Texas A&M AgriLife.
- Soil and crop moistures are below to well below normal across all of Deep South Texas and the Rio Grande Valley, especially across the brush country.

### **Fire Hazard Impacts**

- Normal wildland fire activity is expected through January 2026, with above normal wildland fire activity expected February and March 2026 for all of Deep South Texas.
- Burn bans remain in effect for all of Deep South Texas except Kenedy County.

### **Mitigation Actions**

- Please refer to your municipality and/or water provider for mitigation information.
- TCEQ Known Municipality Restrictions.





# **Hydrologic Conditions and Impacts**

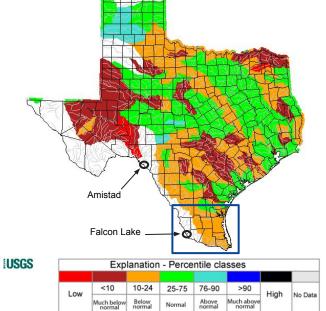
#### Current Amistad Reservoir Data | Current Falcon Lake Reservoir Data

- Streamflows over the past 7 days have remained below normal due to a lack of persistent rainfall.
- Most of the streamflow across Deep South Texas is between the 10th and 24th percentile for this time of year (orange shading on the map).
- Texas water share values have persisted near 35% at Amistad have risen to 16% at Falcon Lake, still near historic lows.

Reservoir	Pool Elevation* (ft)	Current Elevation* (ft)	Percent Full*
Amistad	1117.00	1055.20	34.6%
Falcon Lake	301.20	254.13	16.2%

Percent Full*	1 Month Ago	3 Months Ago	1 Year Ago
Amistad	34.7%	35.7%	26.5%
Falcon Lake	15.1%	15.7%	13.3%

<sup>\* =</sup> Current Texas Water Share



Friday, December 19, 2025

Captions:

Left: TWDB Reservoir conditions as of December 20, 2025

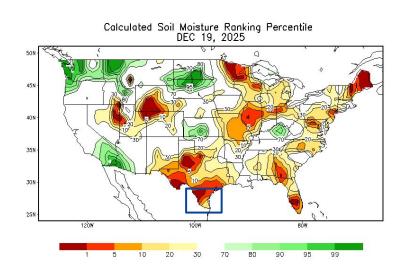
Right: <u>USGS 7 Day Streamflows for Texas</u> valid December 19, 2025

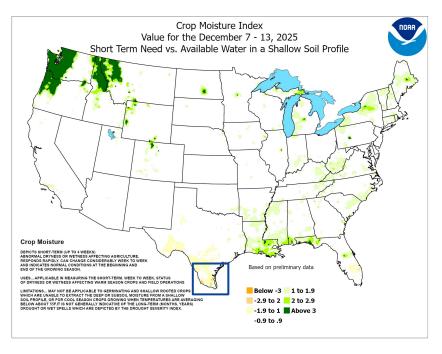




#### Latest Crop and Weather Report from Texas A&M AgriLife | Climate Prediction Center (CPC) Drought Page

- Soil moistures remain below to well below normal across all of Deep South Texas and the Rio Grande Valley, especially the brush country.
- Crop moisture indices are below to well-below normal across
  Deep South Texas and the Rio Grande Valley.



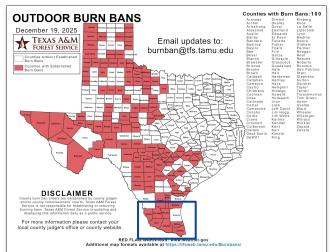


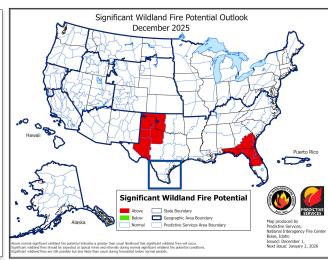




#### National Interagency Coordination Center (NICC) Wildfire Potential Outlooks

- Keetch-Byram Drought Index values generally range from 400-600 across Deep South Texas, with 200-400 in northern Zapata, northeastern Starr, northwestern and eastern Hidalgo, coastal and southern Kenedy, southeastern Willacy, and northern Cameron counties.
- Normal wildland fire potential is expected through Jan 2026, with above normal wildland fire potential Feb-Mar 2026 for Deep South Texas.
- <u>Burn bans</u> are in effect for all of Deep South Texas except Kenedy County.



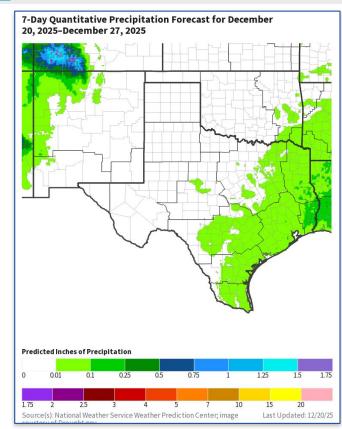




# Seven Day Precipitation Forecast

### CPC 6-10 Day Precipitation Outlook | WPC Precipitation Forecasts

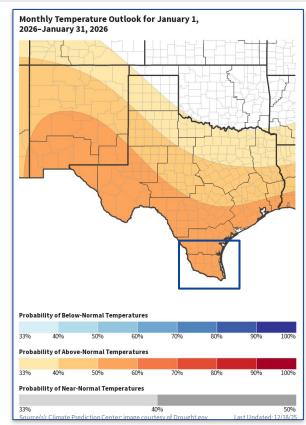
- The chance of rain generally remains very low (less than 10%) on Sunday, December 21st and from Tuesday, December 23rd through Saturday, December 27th.
- There is a low (10-20%) chance of rain on Monday, December 22nd, mainly along the lower Texas coast with an increase in moisture and weak low pressure across the western Gulf.
- Any precipitation is expected to be light at generally a trace to one-tenth of an inch total through Saturday, December 27th.
- Overall, rain chances through Tuesday, December 30th, 2025 are leaning towards above normal at 40-50% for all of Deep South Texas.

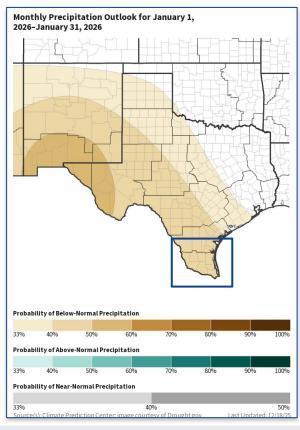




### <u>CPC Seasonal Temperature Outlook</u> | <u>CPC Seasonal Precipitation Outlook</u>

- There is a 50-60% probability of above normal temperatures across Deep South Texas through the month of January.
- There is a 33-40% probability of below normal rainfall across
   Deep South Texas through the month of January.
- Through March 2026, chances are leaning towards above normal temperatures and leaning towards below normal rainfall across Deep South Texas.





Climate Prediction Center | Monthly Drought Outlook | Seasonal Drought Outlook

- **Drought is expected to persist** across most of Deep South Texas through March, 2026
- **Drought is expected to develop** across portions of eastern Hidalgo, southern Willacy, and northern Cameron counties through March, 2026.

