Storm Data and Unusual Weather Phenomena - January 2013

Location	Date/Time	Deaths & Injuries	Property & Crop Dmg	Event Type and Details	
CALIFORNIA, South Central					
(CA-Z089) W CENTRAL S.J. VALLEY, (CA	-Z090) E CENTRAL S.J. VALLEY	(, (CA-Z091) SW S.J.	VALLEY, (CA-Z09	2) SE S.J. VALLEY	
	01/02/13 02:00 PST		0	Frost/Freeze	
	01/03/13 08:00 PST		0		
(CA-Z089) W CENTRAL S.J. VALLEY, (CA	-Z090) E CENTRAL S.J. VALLEY	(, (CA-Z091) SW S.J.	VALLEY, (CA-Z09	2) SE S.J. VALLEY	
	01/04/13 00:00 PST		0.50M	Dense Fog	
	01/04/13 12:00 PST		0		
(CA-Z095) KERN CTY MTNS, (CA-Z096) S	SIERRA MTNS, (CA-Z097) TULA	ARE CTY MTNS			
	01/05/13 22:00 PST		0	Winter Weather	
	01/06/13 22:00 PST		0		

January began with the central and southern San Joaquin Valley under a cold, dry airmass that moved into the region. An upper-level ridge over the east Pacific kept mostly clear skies over the central California interior, although an upper-level short-wave dropping into Nevada brought some high clouds over the region. This short-wave also brought gusty winds to the Kern County mountain areas, with gusts to around 50 mph recorded. Central and southern San Joaquin Valley lows for the morning of January 2nd fell into the mid to upper 20s in the coldest locations, and dense fog developed along the Highway 43 and 99 corridors from southern Fresno County to northern Kern County.

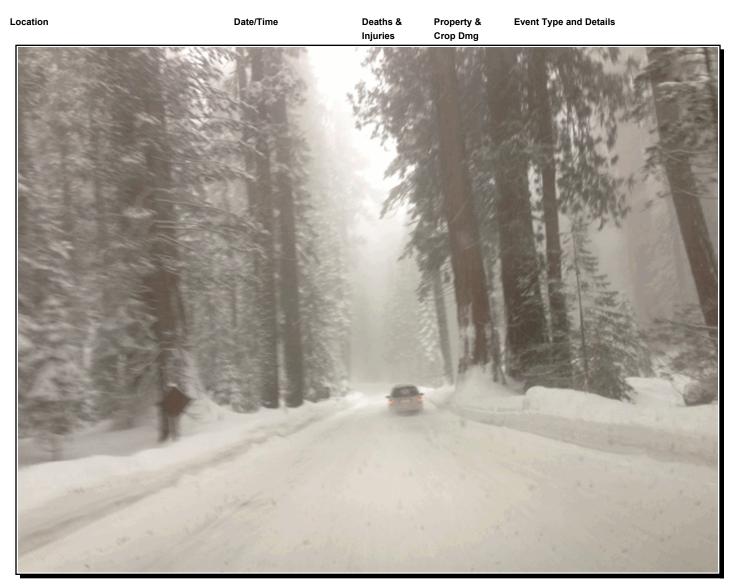
January 2nd saw an upper-level low drop south along the leading edge of the ridge. As the low moved to off Baja California, the ridge built into California. This created a stable airmass and resulted in the formation of dense fog in the central and southern San Joaquin Valley as well as patchy frost; the lows in the coldest parts of the central and southern San Joaquin Valley falling into the mid to upper 20s each day. Dense fog continued its reputation as the main winter weather hazard for the central and southern San Joaquin Valley, as a fatal collision occurred 3 miles southeast of Chowchilla in dense fog during the morning of January 4th. These conditions continued through the morning of the 5th, and then a strong upper-level low brought the first precipitation of the year that evening.

Heavy rain fell on the central San Joaquin Valley, with around an inch falling in parts of Merced and Madera Counties from the evening of January 5th into the 6th. Rainfall tapered off sharply to the south, with Bakersfield receiving only 0.15 inch. In the mountains and foothills, the snow level dropped to around 3500 feet, with snow falling as far south as the Grapevine. The system brought several inches of snow down to 5000 feet in the southern Sierra Nevada and up to a foot of snow at elevations above 7000 feet; a couple of spots had higher snowfalls, especially in the Yosemite National Park area. In the Tehachapi Mountains, 2.5 inches of snow fell at Bear Valley Springs.

The computer models had forecast a cold pool aloft to traverse the southern San Joaquin Valley during the afternoon of January 6th, but the pool tracked further south during the day and came inland over southern California, including southern Kern County. As a result, there was no convection over the central or southern San Joaquin Valley that afternoon.

The northwesterly flow aloft behind the storm kept upslope showers continuing over the Tehachapi Mountains into the morning hours of January 7th. An upper-level ridge built into the state the next day, bringing more patchy fog to the central and southern San Joaquin Valley.

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NWS Hanford image of snowy roads in Sequoia National Park, Generals Highway, on January 6th, 2013.

(CA-Z095) KERN CTY MTNS				
	01/10/13 07:00 PST	0	Winter Weather	
	01/11/13 04:00 PST	0		
(CA-Z089) W CENTRAL S.J. VALLE	Y, (CA-Z090) E CENTRAL S.J. VALLEY, (CA-Z091	1) SW S.J. VALLEY, (CA	-Z092) SE S.J. VALLEY	
(CA-Z089) W CENTRAL S.J. VALLE	Y, (CA-Z090) E CENTRAL S.J. VALLEY, (CA-Z091 01/11/13 05:00 PST	1) SW S.J. VALLEY, (CA 0	-Z092) SE S.J. VALLEY Frost/Freeze	

A cold front moved into the central California interior during the late evening of January 9th. Gusts to around 35 mph accompanied the front as it moved through the central and southern San Joaquin Valley during the overnight hours. Gusty winds continued over the Kern County deserts through the day on the 10th, with gusts of 45-55 mph recorded from Ridgecrest and Inyokern south to Edwards AFB and Rosamond. This was a very cold system, with the snow level lowering to around 1500 feet during the night of the 9th-10th. The Grapevine was closed due to snow on the morning of January 10th. A few flurries were reported mixed with rain over the eastern edge of the San Joaquin Valley in Tulare County, including Porterville, during the evening of the 10th, but no measurable snow fell on the Valley floor.

The extremely cold airmass pooled over the central and southern San Joaquin Valley, and with no mechanism to mix it out, brought freezing temperatures to the region for over a week. The coldest parts of the Valley fell into the lower 20s nearly every night from January 12th through the 20th, threatening the citrus and other crops. Freeze warnings were issued for the San Joaquin Valley from the 10th until the 17th as low temperatures repeatedly dropped well into the 20s. Even temperatures in the Kern County desert fell to the single digits in the coldest locations during this period, especially on the 13th and 14th. Locations in the highest elevations of the southern Sierra Nevada dropped well below zero. In fact, Tuolumne Meadows had two consecutive mornings during the 12th and 13th

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then temperatures fell to just below 20 degrees below zero.							
A-Z089) W CENTRAL S.J. VALLE	EY, (CA-Z090) E CENTRAL S.J. VALLEY	, (CA-Z091) SW S.J	. VALLEY, (CA-Z09	02) SE S.J. VALLEY			
	01/16/13 03:00 PST		0	Frost/Freeze			
	01/19/13 10:00 PST		0				
past, and a cold high pressure ce cross the central valley during th igh pressure over the Great Basi	d from the 10th until the 18th as the upp enter with Arctic characteristics lingered is time. Temperatures did gradually rise n produced gusty winds over the Kern (47 mph at Bear Valley Springs at 5150 fo	l over the Great Ba by the end of this County mountains	sin. Hard freeze co period, as the airn	onditions persisted nass slowly modified.			
(CA-Z089) W CENTRAL S.J. VALLE	EY, (CA-Z090) E CENTRAL S.J. VALLEY	. (CA-Z091) SW S.J	. VALLEY. (CA-Z09	2) SE S.J. VALLEY			
	01/19/13 02:00 PST	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1M	Dense Fog			
	01/22/13 11:00 PST		0				
	01/23/13 23:00 PST 01/27/13 22:00 PST		10K 0	Strong Wind (MAX 49 kt)			
(CA-Z089) W CENTRAL S.J. VALL	EY, (CA-Z090) E CENTRAL S.J. VALLEY	. (CA-Z091) SW S.J	VALLEY. (CA-Z09	2) SE S.J. VALLEY			
· · · · ,	01/25/13 04:00 PST	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0	Dense Fog			
	01/26/13 11:00 PST		0				
s a cutoff low moving southward egion, especially over Kern Coun f the San Joaquin Valley, as the c california. Gusty southerly winds vere recorded on Grapevine Peak neasured at the California Highwa	month, an unsettled pattern set up ove along the California coast, while remain ty. More precipitation actually occurred lynamics and moisture that rotated arou developed over the Tehachapi Mountain , and to 56 mph at Bear Valley Springs. Ay Patrol weigh station. Mostly cloudy co the valley during the mornings of Janua	ning offshore, brou over Kern County and the upper low o as during the early At the base of the C onditions were othe	ght some subtropi during this period off the coast remai morning of Januar Grapevine, gusts to	cal moisture to the than over central portions ned mostly over southern ry 24th. Gusts to 68 mph o around 45 mph were			
California and bring cooler air fror unstable cold pool of air aloft. This accumulated on the ground. The t	ally kicked inland from Baja California a n the Gulf of Alaska. During the afternoo s cell dropped ice pellets that briefly sna rough also brought gusty winds to the P o the Mojave area. Gusts to around 50 n	on, a convective ce arled traffic on Stat Kern County desert	II developed over e Route 168; abou from Cache Creek	Shaver Lake because of an t an inch of ice pellets t to the mouth of			
-	elow average due to the colder air from t past, by the 29th and into the 30th. Dayti of the month.			-			
January has ended with well below	v average precipitation in the central Sa	n Joaquin Valley, a	s Fresno only had	26.5 percent of normal			
	of 2.19 inches). Bakersfield actually ha		-	-			
subtropical moisture on the 24th-2	26th. For the month, Meadows Field had	0.03 Inch of rain, o	or 11.6 percent of the	ne normal of 1.16 InCh.			

subtropical moisture on the 24th-26th. For the month, Meadows Field had 0.83 inch of rain, or 71.6 percent of the normal of 1.16 inch. These locations were at 50 and 67.9 percent of average, respectively, for the current water year (since July 1st, 2012). The Sierra Nevada snowpack was near or just above average (according to USDA's western United States mountain snowpack maps) as of the beginning of this month but has likely fallen below average due to the relatively dry conditions that have occurred for much of January.

Temperatures were mainly near average due to a prolonged period of below average daily minimum temperatures combined with above average daily maximum temperatures. Fresno had an average temperature for January of 47.1 degrees, or 0.5 degrees above normal. The average temperature for Bakersfield was 46.7 degrees, or 1.1 degree below normal.

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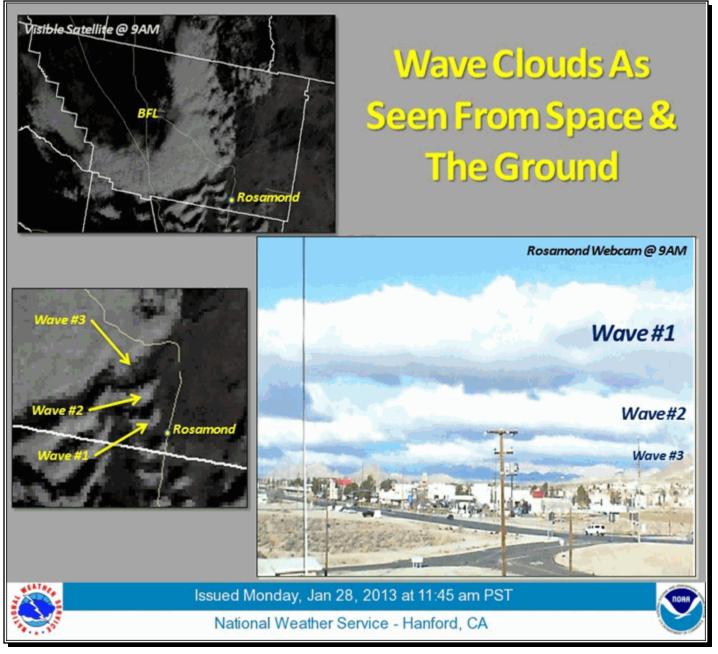
Property &

Crop Dmg

Location

Date/Time

Deaths & Injuries Event Type and Details



Wave clouds were evident in the Western Mojave Desert area on the 28th of January. Photo courtesy of the Rosamond webcam.