## Description

```
Subroutine EVACO2 is the second accumulator routine.
It finds the minimum mean daily value for a time series and the number
of days to that minimum. Mean daily values are computed for any time
interval or time scale of the time series.
```

Calling Sequence
CALL EVAC02 ( $a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j, k, l, m, n, o, p, q, r, s)$
Argument List

| Argument | Input/ Output | Type | Dimension | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | Input | I * 4 | 1 | First Julian day to be accumulated |
| b | Input | I* 4 | 1 | First Julian hour to be accumulated |
| C | Input | I * 4 | 1 | Last Julian day to be accumulated |
| d | Input | I * 4 | 1 | Last Julian hour to be accumulated |
| e | Input | $R * 4$ | * | Array D containing the time series data |
| f | Both | R* 4 | * | Accumulator array; the first location is the minimum mean daily value and second is the number of days to that minimum |
| 9 | Input | I * 4 | 1 | Number of days already accumulated for the time series |
| h | Input | I * 4 | 1 | Number of hours already accumulated for this time series |
| i | Input | A 8 | 1 | Time series identifier |
| j | Input | A 4 | 1 | Time series data type code |
| k | Input | I * 4 | 1 | Time series data time interval |
| 1 | Input | I* 4 | 1 | Number of values per time interval |


|  | Input/ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Argument | Output | type | Dimension | Description |
| m | Input | A 4 | 1 | Time series time scale code |
| n | Input | I* 4 | 1 | Value of interest (needed for multi-valued time series) |
| $\bigcirc$ | Both | R* 4 | 1 | Carryover value containing the sum of the data for the last day if computations ended at hour 24 then this value is reset to zero |
| p | Input | I * 4 | 1 | Output variable option (not used) |
| q | Input | $\mathrm{R} * 4$ | 1 | Cutoff level for output variable (not used) |
| r | Input | $R * 4$ | * | Work space array |
| S | Input | I * 4 | 1 | Length of work space array |

