Subject: Update: Processing the National Blend of Models (NBM) Mean Absolute Error (MAE) files for the Oceanic Domain changed to January 14, 2020

Updated to change Implementation date delayed to Tuesday, January 14, 2020

During NCEP's Central Operations NBM 30-day IT-stability test, a file size limit error was discovered when processing MAEs over the Oceanic domain. Upon closer examination, it became apparent that these problematic files containing the MAE values were not needed and were removed from the Oceanic domain job script, thereby eliminating the source of the job failure. After providing NCO with these corrections, NCO has restarted the 30-day IT stability test which began on December 6, 2019.

On or about Tuesday, January 14, 2020, beginning with the 1200 Universal Time Coordinated (UTC) model run, the NWS Meteorological Development Laboratory (MDL) will implement an update to the NBM guidance over the CONUS, OCONUS (Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico), and Oceanic National Digital Forecast Database (NDFD) domains. A new Guam domain will also be added.

This upgrade represents a transition from an experimental service to an initial operating capability as the NBM does not yet meet all NWS requirements to be classified as fully operational, which includes (but is not limited to) a timely transmission to the field.

In the event that the implementation date is declared a Critical Weather Day (CWD), or significant weather is occurring or is anticipated to occur, implementation of this change will occur at 1200 UTC on the next weekday not declared a CWD and when no significant weather is occurring.

1. Background
Comments/feedback on this upgrade were previously solicited publicly June 4-August 31, 2019: 

This upgrade will incorporate additional global and mesoscale models over the CONUS, OCONUS and Oceanic domains. The upgrade will enable the NBM to fill gaps in several key weather elements for NWS Programs including Water Resources, Aviation, Winter Weather, Fire Weather, and Marine. A new Guam sector will also be added to address the needs of the far west Pacific Region.

NBM Model Inputs:

This upgrade will incorporate the global ACCESS-G and regional ACCESS-R from the Australian Bureau of Meteorology. The ACCESS-R is limited to the Guam domain. Information on input models currently used in NBM v3.1 is in the following link.
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/v3.1_Model_Inputs.pdf

The subsequent link details the additional and adjustments of models used in NBM v3.2 as a function of weather element and region.
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/New%20and%20adjusted%20models%20NBM%20v3.2.pdf

The NBM products will be produced on the following grids:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Resolution-Grid Type</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CONUS</td>
<td>2.5km Lambert Conformal</td>
<td>NX=2345, NY=1597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska</td>
<td>3.0km Polar Stereographic</td>
<td>NX=1649, NY=1105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>2.5km Mercator</td>
<td>NX=625, NY=561</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puerto Rico</td>
<td>1.25km Mercator</td>
<td>NX=353, NY=257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>2.5km Mercator</td>
<td>NX=193, NY=193</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oceanic</td>
<td>10.0km Mercator</td>
<td>NX=2517, NY=1817</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please also note that the mesh length for the Alaskian sector has been changed from 2976.5600 meters to 2976.5629 meters.

New and improved Techniques:

1. Improved Wind Direction guidance by using blended U-V components rather than the binning approach used in v3.1 (CONUS, OCONUS, Oceanic)
2. Converted Probability of Weather Type (PoWT) to Bourgouin energy areas rather than Top Down approach (CONUS and AK)
3. Perform PoWT calculations for each individual model and then blend inputs, rather than using a mean sounding to calculate the Top Down values (CONUS and AK)
4. Improved wind speed and wind gust by binning values as a function of NWS hazard criteria. (CONUS and OCONUS)
5. Improved Cloud Base guidance by blending direct model cloud base inputs with NWS WFO relative humidity/threshold cloud base methodology (CONUS, AK, HI, PR)
6. Adding URMA Bias Correction for Significant Wave Height (AK,
7. Incorporating LAMP calibrated 1-h Probability of Precipitation (PoP01) to drive Precipitation Potential Index (PPI) 1-36 hours (CONUS)
8. Applying MOS Thunder technique to GFS, NAM-32km, European deterministic models and blended with existing 3-h and 12-h Probability of Thunder (CONUS)
9. Applying 12-h MOS Thunder technique in (9) to the Oceanic domain
10. Equal weighting of blended LAMP and SREF for 1-hour probability of thunder for 1-36 hours. (CONUS)
11. True 2.5km supplemental stations using CCPA for CONUSHamill/Engle QMD
12. Expanded URMA domain for Hamill/Engle QMD for CONUS
13. Move from Empirical CDF creation to Gamma based for Hamill/Engle QMD (CONUS)

2. Output Additions

A. New NBM Elements for the CONUS and OCONUS

NBV Version 3.2 (NBV v3.2), will continue to fill existing product gaps requested by the Aviation, Fire Weather, Water Resources, and Marine NWS Service Program Offices. A few highlights associated with this upcoming release include

1. Continued infusion of cutting edge science advancements in the area of quantitative and probabilistic precipitation forecasts (especially in the mountainous West) and the addition of Alaska and Puerto Rico domains

2. Uncertainty information in the form of standard deviations for MaxT, MinT, 10 m Wind Speeds, and 10 m Wind Gusts

3. Addition and improvement in aviation guidance routinely used in daily airport operation planning and the creation of Terminal Aerodrome forecasts (TAFs), with visibility and ceiling height guidance now through 84 hours

4. Addition of new NBM guidance in the text product along with a new probabilistic text message product that provides NBM guidance at stations for various temporal horizons. A comprehensive list of these new elements by NWS Service Program is provided in the hyperlink below (See Sections 4 and 6 for data access platforms): https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/ALL_NBM_V3.2_New_WX_Element_List.pdf

B. New NBM Oceanic Products

With the implementation of NBV v3.2, the deterministic and ensemble European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts (ECMWFD, ECMWF, Respectively) will be added to the suite of NBM inputs over the Oceanic domain. Thirty-five ECMWF members plus
the mean of those members will comprise the NBM's ECMWF membership. Although the seven new oceanic weather elements were already noted above, we again list them for the users convenience:

1. 12-h Probability of Precipitation (PoP12)
2. 6-h Quantitative Precipitation Forecasts (QPF06) for 10th, 50th, and 90th Percentiles
3. Water Temperature (50th Percentile) Categorical Freezing Spray
4. 3-h and 12-h Probability of Thunder

These new Oceanic products will continue to be produced on the current 10-km oceanic Mercator grid. With this implementation, all oceanic products will be disseminated 4 times daily rather than 6, as is currently done. Please see Section 4 for further details.

C. NBM Text Product Changes and Additions

For those readers who use the NBH, NBS, NBE, and NBX station text bulletins, we have added several new weather elements and stations (an increase of 3,508 stations for a total of 6,646 station).

https://www.weather.gov/mdl/nbm_stationaltable_v32

The following new weather elements have been added to the text product suite:

NBH
1. Moved relative position of QPF01 to follow POP01
2. Precipitation Duration (DUR)
3. Snow Level (SLV)
4. Mixing Height (MHT)
5. Transport Wind Direction (TWD)
6. Transport Wind Speed (TWS)
7. Haines Index (HID)
8. Solar Radiation (SOL)

NBS
9. Precipitation Duration (DUR)
10. Mixing Height (MHT)
11. Transport wind direction (TWD)
12. Transport Wind Speed (TWS)
13. Haines Index (HID)
14. Solar Radiation (SOL)

NBE/X
15. Precipitation Duration (DUR)
16. Solar Radiation (SOL)

With NBM v3.2 moving more towards probabilistic guidance, we have also added a new probabilistic station-based text message product (NBP) for the same set of stations noted above. The new
probabilistic text bulletins provide guidance covering 12-hour periods for projections 24 through 192 hours with a format very similar to the NBE text product.

The following is a list of probabilistic weather elements that can be found in the NBP text product:

**NBP**
1. Wind Speed interpolated from Oceanic domain model inputs (10th, 50th, 90th Percentiles)
2. 12-h Quantitative Precipitation forecasts (10th, 50th, 90th Percentiles)
3. 24-h Snowfall accumulation (10th, 50th, 90th Percentiles)
4. 24-h Flat Ice accumulation (10th, 50th, 90th Percentiles)
5. Mean Sea-Level Pressure interpolated from Oceanic domain model inputs (10th, 50th, 90th Percentiles)

The file names of the five types of NBM text messages are:

1. blend_nbhtx.t[hh]z [where hh=00,01,02,...,23]
2. blend_nbstx.t[hh]z [where hh=00,01,02,...,23]
3. blend_nbetx.t[hh]z [where hh=00,01,02,...,23]
4. blend_nbtx.t[hh]z [where hh=00,01,02,...,23]
5. blend_nbptx.t[hh]z [where hh=00,01,02,...,23]

For a detailed explanation of the contents and interpretation of the in the NBH, NBS, NBE/X, and NBP text files please visit the following hyperlink: https://www.weather.gov/mdl/nbm_textcard_v32

3. NBM Runtime Changes

With the increase in NBM v3.2 model inputs noted in Section 1, NBM run times for most of the CONUS and OCONUS weather elements could take up to 95 minutes for the 0100 UTC, 0700 UTC, 1300 UTC, and 1900 UTC cycles. For example, the 0100 UTC run might finish as late as 0235 UTC; however, for the remaining 20 cycles, where no new global models are ingested, the run time will be on the order of 75 minutes. The only exception being the Oceanic runs at 0000 UTC, 0700 UTC, 1200 UTC and 1900 UTC, which could finish as late as 135 minutes after the NBM cycle initialization time. For the NBM Text files NBH, NBS, NBE, NBX and NBP, those could arrive as late as 175 minutes after initialization time for any of the 24 NBM runs per day.

4. Changes to SBN/NOAAPORT Dissemination

While the NBM runs hourly and produces output to 264 hours with each run, only a subset will be sent across the Satellite Broadcast Network (SBN) and NOAAPORT due to bandwidth limitations. Products will be disseminated in GRIB2 format and will contain grouped WMO headers as does NBM v3.1. For NBM v3.2,
The two primary SBN/NOAAPORT dissemination changes can be summarized as follows:

1. NBM v3.2 will now disseminate a majority of its precipitation guidance (PoP, QPF, Snow, and Ice) at 0100 UTC and 1300 UTC rather than 0000 UTC and 1200 UTC as in NBM v3.1.
2. NBM v3.2 will no longer disseminate the 0500 UTC and 1700 UTC Oceanic domain products. Only four cycles will be available on the SBN/NOAAPORT (0000 UTC, 0700 UTC, 1200 UTC, and 1900 UTC).

To view a comprehensive list of NBM v3.2 weather elements delineated by NWS Service Programs that will be disseminated on the SBN/NOAAPORT please see the following hyperlink: https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/NBM_V3.2_New_WX_Element_SBN_List.pdf

Unique originating center IDs have been assigned to each geographic region. A listing of the originating center IDs is provided below.

List of originating center IDs (CCCC) for NBM products:

Three IDs are assigned to each geographic region to accommodate all weather elements (with the exception of Guam).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Geographic Region</th>
<th>Originating Center (CCCC)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CONUS and Oceanic</td>
<td>KWEA, KWEB, KWEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska</td>
<td>KWEC, KWED, KWEJ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>KWEE, KWEF, KWEK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puerto Rico</td>
<td>KWEG, KWEH, KWEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>KWEM, KWEN</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NBM text bulletin WMO header information for each of the five bulletins to be disseminated every hour on the SBN and FTPPRD is listed below.

WMO header information for NBM text products:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WMO Header</th>
<th>NBM Text Bulletin Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FOUS15 KWNO</td>
<td>Hourly bulletin (1-24 hours)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FOUS16 KWNO</td>
<td>Short-range bulletin (6-66 hours)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FEUS16 KWNO</td>
<td>Extended bulletin (12-192 hours)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FEUS17 KWNO</td>
<td>Extra-extended bulletin (204-264 hours)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FEUS18 KWNO</td>
<td>Probabilistic extended bulletin (12-192 hours)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NBM v3.2 SBN/NOAAPORT Header Additions and Removals:

A detailed listing of NBM WMO headers (by sector) to be added over the SBN/NOAAPORT can be found below:
CONUS Header Additions disseminated over SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/conus_headers_additions_sbn.pdf
Alaska Header Additions disseminated over SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/alaska_headers_additions_sbn.pdf

Hawaii Header Additions disseminated over SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/hawaii_headers_additions_sbn.pdf

Puerto Rico Header Additions disseminated over SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/pr_headers_additions_sbn.pdf

Guam Header Additions disseminated over SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/guam_headers_additions_sbn.pdf

Oceanic Header Additions disseminated over SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/oceanic_headers_additions_sbn.pdf

A detailed listing of NBM WMO headers (by sector) to be removed from the SBN/NOAAPORT can be found below:

CONUS Header Removals from SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/conus_headers_removals_sbn.pdf

Alaska Header Removals from SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/alaska_headers_removals_sbn.pdf

Hawaii Header Removals from SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/hawaii_headers_removals_sbn.pdf

Puerto Rico Header Removals from SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/pr_headers_removals_sbn.pdf

Oceanic Header Removals from SBN/NOAAPORT
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/oceanic_headers_removals_sbn.pdf

In order to keep the NBM v3.2 daily data file sizes at the same levels as NBM v3.1 which is currently in operations, some cycles will no longer be available on the SBN for the CONUS and AK. For the CONUS this includes 0200 UTC, 0500 UTC, 0800 UTC, 1100 UTC, 1400 UTC, 1700 UTC, 2000 UTC and 2300 UTC. For the AK, this includes 0200 UTC, 0800 UTC, 1100 UTC, 1400 UTC, 2000 UTC and 2300 UTC. As is currently the case, all 264 hours of all 24 daily runs will be available via NOMADS.

To view a comprehensive list of NBM v3.2 weather elements delineated by region and cycle time that will be disseminated on the SBN/NOAAPORT please see the following hyperlinks.

CONUS Sector SBN products and dissemination times
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/oceanic_headers_removals_sbn.pdf

Alaska Sector SBN products and dissemination times
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/NBM_v3.2_elements_on_sbn_by_cycle_alaska.pdf

Hawaii Sector SBN products and dissemination times


Puerto Rico Sector SBN products and dissemination times
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/NBM_v3.2_elements_on_sbn_by_cycle_puerto_rico.pdf

Guam Sector SBN products and dissemination times
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/NBM_v3.2_elements_on_sbn_by_cycle_guam.pdf

Oceanic Sector SBN products and dissemination times
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/NBM_v3.2_elements_on_sbn_by_cycle_guam.pdf

A. GRIB2 SBN/NOAAPORT output:

NBM v3.2 GRIB2 header identifiers delineated by weather element and region can be found here:
NBM v3.2 GRIB2 Header File Identifiers

B. Text Bulletin Additions to SBN/NOAAPORT:

NBM v3.2 probabilistic guidance (NBP) discussed in this section will also be hosted on the SBN/NOAAPORT as part of the NBH, NBS, NBE, and NBX suite of products. This station-based guidance covers 12-hour periods for projections 24-192 hours and has a very similar format to the NBM v3.1 deterministic NBM extended ASCII text bulletins.

Header information for the probabilistic and deterministic text bulletin files can be found at:

5. TGFTP/NDGD NBM Data Removal

On implementation day, all NBM products will no longer be hosted on TGFTP/NDGD. Specifically, the following directories will no longer be populated with NMB data:

ftp://tgftp.nws.noaa.gov/SL.us008001/ST.expr/DF.gr2/DC.ndgd/GT.blend/AR.conus/ (CONUS)
ftp://tgftp.nws.noaa.gov/SL.us008001/ST.expr/DF.gr2/DC.ndgd/GT.blend/AR.hawaii/ (Hawaii)
ftp://tgftp.nws.noaa.gov/SL.us008001/ST.expr/DF.gr2/DC.ndgd/GT.blend/AR.oceanic/ (Oceanic)

For a comprehensive list of all Headers that will be removed
with the implementation of NBM v3.2 please visit the following hyperlinks:

CONUS Header Removals from TGFTP/NDGD
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/16398-tgftp_headers_conus-Approved.pdf

Alaska Header Removals from TGFTP/NDGD
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/16398-tgftp_headers_alaska-Approved.pdf

Hawaii Header Removals from TGFTP/NDGD
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/16398-tgftp_headers_alaska-Approved.pdf

Puerto Rico Header Removals from TGFTP/NDGD
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/16398-tgftp_headers_pr-Approved.pdf

Oceanic Header Removals from TGFTP/NDGD
https://www.weather.gov/media/mdl/nbm/16398-tgftp_headers_oceanic-Approved.pdf

6. Changes to NCEP Web Dissemination

On implementation day, NBM master GRIB2 output and NBM text messages for all cycles will be made available on NCEP web services sites. These will contain all elements and projections that the NBM produces. Please follow any one of the three hyperlinks below for this data:


The following GRIB2 files for the Oceanic domain will be discontinued on NCEP web services:

blend.${cycle}.gust_cdf-50p.oc.grib2
blend.${cycle}.mlsp_cdf-{$10,50,90}p.oc.grib2
blend.${cycle}.temp_cdf-50p.oc.grib2
blend.${cycle}.vis_cdf-50p.oc.grib2
blend.${cycle}.wspd10_cdf-{$10,25,50,75,90}p.oc.grib2
blend.${cycle}.wspd30_cdf-50p.oc.grib2
blend.${cycle}.wspd80_cdf-50p.oc.grib2
blend.${cycle}.wdir.oc.grib2
blend.${cycle}.sigwv.ext.oc.grib2

These will be replaced with the following Master GRIB2 file:

blend.${cycle}.master.f${HHH}.oc.grib2

Approximately one month prior to implementation, users may find parallel NBM data for download:
Any questions, comments or requests regarding this implementation should be directed to the contacts below. We will review any feedback and decide whether to proceed.

For questions regarding the implementation of NBM guidance please contact:

- David Rudack  
  MDL/Silver Spring, Maryland  
  301-427-9456  
  David.Rudack@noaa.gov

or

- Jeff Craven  
  MDL/Silver Spring, Maryland  
  301-427-9475  
  Jeffrey.Craven@noaa.gov

For questions regarding the data flow, please contact:

- Carissa Klemmer  
  NCEP Central Operations  
  Implementation and Data Services Branch Chief  
  ncep.list.pmb-dataflow@noaa.gov

A web page describing the NBM can be found at:  
http://www.weather.gov/mdl/nbm_home

NWS National Service Change Notices are online at:  
http://www.weather.gov/notification

NNNN