Overview

During the afternoon and early evening hours of May 24th, 2006, clusters of severe thunderstorms moved across parts of northeast, east-central and southeast Missouri and much of central and southern Illinois. Most of the storms produced hail. However storm mergers were responsible for a few tornadoes. One developed over northern Montgomery County Illinois and moved into Christian County Illinois (WFO Lincoln's forecast area) and three tornadoes developed over northern Bond County Illinois.

Map of the Montgomery-Christian county tornado and downbursts on May 24th, 2006. Note the area of downburst winds along and north of the tornado track. Arrows point to the direction of the downbursts. Estimated wind speeds in the area of the downbursts ranged from 50 to 65 mph.

Map of the Bond County Illinois tornadoes on May 24th, 2006. All three tornadoes caused F0 intensity damage over parts of northern Bond County.
Machine shed destroyed near the intersection of county roads 3100N & 800E in northern Montgomery County IL. Viewing southwest.

Debris from the machine shed scattered over an open corn field. Viewing southeast.

Second machine shed damaged by the tornado. The nearby farm home also sustained roof and window damage. Viewing northeast.
Several medium to large trees were snapped about half way up a third of a mile south of the intersection of Red Ball Trail and Hastings Cemetery Road in northern Bond County Illinois, viewing west.

A machine shed on Hastings Cemetery Road was destroyed on this farm by the first tornado. Debris from the machine shed was tossed to the east-southeast. Viewing east-southeast. Much of the damage associated with the three weak tornadoes was tree damage.
Storm #2 accelerates eastward and eventually merges along the western side of a small supercell (Storm 1) over northern Macoupin County.

A moderate intensity mesocyclone is associated with the small supercell.

Merger is nearly complete between the small supercell and the eastward accelerated storm within the line.
Radar Data

Reflectivity image from KLSX (0.5 degree) at 5:48 PM CDT showing a High-Precipitation supercell (Storm 1) and a strong thunderstorm (Storm 2) upshear of the HP storm. Between 5:40 and 5:50 PM storm 2 accelerated eastward and merged on the western flank of the HP storm.

Storm-relative velocity image from KLSX at the same time (4:11 PM CDT). The mesocyclone weakens at this time. The tornado initially touched down at approximately 4:05 PM CDT.

Storm-relative velocity data showing a strong mesocyclone associated with the HP storm. The three tornadoes occurred from 5:51 through 5:54 PM CDT.
Please note that while the severe weather data presented in this event synopsis has been quality controlled, it is still considered unofficial. Official reports & statistics for severe weather events can be found in the *Storm Data* publication ([http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/IPS/sd/sd.html](http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/IPS/sd/sd.html)) or *Storm Events Database* ([http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/stormevents/](http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/stormevents/)), available from the National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) web page [formerly the National Climate Data Center (NCDC)].

More detailed tornado track information can be accessed using the National Weather Service Damage Assessment Toolkit for all tornadoes beginning in 2012. [https://apps.dat.noaa.gov/StormDamage/DamageViewer/](https://apps.dat.noaa.gov/StormDamage/DamageViewer/)

*Any questions regarding this event review should be address to w-lsx.webmaster@noaa.gov*