**THE WATER CYCLE**

- **EVAPORATION:** The process where liquid water changes into water vapor (gas).
- **CONDENSATION:** The process where water vapor (gas) changes into water droplets (liquid).
- **TRANSPORTATION:** The movement of solid, liquid and gaseous water through the atmosphere.
- **RUNOFF:** River, lake, and stream transport of water and transport of ice in glaciers.
- **PRECIPITATION:** Water that falls to the earth. Most precipitation falls as rain but includes snow, sleet, drizzle, and hail.
- **GROUNDBORNER:** Underground water flow (aquifers).
- **DEPOSITION:** The process where water vapor (gas) changes into ice (solid), skipping the liquid phase.
- **SUBLIMATION:** The process where ice and snow (solid) change into water vapor (gas), skipping the liquid phase.
- **INFILTRATION:** Movement of water into the ground from the surface.
- **PERCOLATION:** Movement of water past the soil going deep into the groundwater.

**Additional Processes:**
- Plant uptake: Water taken from the groundwater flow and soil moisture.
- **PLANT UPTAKE:** Water taken from the groundwater flow and soil moisture.
- **TRANSPARATION:** Evaporation of liquid water from plants and trees into the atmosphere.
- **DEPOSITION:** The process where liquid water changes into water vapor (gas), skipping the liquid phase.
- **INFILTRATION:** Movement of water into the ground from the surface.