Arkansas Weather Statistics for 2022

Tornadoes
(10 tornadoes, 0 fatalities, 13 injuries)

Note: Tornadoes rated EFU (where “U” is unknown) indicate unknown damage because there was no damage to survey.

1. 4 miles SSW of Fisher to 2 miles SSE of Fisher (Craighead Co.), March 6, 354 PM - An EF0 tornado had a path length of 2.8 miles.

2. 6 miles WNW of Dover to 4 miles N of Hector (Pope Co.), March 6, 520 PM - An EF1 tornado had a path length of 13.9 miles. (1 injury)

3. 2 miles S of McDougal to 5 miles NE of McDougal (Clay Co.), March 6, 528 PM - An EF0 tornado had a path length of 6.4 miles.

4. 7 miles ESE of Leslie (Searcy Co.) to 9 miles E of Leslie (Stone Co.), March 6, 626 PM - An EF1 tornado had a path length of 2.4 miles.

5. 4 miles ESE of Melbourne (Izard Co.) to 3 miles NW of Evening Shade (Sharp Co.), March 6, 717 PM - An EF2 tornado had a path length of 9.7 miles. (5 injuries)

6. 3 miles SSE of Dalton to 3 miles ESE of Dalton (Randolph Co.), March 6, 817 PM - An EF1 tornado had a path length of 2.4 miles.

7. 7 miles W of Star City to 4 miles NNE of Star City (Lincoln Co.), March 7, 121 AM - An EF1 tornado had a path length of 9.1 miles.

8. 5 miles WNW of Gillett to 6 miles N of Gillett (Arkansas Co.), March 7, 205 AM - An EF1 tornado had a path length of 7.0 miles.

9. 1 mile SE of Johnson to 1 mile E of Springdale (Washington Co.), March 30, 404 AM - An EF3 tornado had a path length of 5.2 miles. (7 injuries)

10. 7 miles NNE of Hartman to 7 miles NNW of Clarksville (Johnson Co.), March 30, 747 AM - An EF1 tornado had a path length of 3.5 miles.
Note: There may have been a brief weak tornado between Bay and Otwell (Craighead Co.) early on February 22nd. Another tornado may have been spawned near Snyder (Ashley Co.) during the afternoon of March 30th.

**Thunderstorm (Straight-Line) Winds**

* (0 fatalities, 0 injuries)

90 to 100 mph...

80 to 90 mph...
- Pocahontas (Randolph Co.), February 22
- Maynard (Randolph Co.), February 22
- Lepanto to Marie (Poinsett and Mississippi Cos.), March 30

75 to 80 mph...

**Non-Thunderstorm Winds**

* (0 fatalities, 0 injuries)

**Hail**

* (0 fatalities, 0 injuries)

**Floods and Flash Floods**

* (0 fatalities, 0 injuries)

**Lightning**

* (0 fatalities, 0 injuries)

**Records of Note**
Notes:

Severe weather events shown above have likely been certified for publication in *Storm Data* (published by the National Centers for Environmental Information) if they occurred more than 60 days prior to the first day of the current month. So, reports in February would be published by May 1st. These entries are still subject to change if additional information is received or errors are found.

Severe weather events will be added as soon as possible after they occur. However, because it often takes several days to survey tornado tracks after a large severe weather outbreak, it may be a week or more before tornadoes can be added to the list.

Beginning and ending points of a tornado are determined by a laptop and a GPS device used during storm surveys. Initially, the points are represented by latitudes and longitudes. At the conclusion of the surveys, nearby towns are used to reference these points. Some of the towns in the database are quite small, and it may be necessary to use commercial map plotting software to locate these communities.