

Drought Information Statement for Southern NM/Far West TX

Valid August 6, 2025

Issued By: NWS El Paso (Santa Teresa, NM)

Contact Information: nws.elpaso@noaa.gov

- This product will be updated September 7, 2025 or sooner if drought conditions change significantly.
- Please see all currently available products at https://drought.gov/drought-information-statements.
- Please visit https://www.weather.gov/EPZ/DroughtInformationStatement for previous statements.
- Please visit https://www.drought.gov/drought-status-updates/?dews-region=132 for regional drought status updates.
 - Extreme (D3) to Exceptional (D4) drought status affecting Southwest New Mexico and Far West Texas.
 - Slight improvement in drought status in July after near to above normal precipitation.
 - Drought conditions expected to persist into the autumn season, below normal precipitation and above normal temperatures in August.









Link to the latest U.S. Drought Monitor for southern New Mexico and far west Texas

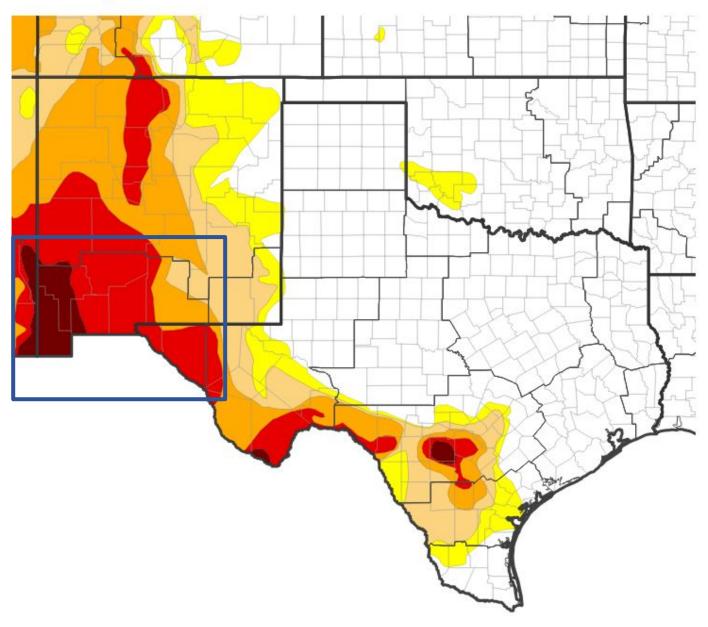
Drought Intensity and Extent

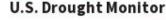
D4 (Exceptional Drought) Southwest New Mexico including Grant and Hidalgo Counties. Gila National Forest.

D3 (Extreme Drought) Far West Texas including El Paso and Hudspeth Counties Most of South-Central New Mexico including Dona Ana, Luna and Sierra Counties.

- D2 (Severe Drought) Portions of South-Central New Mexico including Otero County
- **D1 (Moderate Drought)** Lincoln National Forest. Eastern New Mexico (78% of New Mexico, 20% of Texas)
- **D0 (Abnormally Dry)** Northeast New Mexico (93% of New Mexico, 27% of Texas)

U.S. Drought Monitor







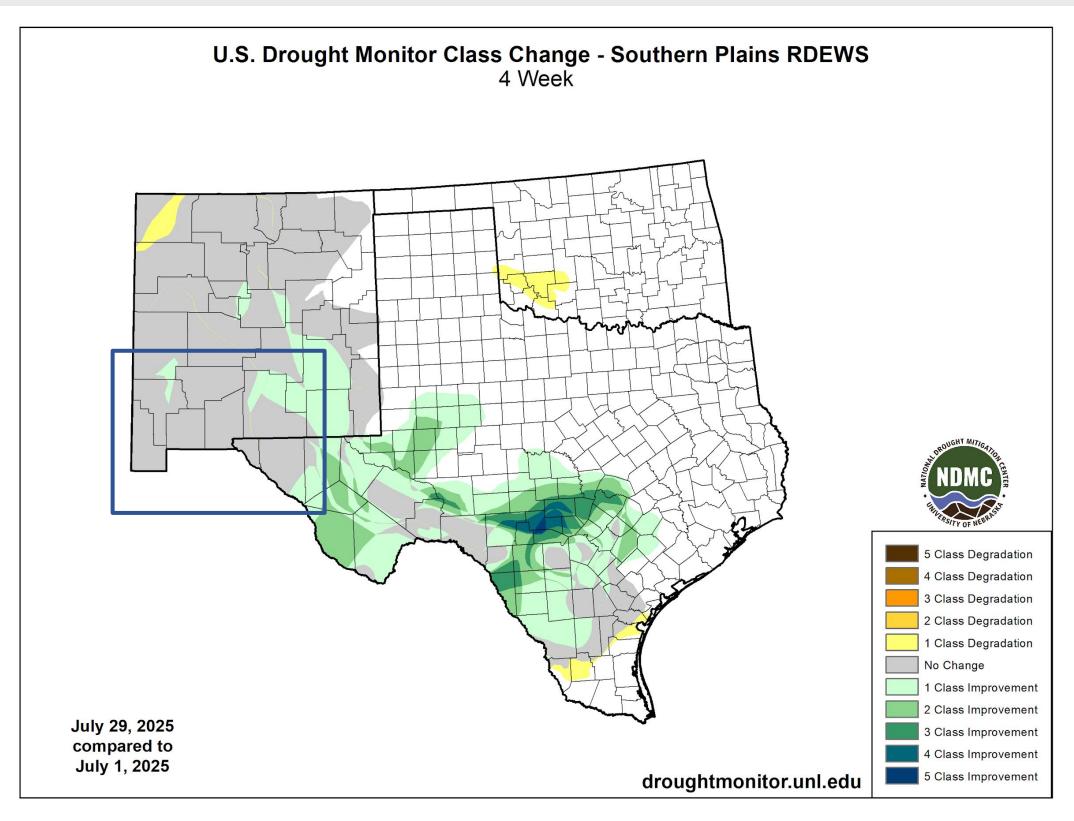


Recent Change in Drought Intensity

Link to the latest 1-month change map for southern New Mexico and far west Texas

4-Week Drought Monitor Class Change.

- Drought Worsened:None
- Drought Improved:
 Portions of Southeast New Mexico including Lincoln National Forest
- No Change:
 Middle and Lower Rio Grande Valley,
 Southwest New Mexico



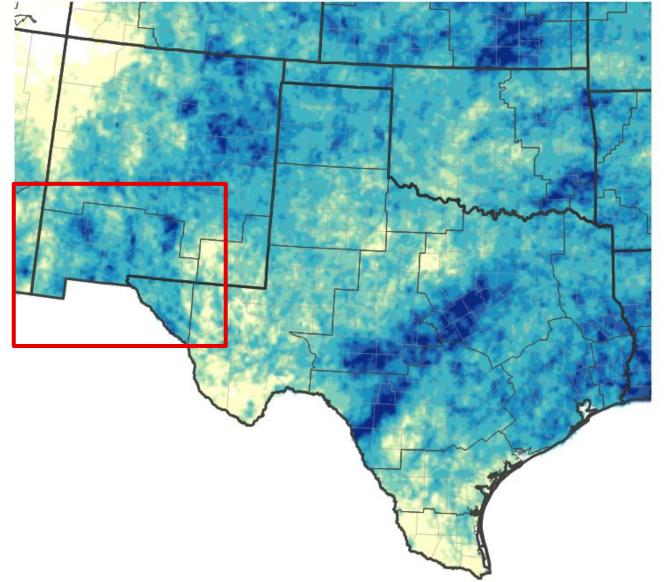


30-day precip totals, 2.00-3.00" along I-10 corridor. 3.00-4.00" over mountain forests.

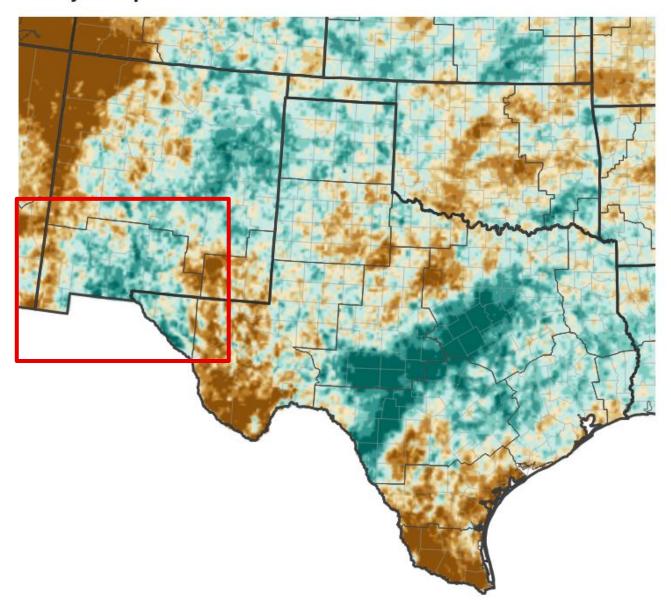
90-day precip totals, 3.00-4.50" along I-10 corridor. 4.00-6.00" over mountain forests.

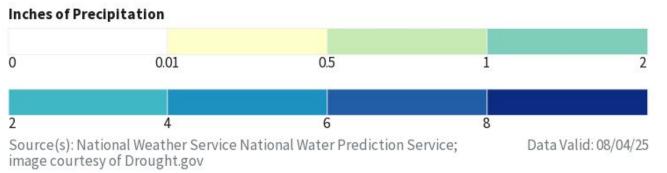
Near to above normal rainfall along Rio Grande, south-central NM in July. Precipitation totals rapidly drop off along AZ/NM state line.

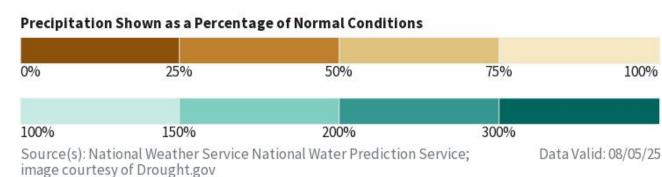
NWPS 30-Day Precipitation Accumulations (inches)



30-Day Precipitation: Percent of PRISM Normal

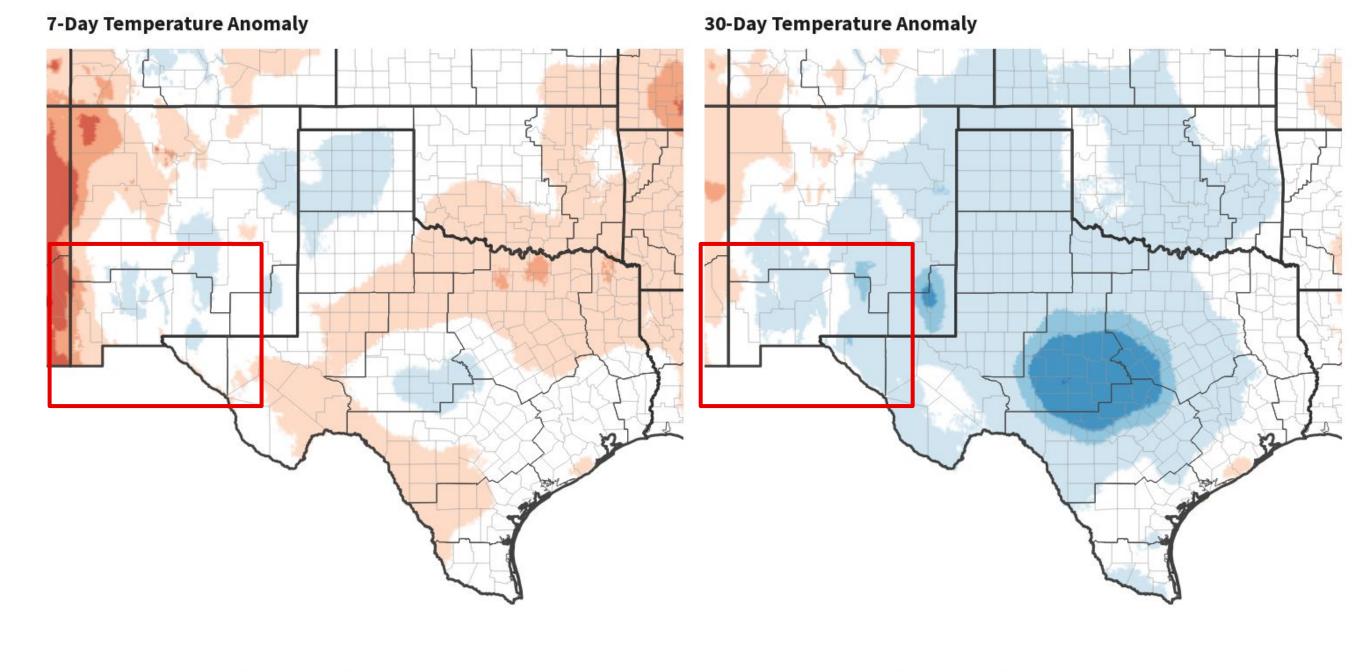


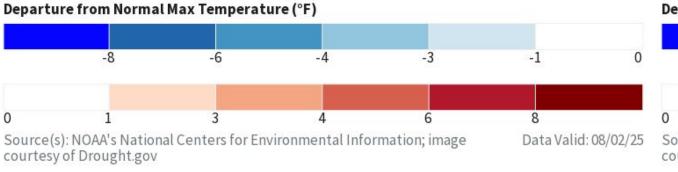


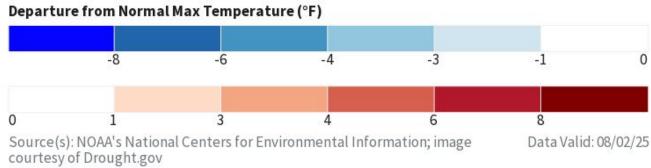




- Near normal to slightly below normal July for New Mexico and Far West Texas
- 30-day high temperature anomalies near normal
- July mean average temperatures 0.8°F above normal at El Paso International (KELP)











Links: See/submit Condition Monitoring Observer Reports (CMOR) and view the Drought Impacts Reporter

Hydrologic Impacts

• Streamflow in Gila basins remain below normal despite summer rains. Rio Grande and Mimbres Rivers are running closer to normal. Burn scar flooding caused rapid spikes in streamflow for the Mimbres (July 18 and 22) and Rio Ruidoso (July 8, 24, 30). River levels will be highly dependent on thunderstorms through September with additional sudden rises. Rio Grande water released south of the Caballo Dam, reaching El Paso on June 3rd. Elephant Butte storage sits at 3.8% capacity, much lower than last month due to downstream release and well below 30-year median. (Texas Water Development Board).

Agricultural Impacts

• Soil moisture increased this month, closer to normal due to recent rains. More typical monsoon rainfall has improved drought status somewhat. Outlook points to near normal precipitation rest of this summer. 2025 Rio Grande irrigation season has ended with a surface water allotment of six inches (6") per acre. Please refer to the Elephant Butte Irrigation District (EBID) website or your local municipality for more information.

Fire Hazard Impacts

• ERC's are above normal for August due to recent dryness. Peak fire season has ended, but additional lightning starts will be possible this month. Low risk of large fire growth in August due to additional rains and light prevailing winds.



Hydrologic Conditions and Impacts

Gila River running below normal, despite summer rains. Gila River spikes occurred on July 23, 29, and 31. Mimbres River spikes on July 18 and 22 due to upstream burn scar flooding. High flows and rapid rises out of Rio Ruidoso due to upstream burn scars. Rio Grande at El Paso reporting normal streamflow. Flood risk continues through September with the potential for thunderstorms and heavy rain.

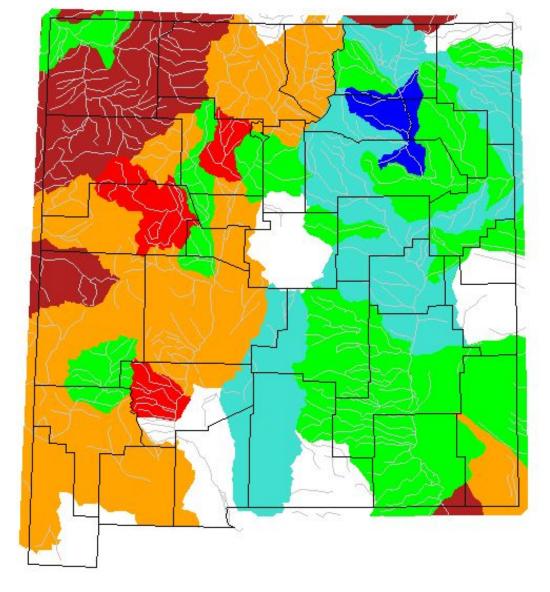
Gila River Stages

	Latest	Flood Stage	Discharge
Gila	0.97 ft	11.00 ft	51 ft ³ /s
Redrock	3.83 ft	20.00 ft	17 ft ³ /s
Virden	4.67 ft	15.00 ft	$1 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$

Rio Grande Stages

	Latest	Flood Stage	Discharge
El Paso	3.97 ft	8.50 ft	531 ft ³ /s

Tuesday, August 05, 2025



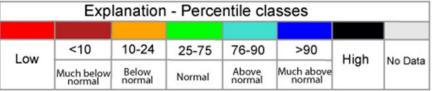
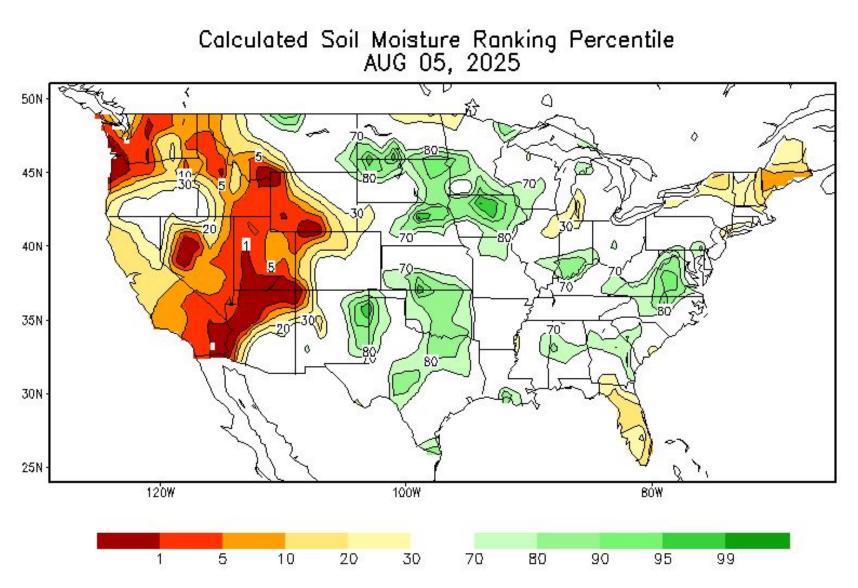


Image Caption: USGS 7 day average streamflow HUC map valid August 5, 2025

USGS



Agricultural Impacts



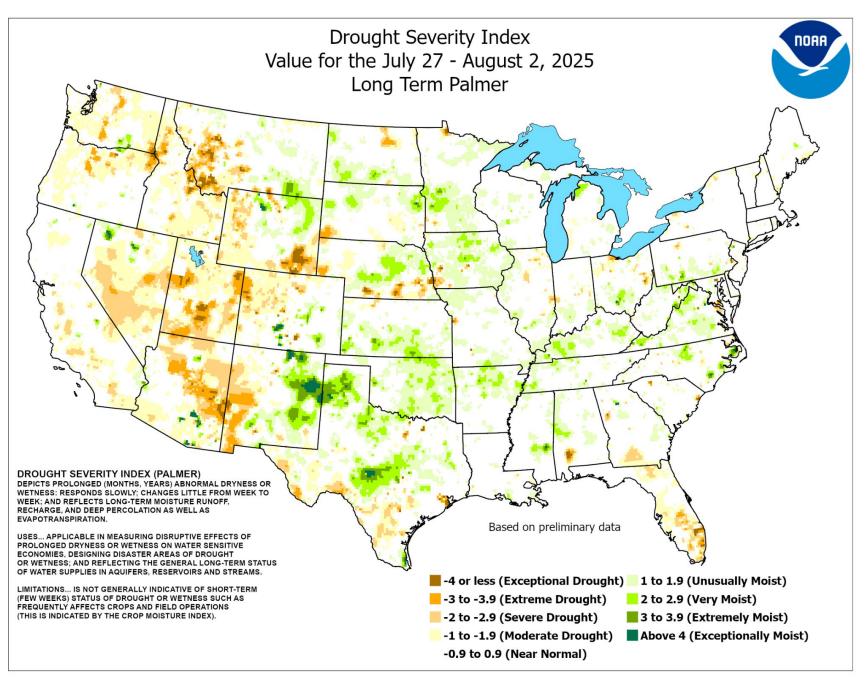


Image Captions:

Left: CPC Calculated Soil Moisture Ranking Percentile valid August 5, 2025

Right: Palmer Drought Severity Index. Weekly value for period ending August 2, 2025



Link to Wildfire Potential Outlooks from the National Interagency Coordination Center.

Latest TX Burn Ban map available <u>here</u>

Latest NM Fire Restrictions available here

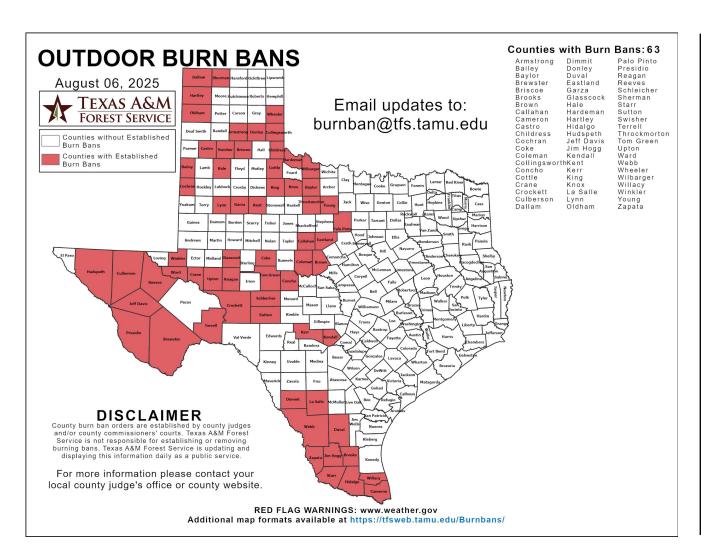




Image Caption: Significant Wildland Fire Potential

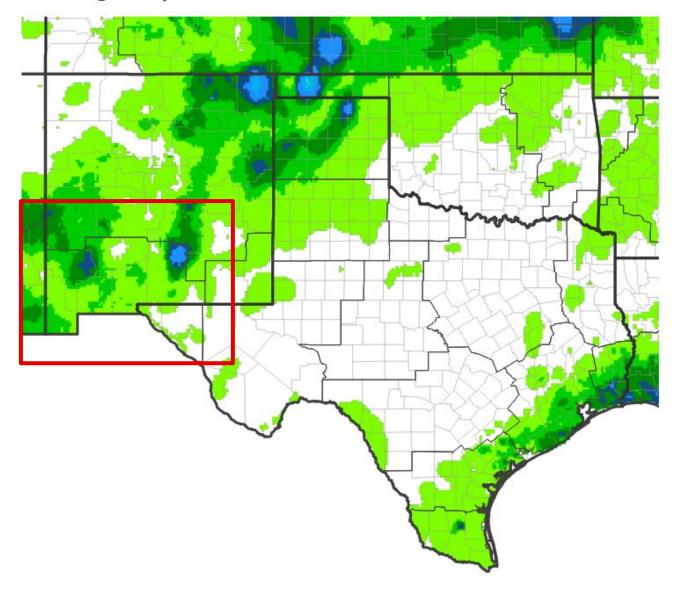
Monthly Outlook for August 2025

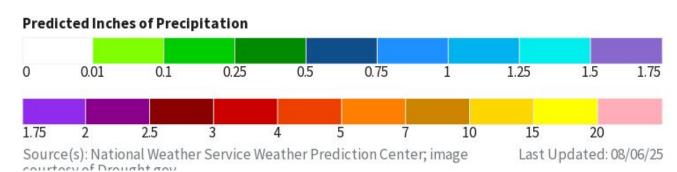




- Scattered showers and thunderstorms
 expected again next week (August 10-16).
 Rain totals will be spotty and highly variable.
 Best rain chances over area mountains and western NM. Climate outlook for August leans toward above normal temperatures and below normal precipitation.
- 2023 and 2024 monsoon seasons finished well below normal. Precipitation expected to be closer to normal this summer. Drought conditions are likely to persist through the summer season.

7-Day Quantitative Precipitation Forecast for August 6, 2025-August 13, 2025







Rapid Onset Drought Outlook

Links to the latest Climate Prediction Center 8 to 14 day Temperature Outlook and Precipitation Outlook.

Released: August 6, 2025 3:00 PM EDT

 Severe to Exceptional Drought is already in place across southern New Mexico and far west Texas. Rapid onset drought is not expected. Drought conditions are expected to persist through the summer season.

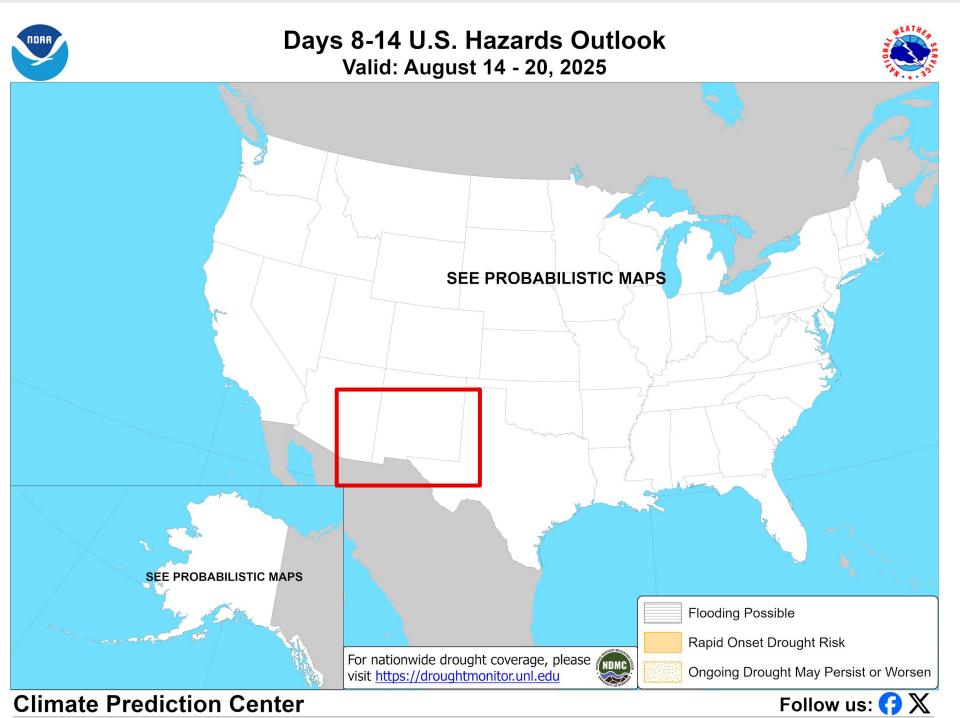


Image Caption:

Days 8 to 14 U.S. Hazards Outlook Valid August 14 to 20



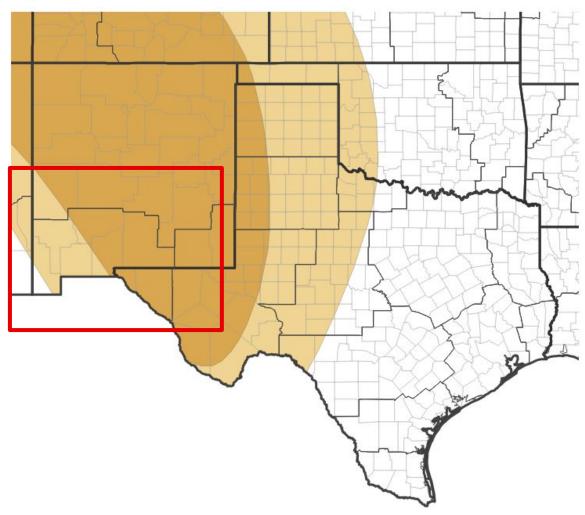
www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov

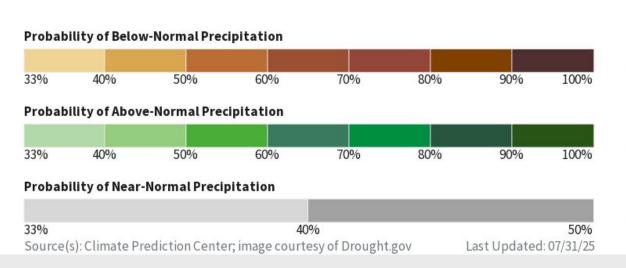
Long-Range Outlooks

The latest monthly and seasonal outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage

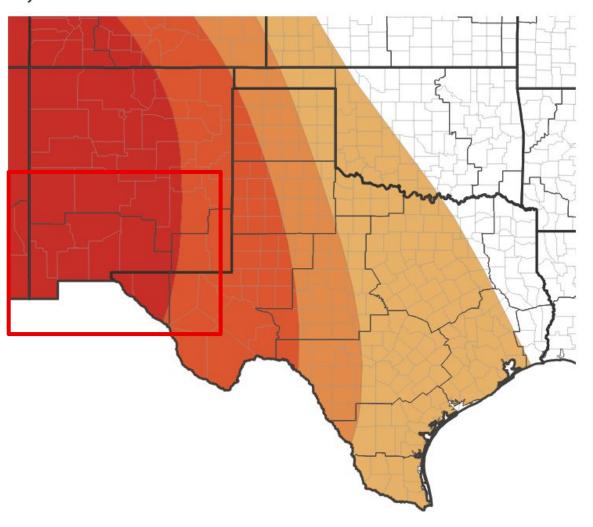
- 40-50% chance of below normal precipitation for most of Southern New Mexico, Far West Texas. Slightly better chances for Southwest New Mexico.
- Monthly average precipitation for El Paso: 1.67"
- 60-70% chance of above normal temperatures for Southwest New Mexico and Far West Texas
- Monthly average high temperature for El Paso: 94.0°



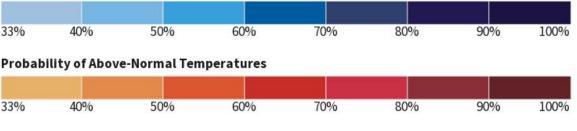




Monthly Temperature Outlook for August 1, 2025-August 31, 2025







Probability of Near-Normal Temperatures





Drought Outlook

The latest monthly and seasonal outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage

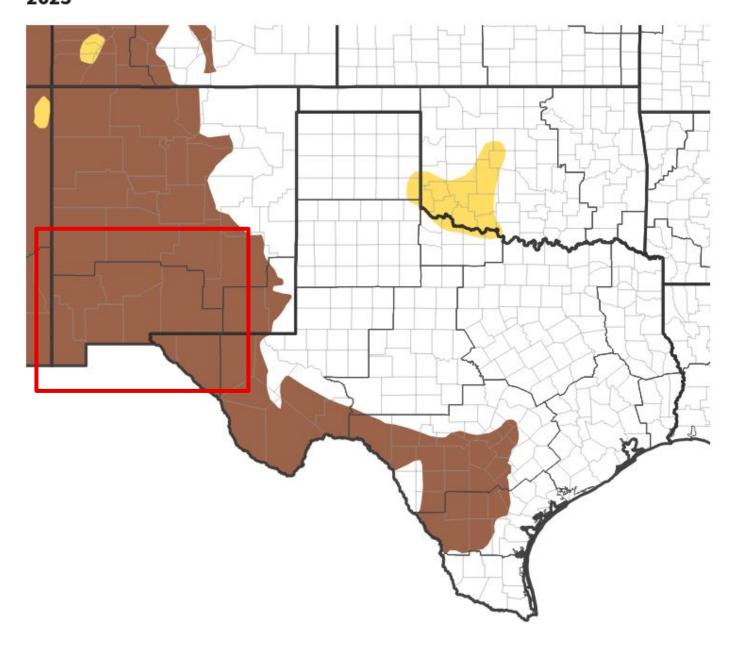
 Drought conditions are expected to persist through August due to below normal precipitation and above normal temperatures. Thunderstorm rainfall may provide temporary drought relief.

Links to the latest:

Climate Prediction Center Monthly Drought Outlook
Climate Prediction Center Seasonal Drought Outlook



1-Month Drought Outlook for August 1, 2025-August 31, 2025





Source(s): Climate Prediction Center; image courtesy of Drought.gov Last Updated: 07/31/25

National Weather Service