

000
FGUS73 KFGF 271428
ESFFGF

MNC005-007-027-029-051-057-069-077-087-089-107-111-113-
119-125-135-159-167-NDC003-005-017-019-027-035-039-063-
067-071-073-077-081-091-095-097-099-281200-

Probabilistic Hydrologic Outlook
National Weather Service Eastern Grand Forks ND
928 AM CDT Thu Oct 27 2022

...RED RIVER BASIN OUTLOOK FOR RIVER FLOOD POTENTIAL...

This outlook covers the Red River of the North
and its Minnesota and North Dakota tributaries.

Probabilistic Hydrologic Outlooks now use 69 years (1949-2018)
of past weather, temperature, and precipitation for the
ensemble predictive hydrographs used in calculating the
probabilities of exceeding a river level for the valid period
of the outlook.

Outlook Schedule - The National Weather Service in Grand Forks,
North Dakota will be providing the Advanced Hydrologic
Prediction Services (AHPS) Long-Range Probabilistic Hydrologic
Outlooks for the Red River of the North and its Minnesota and
North Dakota tributaries according to the following schedule:

- Near the end of the month throughout the year, except for...
- The Spring Flood and Water Resources Outlooks that will be
issued at least twice a month during the spring snowmelt
season beginning in mid-to-late February or early March.

The following message has three river data sections:

- The first (Table 1) gives the current and normal/historical
chances of river locations reaching their minor, moderate,
and major flood categories.
- The second (Table 2) gives the current chances of river
locations rising above the river stages listed.
- The third (Table 3) gives the current chances of river
locations falling below the river stages listed.

In Table 1 below, the current (CS) and historical (HS), or normal,
probabilities of exceeding minor, moderate, and major flood
stages are listed for the valid time period.

- CS values indicate the probability of reaching a flood category
based on current conditions.
- HS values indicate the probability of reaching a flood category
based on historical, or normal, conditions.
- When the value of CS is greater than HS, the probability of
exceeding that level is higher than normal. When the value of CS
is less than HS, the probability of exceeding that level is
lower than normal.

Alvarado	97.2	97.2	97.2	97.2	97.2	97.4	97.7
Two Rivers River.....							
Hallock	793.2	793.2	793.2	793.2	793.4	794.3	795.3
Roseau River.....	considering the flow thru the Roseau diversion						
Roseau	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.7	6.3
North Dakota Tribs:	95%	90%	75%	50%	25%	10%	05%
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Wild Rice River.....							
Abercrombie	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6
Sheyenne River.....							
Valley City	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	5.0
Lisbon	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8
Kindred	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6
West Fargo Dvsn	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7
Harwood	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
Maple River.....							
Enderlin	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Mapleton	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3
Goose River.....							
Hillsboro	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Forest River.....							
Minto	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6
Pembina River.....							
Walhalla	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.6
Neché	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.5

In Table 3 below, the 95 through 5 percent columns indicate the probability of falling below the listed stage levels (ft) for the valid time period at the locations listed.

Interpretation Aid: The flood stage for Wahpeton on the Red River of the North is 11 feet. There is a 50 percent chance that it will fall below 4.2 feet and only a 10 percent chance that it will fall below 4.2 feet.

...Table 3--Non-Exceedance Probabilities...
Valid Period: 10/31/2022 - 01/29/2023

LOCATION	95%	90%	75%	50%	25%	10%	05%
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Red River of the North.....							
Wahpeton	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2
Hickson	10.5	10.4	10.3	10.3	10.3	10.3	10.3
Fargo	14.3	14.3	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2
Halstad	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Grand Forks	16.1	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	15.9	15.9
Oslo	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2
Drayton	12.3	12.2	12.2	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
Pembina	11.9	11.8	11.7	11.7	11.6	11.6	11.6
Minnesota Tribs:	95%	90%	75%	50%	25%	10%	05%
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
South Fork Buffalo River.....							
Sabin	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9
Buffalo River.....							
Hawley	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
Dilworth	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
Wild Rice River.....							

Twin Valley	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Hendrum	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Marsh River.....							
Shelly	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Sand Hill River.....							
Climax	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
Red Lake River.....							
High Landing	4.4	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.7
Crookston	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.9
Snake River.....							
Above Warren	61.2	61.2	61.2	61.2	61.2	61.2	61.2
Alvarado	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5
Two Rivers River.....							
Hallock	792.8	792.7	792.7	792.7	792.7	792.7	792.7
Roseau River..... considering the flow thru the Roseau diversion							
Roseau	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
North Dakota Tribs:	95%	90%	75%	50%	25%	10%	05%
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Wild Rice River.....							
Abercrombie	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Sheyenne River.....							
Valley City	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4
Lisbon	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Kindred	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
West Fargo Dvsn	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7
Harwood	68.4	68.4	68.4	68.4	68.4	68.4	68.4
Maple River.....							
Enderlin	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
Mapleton	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1
Goose River.....							
Hillsboro	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
Forest River.....							
Minto	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Pembina River.....							
Walhalla	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Nече	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4

.THE OUTLOOK PRODUCTION PROCESS...

This long-range probabilistic outlook is based on a series of peak river levels or crests taken from the forecast hydrograph results of the NWS Community Hydrologic Prediction System (CHPS). The model is run for multiple scenarios starting at current river, snow, and soil conditions using nearly 70 years of past precipitation and temperature conditions that were experienced for those past years during the timeframe of the outlook period. These crests can then be ranked from lowest to highest and assigned an exceedance probability. For example, for a series of 50 years, the lowest ranked crest has 49 crests above it. Since 95 percent of the crests are above it, it is assigned a 95 percent probability of exceedance (POE).

A YouTube video on "How to Interpret River Outlook Products" is at:

www.youtube.com/watch?v=pSoEgvsnpv4

The probabilities can be used for risk management by using them as an indication of the range of crests that may be expected during the valid period of the outlook.

By providing a range of peak river level probabilities, the NWS is contributing to the area's Impact-Based Decision Support Services that help with long-range flood planning and response readiness. This outlook is a part of NOAA's National Weather Service's Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Services (AHPS).

This outlook was produced using precipitation and temperatures for the years 1949 through 2018.

.ADDITIONAL INFORMATION SOURCES...

This outlook is also presented as graphs of the probability of stage exceedance for the full period and for weekly intervals during the period. These graphs, together with explanations that help in interpreting them, are available from the NWS Grand Forks AHPS web page at:

www.weather.gov/grandforks or www.weather.gov/fgf

then click on "Rivers and Lakes" above the map.

Current river conditions for all river forecast points in the Red River of the North and Devils/Stump Lake basins are available on our web site. Also, 7-day deterministic forecasts will be issued at least once a day when river forecast locations will be at or above flood during that period.

Refer to the separate Devils Lake Probabilistic Hydrologic Outlook for Devils and Stump Lakes probability of exceedance levels and low-water non-exceedance levels.

If you have any questions, contact the NWS at 701-772-0720.

You can follow us on Facebook at www.facebook.com/NWSGrandForks and on Twitter at @NWSGrandForks.

\$\$

www.weather.gov/fgf

NNNN