Red Flag Pattern Recognition for the Western Foothills Region of the Southern Appalachian Mountains

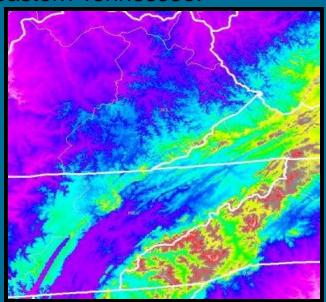
by Tony Edwards
General Forecaster & IMET

WFO Jackson, KY

Red Flag Pattern Recognition

GOALS

•Define weather patterns that frequently result in Red Flag conditions across the region encompassed by eastern Kentucky, southwestern West Virginia, southwest Virginia and eastern Tennessee.



- •Allow for quicker detection of Red Flag Conditions by fire weather forecasters.
- More lead time for our users...

Red Flag Pattern Recognition <u>Methodology</u>

- Identify Red Flag Days
 - •Red Flag Criteria
 - •20-ft Wind >= 15 mph
 - •RH <= 25%
 - •10-hr Fuel Moisture <= 8% or Precip during past 2 days < .25 inches
 - •Downloaded observations for First Order Stations from 1990 April 2006 for Fire Season only (Feb 1st April 30th & October 1st December 15th)
 - •Parse observations for sustained 10-m winds >= 18 mph with RH <= 25%
 - •No accounting for Fuel Moisture!

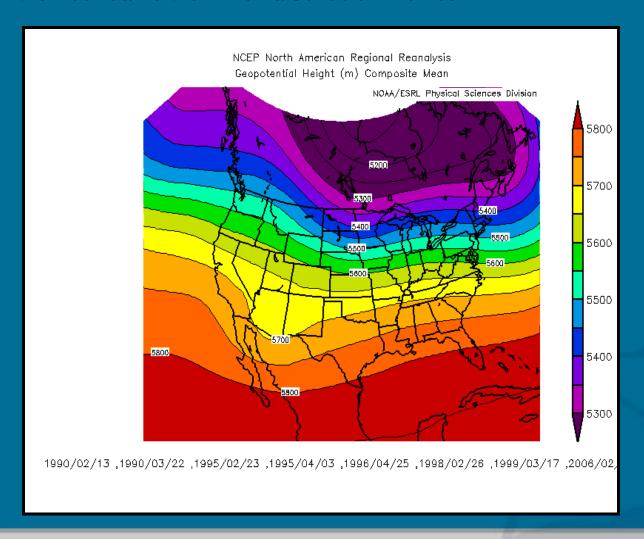


Red Flag Pattern Recognition <u>Methodology</u>

- •Sorted occurrences into regions when needed...
 - •Regionwide Red Flag Days...
 - East Kentucky Only...
 - Tennessee Only...
 - •Northeast Sector (northeast Tennessee, southwest Virginia, southern West Virginia...
- Analyzed surface charts to find patterns for further sorting
 - Pre-Frontal
 - Post-Frontal
- •Combined all cases into either Pre-Frontal and Post-Frontal per region and analyzed CDC Reanalysis Data composite upper air charts per dates.
 - •http://www.cdc.noaa.gov/NARR/

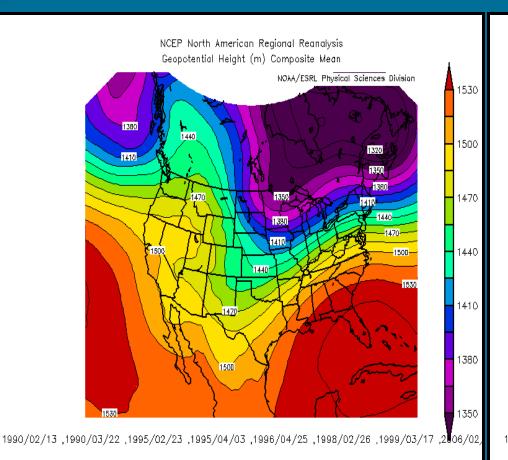
Red Flag Pattern Recognition <u>Prefrontal</u>

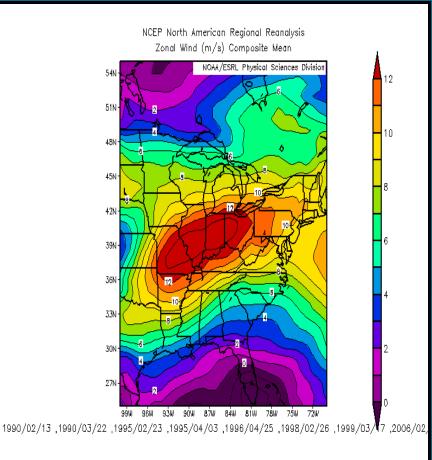
•Upper level features to key in on are a digging H5 trough upstream over the Rockies/Northern Plains/Canadian Prairies.



Red Flag Pattern Recognition <u>Prefrontal</u>

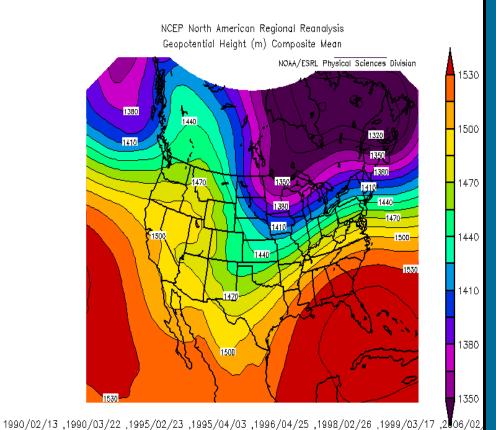
•Mid and upper levels indicate diving trough into the upper Midwest, with strong H850 jet located over the Ohio Valley.

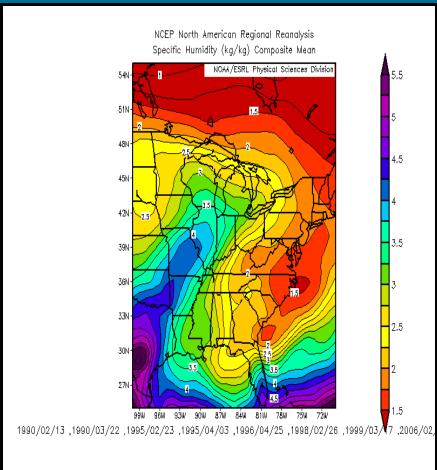




Red Flag Pattern Recognition <u>Prefrontal</u>

•While moist tongue is located just to our west, surging northeast up the Ohio Valley, dry air is noted aloft over the southern Appalachians.

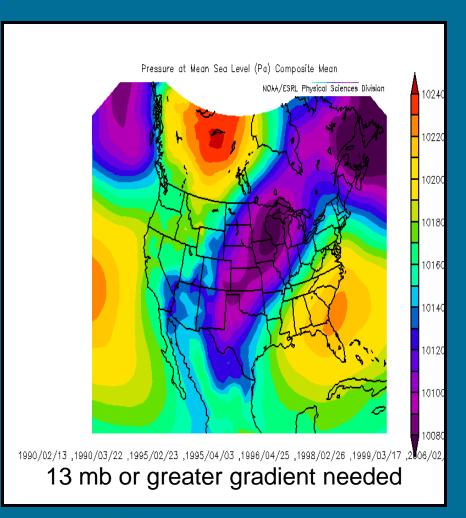


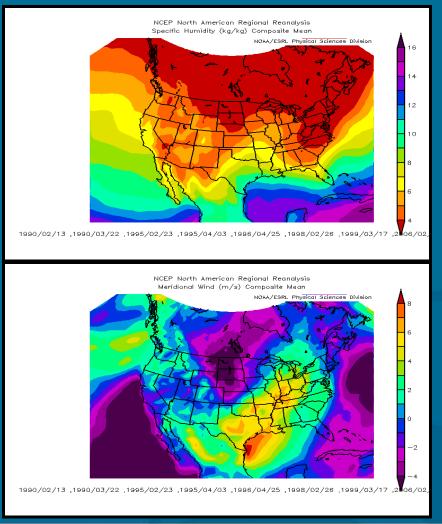


Red Flag Pattern Recognition

Prefrontal

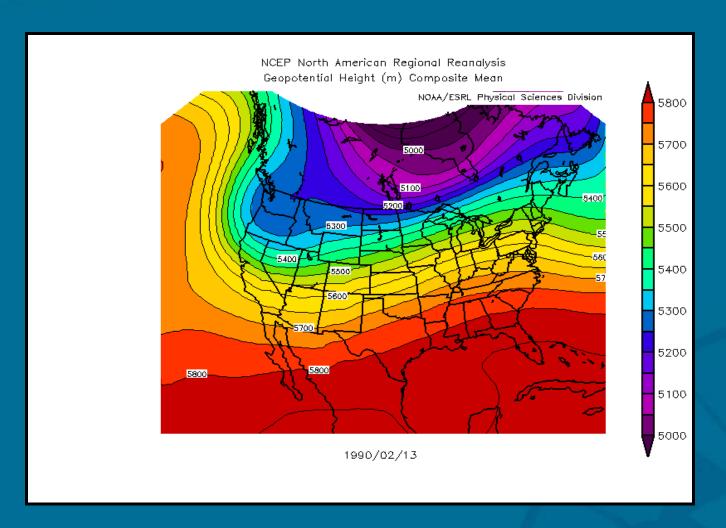
•Classic setup involves a strong surface ridge along southeast coastline with low pressure and associated cold front diving into the upper Midwest.





Red Flag Pattern Recognition Prefrontal Event Case Study

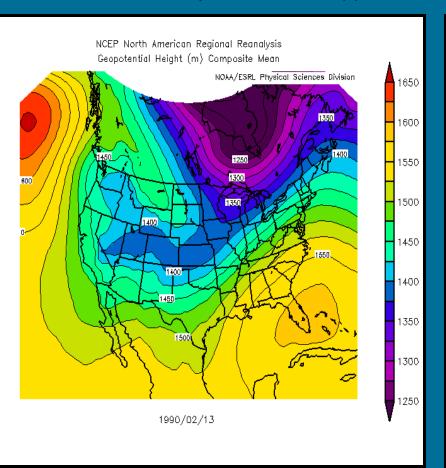
February 13, 1990

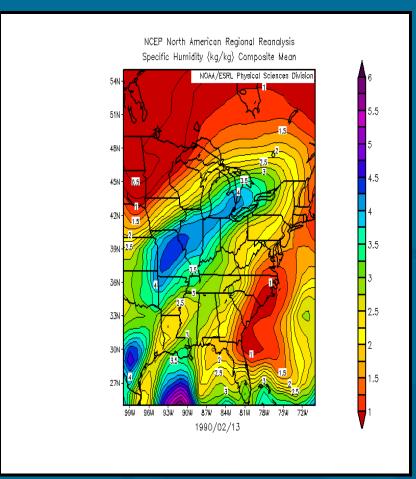


Red Flag Pattern Recognition Prefrontal Event Case Study

February 13, 1990

•H850 Trough over the Upper Midwest with moisture return well to our west. Note dry air from the Appalachians eastward.

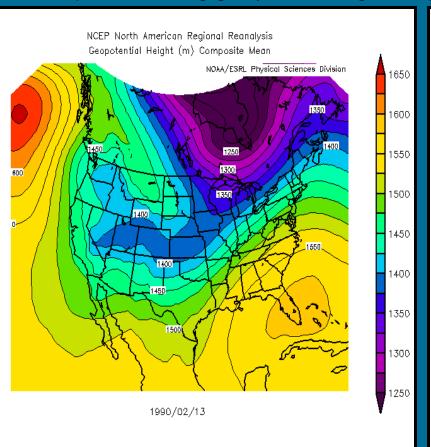


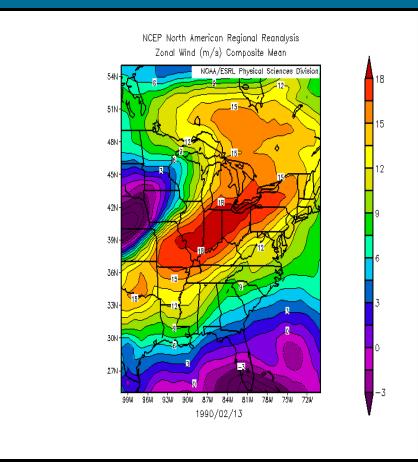


Red Flag Pattern Recognition Prefrontal Event Case Study

February 13, 1990

•Prefrontal cases have a strong southwesterly low level jet which we mix up into creating gusty winds to go along with the low surface RH.

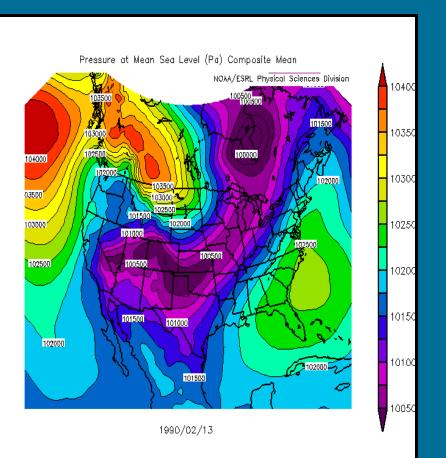




Red Flag Pattern Recognition Prefrontal Event Case Study

February 13, 1990

•Pressure gradient is approximately 19 mb between ridge off the Carolina coast and the low over KS/OK. Note strong gusty winds in the observations.

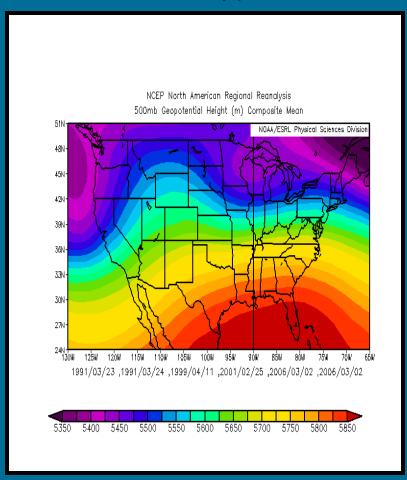


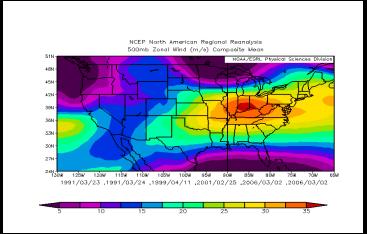
JKL						
HRMN 1900 2100 <mark>2200</mark> 2300		WIND SPD 17 16 18	WIND GUST 26 37 <mark>30</mark> 26	TEMP 69 69 67 65	DEW 32 23 <mark>27</mark> 30	RH 25 17 <mark>22</mark> 27
LOZ						
IIID MANI	WIND		WIND GUST	ТЕМР	DEM	RH
HRMN <mark>1900</mark>	DIR 220		29	65 65	DEW 28	25
LEX						
HRMN 1600	WIND DIR 200	WIND SPD 21	WIND GUST 33	TEMP 65	DEW 29	RH 26
1700		25	40	65	28	25

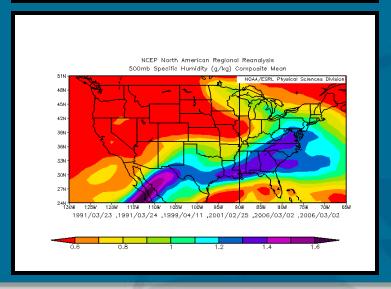
Red Flag Pattern Recognition Regionwide Postfrontal

•At H500 upper level shortwave or vertically stacked occluded system is usually positioned over the Great Lakes or Upper Midwest with a strong

westerly jet over the Ohio Valley.



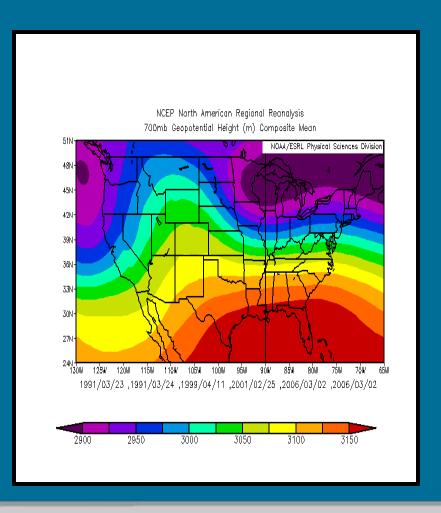


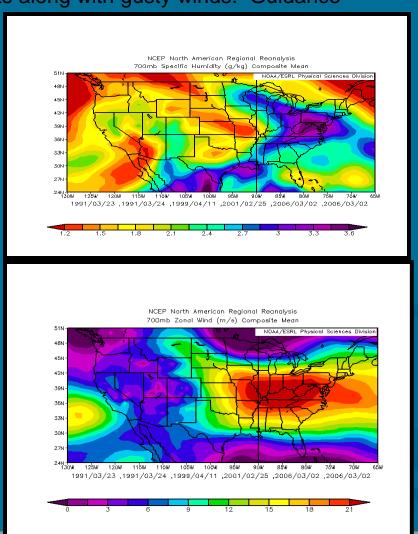


Red Flag Pattern Recognition Regionwide Postfrontal

•Dry slot then punches in during the afternoon. We scatter out and mix up into this dry air aloft. RH plummets along with gusty winds. Guidance





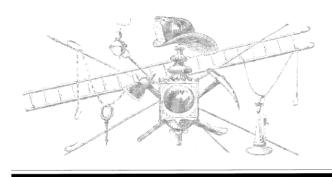


Red Flag Pattern Recognition Postfrontal Event Case Study

ISLAND FORK FIRE REPORT

In Memory of KEVIN REX SMITH and KENNETH ALLEN NICKELL

Volunteer firefighters of the Route 377 Volunteer Fire Department who perished on the Island Fork Fire due to the unforeseen interaction of strong winds and complex terrain. This resulted in a rapidly spreading, high intensity fire that prevented them from using escape routes to reach the safety zone or burned-over area.



April 6th, 1999

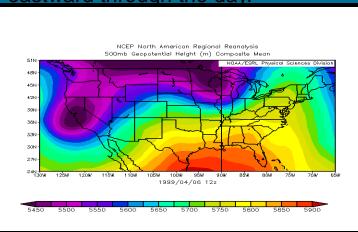
ID	TIME	T TD	RH	DIR	SPD	GST	ALT	SLP	VIS	CIL	COV	WX	MAX	MIN
				400	_						a			
KJKL	~~~~~~	5 52		190	8		000	148	10		CLR		70	64
KJKL	~~~~	6 52	61	190	7	14	000	147	10		CLR			
KJKL	~~~~~	<u>8</u> 53	59	200	10	15	002	155	10	100	BKN			
KJKL	~~~~~	<u>8</u> 55	63	190	12	20	006	168	10	44	BKN			
KJKL	·	7 57	70	230	7	24	009	177	10	28	OVC			
KJKL	~~~~~~	2 56	57	0	6		007	170	10	38	BKN			
KJKL	~~~~~	<u>'4</u> 54	50	180	12	19	005	162	10		CLR		75	65
KJKL	~~~~~	<u>,</u> 6 52	43	210	10	20	005	161	10		CLR			
KJKL	~~~~~~~	9 49	35	0	6	23	004	157	10		CLR			
KJKL	2056 8	<u>.</u> 0 39	23	250	9	26	004	157	10		CLR			
KJKL		<u>'9</u> 39	24	220	11	16	004	158	10		CLR			
KJKL	22567	7 35	22	240	8	15	005	163	10		CLR			
KJKL	23567	3 29	19	260	9	19	007	169	10		CLR		80	73
KHTS	1151 6	<u>4</u> 50	60	0	6		999	148	10		CLR		65	58
KHTS	1251 6	<u>4</u> 50	60	170	5		997	144	10	110	FEW			
KHTS	1351 6	7 51	57	180	10	15	997	144	10		CLR			
KHTS	1451 6	9 52	54	200	16	19	999	149	10		CLR			
KHTS	1551 7	2 54	53	230	11	17	001	155	10	46	BKN			
KHTS	1651 7	5 56	51	240	16	25	998	147	10	48	FEW			
KHTS	1751 7	9 54	42	250	12	24	997	141	10	50	FEW		79	64
KHTS		9 46	31	250	19	28	996	140	10		CLR			
KHTS	1951 8	1 39	22	240	15	24	995	134	10		CLR			
KHTS	2051 8	1 37	21	260	14	24	995	135	10		CLR			
KHTS	2151 8	<u>0</u> 36	20	270	11	21	996	139	10		CLR			
KHTS	2251 7	7 33	20	280	12	24	998	145	10		CLR			
KHTS		4 36	25	280	14	23	000	153	10		CLR		81	74

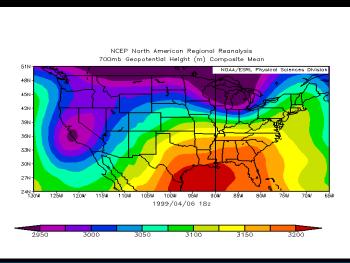
Red Flag Pattern Recognition Postfrontal Event Case Study

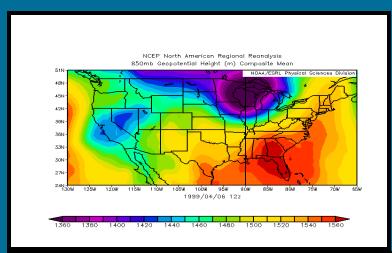
April 6th, 1999

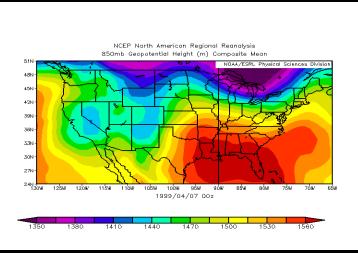
•Mid and Upper Level Trough centered over the Upper Midwest/Great Lakes moving

eastward through the day.





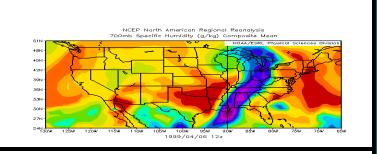


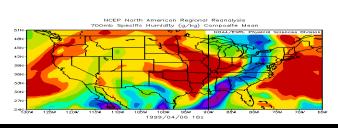


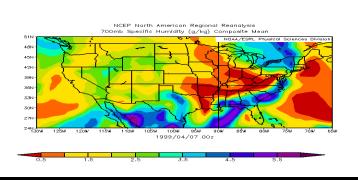
Red Flag Pattern Recognition Postfrontal Event Case Study

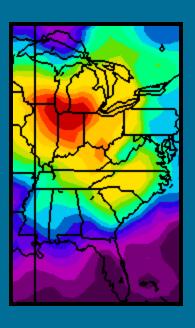
April 6th, 1999

•Surface cold frontal passage around midday with lagging H850 trough and clear skies allowed strong warming and deep mixing during the afternoon.









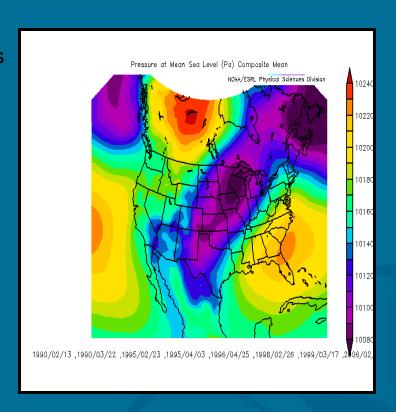
40kts overhead @ H850

ID	TIME	т	TT	DH	NTD	CDD	COT	ALT.	CID	HTC	CTI	COV	IIV	HAV.	H TM
11/	TIME	₩.	TD	кп	DIK	עינה	GD 1	ML I	DLP	VIS	СП	COV	WA	пал	MIN
KJKL	1156	65	52	63	190	8		000	148	10		CLR		70	64
KJKL	1256	66	52	61	190	7	14	000	147	10		CLR			
KJKL	1356	68	53	59	200	10	15	002	155	10	100	BKN			
KJKL	1456	68	55	63	190	12	20	006	168	10	44	BKN			
KJKL	1556	67	57	70	230	7	24	009	177	10	28	OVC			
KJKL	1656	72	56	57	0	6		007	170	10	38	BKN			
KJKL	1756	74	54	50	180	12	19	005	162	10		CLR		75	65
KJKL	1856	76	52	43	210	10	20	005	161	10		CLR			
KJKL	1956	79	49	35	0	6	23	004	157	10		CLR			
KJKL	2056	80	39	23	250	9	26	004	157	10		CLR			
KJKL	2156	79	39	24	220	11	16	004	158	10		CLR			
KJKL	2256	.7.7	35	22	240	8	15	005	163	10		CLR			
KJKL	2356	.73	29	19	260	9	19	007	169	10		CLR		80	73
KHTS	1151	64	50	60	0	6		999	148	10		CLR		65	58
KHTS	1251	64	50	60	170	5		997	144	10	110	FEW			
KHTS	1351	.67	51	57	180	10	15	997	144	10		CLR			
KHTS	1451	.69	52	54	200	16	19	999	149	10		CLR			
KHTS	1551	.72	54	53	230	11	17	001	155	10	46	BKN			
KHTS	1651	.75	56	51	240	16	25	998	147	10	48	FEW			
KHTS	1751	.79	54	42	250	12	24	997	141	10	50	FEW		79	64
KHTS	1851	.79	46	31	250	19	28	996	140	10		CLR			
KHTS	1951	81	39	22	240	15	24	995	134	10		CLR			
KHTS	2051	81	37	21	260	14	24	995	135	10		CLR			
KHTS	2151	.80	36	20	270	11	21	996	139	10		CLR			
KHTS	2251	.7.7	33	20	280	12	24	998	145	10		CLR			
KHTS	2351	74	36	25	280	14	23	000	153	10		CLR		81	74

Red Flag Pattern Recognition <u>Summary</u>

Prefrontal

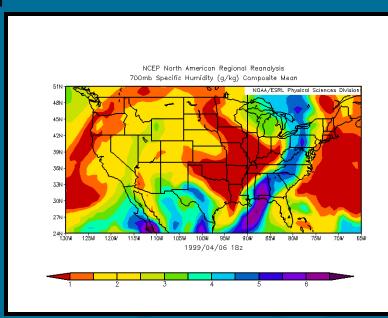
- •500 mb Digging trof over Nrn Plains or Rockies
- •850 mb Trof over Upper Midwest
 - Strong LLVL Jet over Ohio Valley
 - Moist Tongue West/Dry Air Above
- •Surface -
 - Strong High over the Deep South/Florida
 - Deep Low over Upper Midwest with trailing cold front
 - Pressure gradient of 13 mb or greater



Red Flag Pattern Recognition <u>Summary</u>

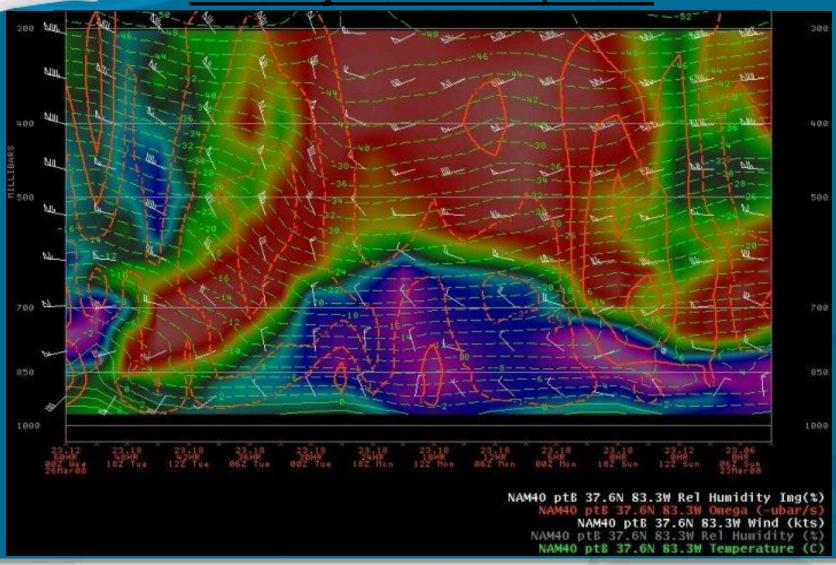
Postfrontal

- Upper Levels
 - Vertically stacked upper low over the western
 Great Lakes
 - •Strong jet over the Ohio Valley to be mixed into
 - •850 mb trough axis lagging well behind surface frontal passage
- Surface
 - Early morning frontal passage
 - •Dry air nosing eastward across the plains can be noted on water vapor



Red Flag Pattern Recognition

So, Does It Work!



Red Flag Pattern Recognition Tuesday March 25th, 2008

AREA FORECAST DISCUSSION NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE JACKSON KY 330 PM EDT SUN MAR 23 2008

NO PROBLEMS ARE EXPECTED BEFORE TUB EXPECTED TO REMAIN OVER THE SOUTHE PRESSURE MOVING THROUGH THE NORTHE LOWER PRESSURE REMAINING OVER WEST!

LITTLE STRONGER ACROSS THE WESTERN CRITERIA ON TUE IS AT LEAST 50 PER 422 PM EDT SUN MAR 23 2008 WEATHER WATCH.

FIRE WEATHER WATCH

.FIRE WEATHER.../TONIGHT THROUGH T|NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE JACKSON KY 422 PM EDT SUN MAR 23 2008

> ...FIRE WEATHER WATCH IN EFFECT FROM TUESDAY AFTERNOON THROUGH TUESDAY EVENING ...

.HIGH PRESSURE WILL REMAIN ACROSS THE SOUTHEASTERN UNITED STATES ON THE CLASSIC PREFRONTAL PATTERN FOR TUESDAY...WITH A COLD FRONT APPROACHING THE AREA FROM THE NORTHWEST. LOW LEVEL MOISTURE WILL BE SLOW TO RETURN AND WINDS OUT OF THE DEWPOINTS ARE EXPECTED TO REMAIN I SOUTHWEST WILL INCREASE ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON...AND BECOME GUSTY.

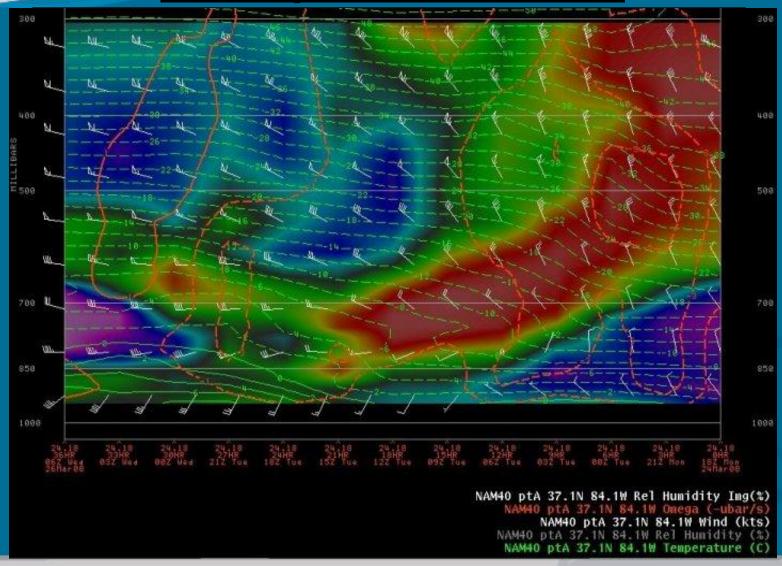
RH NEAR 25 PERCENT AND 20 FOOT WIN CONTROL TO A SECOND SEC O.NEW.KJKL.FW.A.0002.080325T1800Z-080326T0000Z/ FLEMING-MONTGOMERY-BATH-ROWAN-ESTILL-POWELL-MENIFEE-ROCKCASTLE-BELOW IS A LITTLE MORE DOUBTFUL THUJACKSON-PULASKI-LAUREL-WAYNE-MCCREARY-WHITLEY-KNOX-BELL-HARLAN-ALSO POSSIBLE AS THE LOW LEVEL JET|ELLIOTT-MORGAN-JOHNSON-WOLFE-MAGOFFIN-FLOYD-LEE-BREATHITT-KNOTT-CURRENTLY ARE EXPECTED TO BE MARGI OWSLEY-PERRY-CLAY-LESLIE-LETCHER-MARTIN-PIKE-

> ...FIRE WEATHER WATCH IN EFFECT FROM TUESDAY AFTERNOON THROUGH TUESDAY EVENING ...

THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE IN JACKSON HAS ISSUED A FIRE WEATHER WATCH...WHICH IS IN EFFECT FROM TUESDAY AFTERNOON THROUGH TUESDAY EVENING.

relative humidities will fall to around or slightly below 25 percent on tuesday afternoon. 20 foot winds will increase in the afternoon to around 15 mph...with winds along the interstate 64 corridor reaching THE 15 TO 20 MPH RANGE. WIND GUSTS NEAR 30 MPH WILL ALSO BE POSSIBLE. FUELS ARE EXPECTED TO CONTINUE TO DRY OUT AND MAY REACH CRITICAL LEVELS ON TUESDAY AS WELL.

A FIRE WEATHER WATCH MEANS THAT CRITICAL FIRE WEATHER CONDITIONS ARE POSSIBLE. LISTEN FOR LATER FORECASTS AND POSSIBLE FUTURE WARNINGS.



KYZO44-050>052-058>060-068-069-079-080-083>086-104-106>109-111112-114-116-251715/O.UPG.KJKL.FW.A.0002.080325T1800Z-080326T0000Z/
/O.NEW.KJKL.FW.W.0002.080325T1600Z-080325T2200Z/
FLEMING-MONTGOMERY-BATH-ROWAN-ESTILL-POWELL-MENIFEE-ROCKCASTLEJACKSON-PULASKI-LAUREL-WAYNE-MCCREARY-WHITLEY-KNOX-ELLIOTT-MORGANJOHNSON-WOLFE-MAGOFFIN-LEE-BREATHITT-OWSLEY-CLAY515 AM EDT TUE MAR 25 2008

...RED FLAG WARNING IN EFFECT FROM NOON TODAY TO 6 PM EDT THIS AFTERNOON...

THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE IN JACKSON HAS ISSUED A RED FLAG WARNING ...WHICH IS IN EFFECT FROM NOON TODAY TO 6 PM EDT THIS AFTERNOON. THE FIRE WEATHER WATCH IS NO LONGER IN EFFECT.

LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITIES ARE EXPECTED THROUGH ALL OF EAST KENTUCKY FOR A TIME THIS AFTERNOON. LOCATIONS GENERALLY WEST OF A LINE FROM PAINTSVILLE TO WILLIAMSBURG ARE EXPECTED TO EXPERIENCE THE HIGHEST WINDS TODAY WITH SEVERAL HOURS OF SUSTAINED SOUTHWEST WINDS REACHING THE CRITICAL THRESHOLD AROUND MID AFTERNOON. IN ADDITION...FUELS ARE EXPECTED TO CONTINUE TO DRY OUT AND MAY REACH CRITICAL LEVELS TODAY. ACCORDINGLY...THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE HAS ISSUED A RED FLAG WARNING FROM NOON THROUGH 6 PM EDT FOR THE WESTERN TWO THIRDS OF THE FORECAST AREA.

A RED FLAG WARNING MEANS THAT CRITICAL FIRE WEATHER CONDITIONS ARE EITHER OCCURRING NOW...OR WILL OCCUR SHORTLY. A COMBINATION OF STRONG WINDS...LOW RELATIVE HUMIDITY...AND DRY FUELS WILL CREATE THE POTENTIAL FOR EXPLOSIVE FIRE GROWTH.

