



Presented by

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 "The National Weather Service (NWS) provides weather, hydrologic, and climate forecasts and Warnings for the United States, its territories, adjacent waters and ocean areas, for the protection of life and property and the enhancement of the national economy. NWS data and products form a national information database and infrastructure which can be used by other governmental agencies, the private sector, the public, and the global community."

NWS Forecast Office - Mount Holly, NJ Fort Dix, NJ WSR-88 Doppler Radar

- Senior Forecasters : 5
- General Forecasters: 5
- Meteorological Interns: 3
- Hydrometeorological **Technicians:** 1
- Electronic Technicians: 3
- Hydrologist: 1
- Management: 5
- IT position: 1
- Administrative support: 1
- •Total Personnel: 25

NWSFO Mount Holly





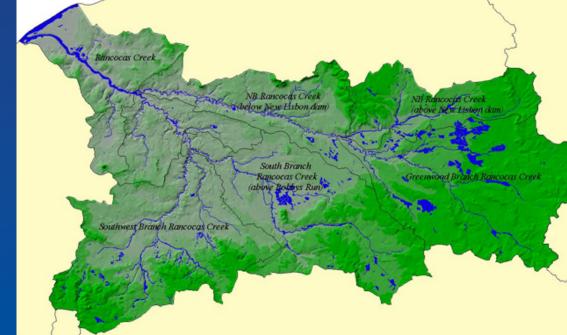




Rancocas Creek watershed



- Covers 360 square miles
- Affects 33 municipalities in three counties
- North branch drains 167 square miles; south branch drains 144 square miles
- Tidal influence extends inlands to the dam at Mount Holly on the North branch, Vincentown on the South Branch, and Kirby Mills on the Southwest Branch





Major Flooding



- What Does It Take?
- Usually preceded by a wet period that "sets the stage" or an above normal snowpack.
- Often preceded a few days before by a "precursor flood event" that results in very wet soils and above normal river levels.

Requires unusually heavy rain covering most of the river basin.





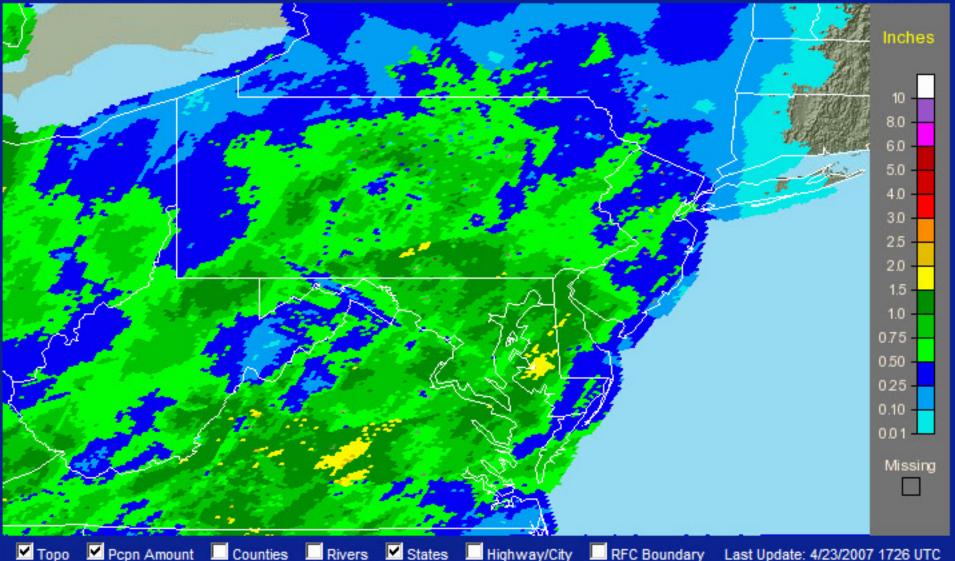
- A unusual late season nor'easter impacted the region in mid-April with rain, snow, high winds, and coastal flooding.
- Impact heavy rainfall over the Rancocas basin – worsened by unusually high tides culminating in significant flooding.
- Pemberton Crest 3.67 (1.67 feet above flood stage)
 6th worst on record
 - Vincentown Crest 9.20 (2.20 feet above flood stage) – 2nd worst on record





Middle Atlantic RFC State College, PA 1-Day Observed Precipitation - Valid 4/12/2007 1200 UTC

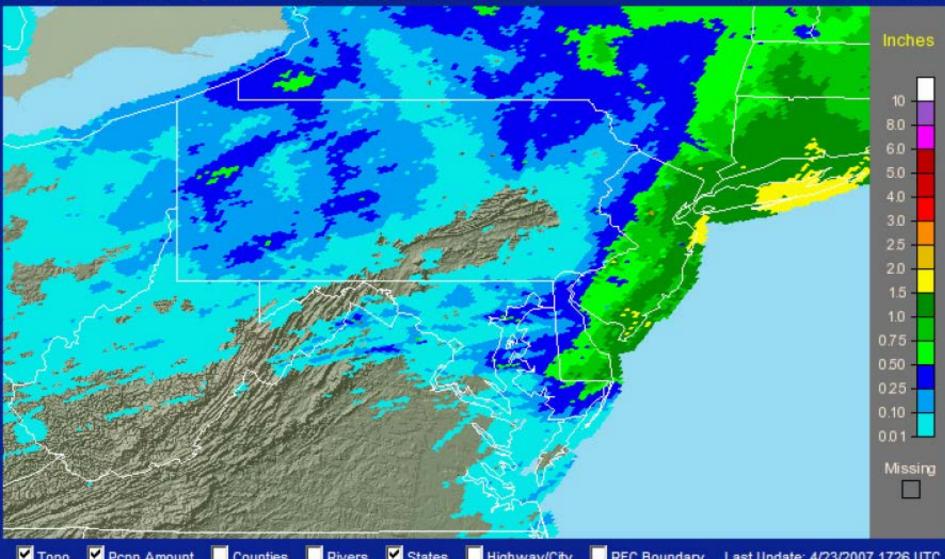
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Middle Atlantic RFC State College, PA 1-Day Observed Precipitation - Valid 4/13/2007 1200 UTC Click on the image to zoom in Click on "States" to zoom out

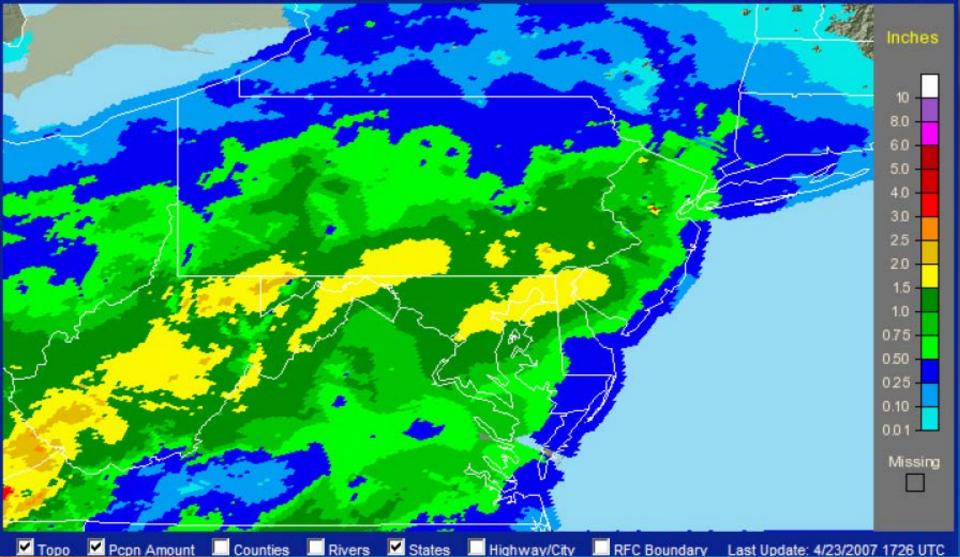






Middle Atlantic RFC State College, PA 1-Day Observed Precipitation - Valid 4/15/2007 1200 UTC

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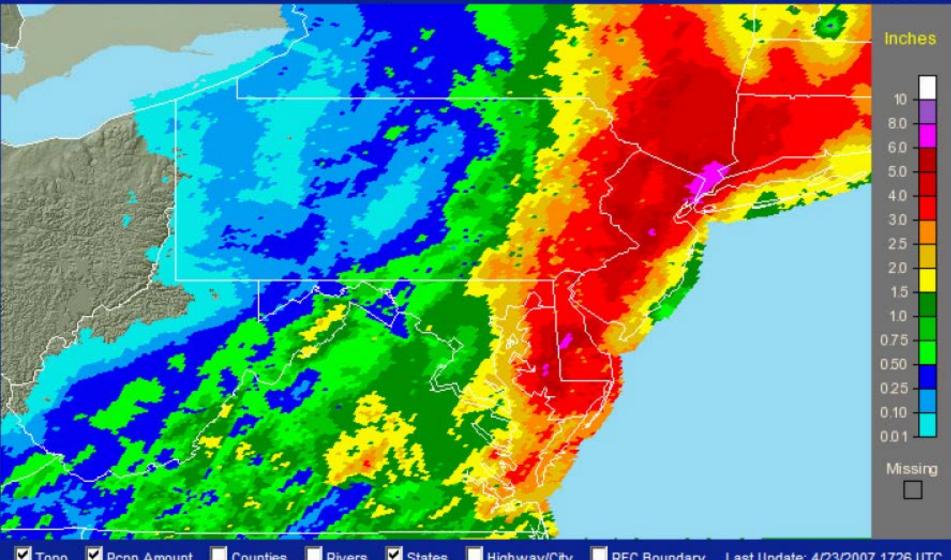








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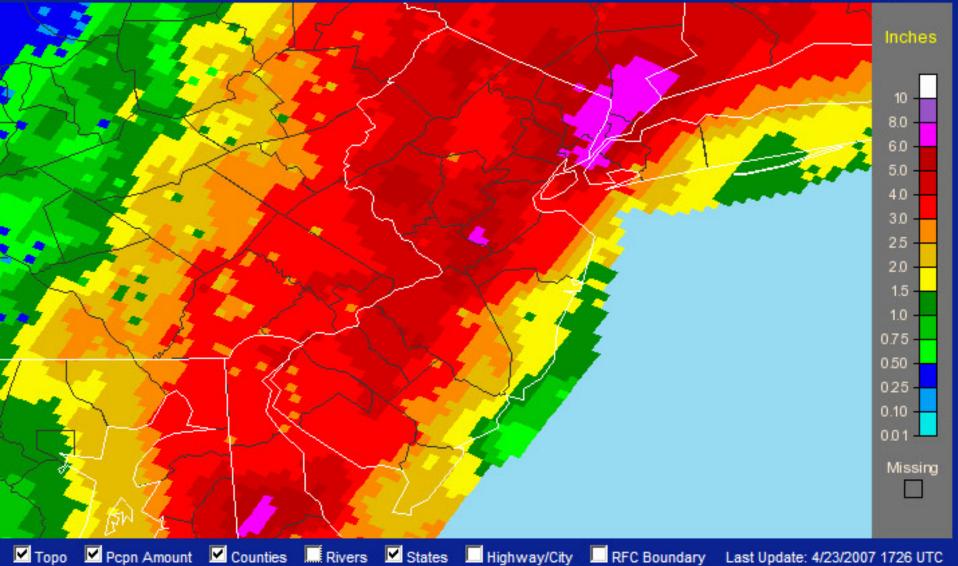




New Jersey 1-Day Observed Precipitation - Valid 4/16/2007 1200 UTC



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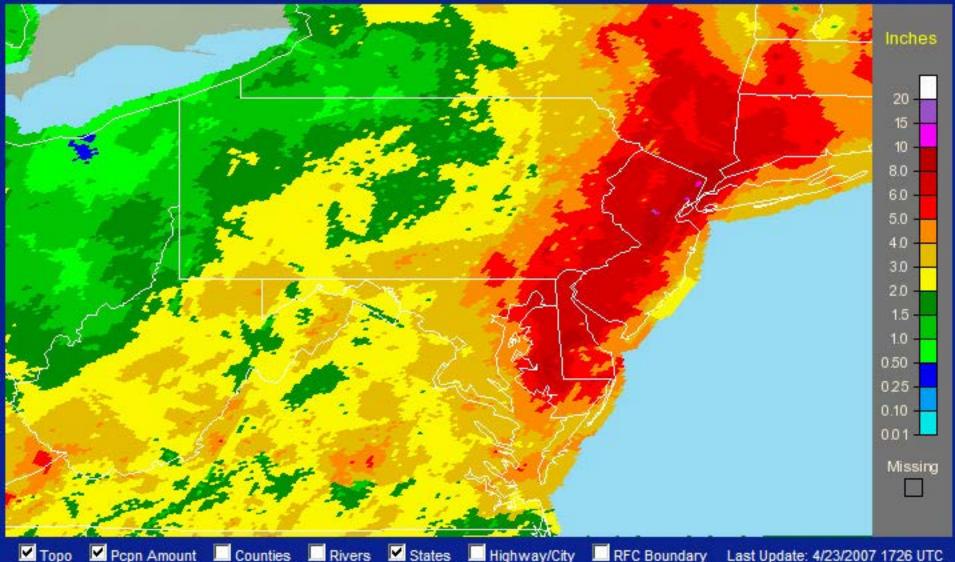






Middle Atlantic RFC State College, PA 14-Day Observed Precipitation - Valid 4/23/2007 1200 UTC

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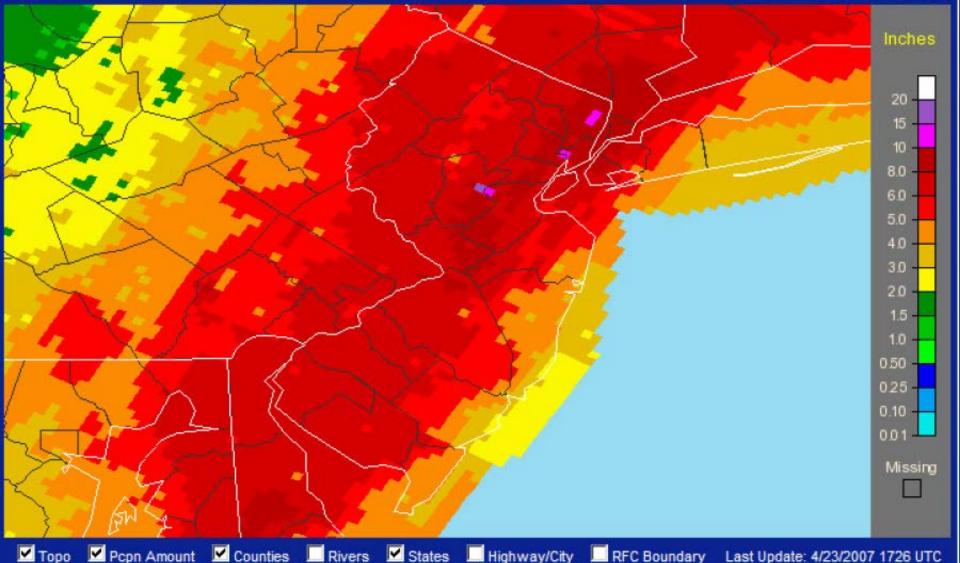


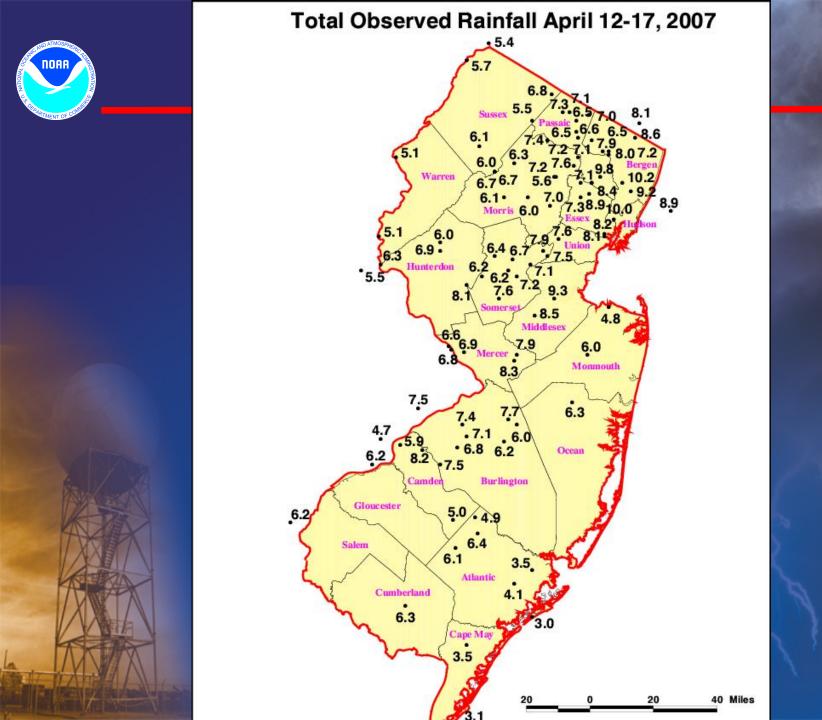




New Jersey 14-Day Observed Precipitation - Valid 4/23/2007 1200 UTC











Rainfall – a 25 year event





POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES FROM NOAA ATLAS 14



MOUNT HOLLY, NEW JERSEY (28-5866) 39.9833 N 74.8 W 16 feet

from "Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States" NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 2, Version 3

G.M. Bonnin, D. Martin, B. Lin, T. Parzybok, M.Yekta, and D. Riley

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland, 2004

Extracted: Wed Apr 18 2007

Precipitation Frequency Estimates (inches)																		
ARI* (years)	5 min	10 min	15 min	30 min	60 min	120 min	3 hr	6 hr	12 hr	24 hr	48 hr	4 day	7 day	10 day	20 day	30 day	45 day	60 day
1	0.35	0.56	0.70	0.96	1.19	1.44	1.58	1.97	2.40	2.74	3.16	3.52	4.12	4.68	6.34	7.87	10.05	12.03
2	0.42	0.67	0.84	1.16	1.45	1.75	1.92	2.40	2.91	3.32	3.83	4.26	4.95	5.61	7.53	9.29	11.83	14.12
5	0.50	0.79	1.00	1.43	1.83	2.22	2.43	3.02	3.69	4.26	4.92	5.41	6.20	6.91	9.05	10.96	13.73	16.23
10	0.55	0.88	1.12	1.62	2.11	2.57	2.83	3.54	4.36	5.07	5.84	6.37	7.24	7.98	10.26	12.27	15.18	17.79
25	0.62	0.99	1.26	1.86	2.48	3.06	3.39	4.28	5.36	6.28	7.21	7.76	8.76	9.50	11.93	14.02	17.04	19.76
50	0.68	1.07	1.36	2.05	2.78	3.45	3.84	4.89	6.23	7.33	8.38	8.94	10.03	10.75	13.26	15.38	18.44	21.21
100	0.73	1.16	1.46	2.24	3.08	3.85	4.32	5.56	7.18	8.51	9.67	10.23	11.41	12.07	14.61	16.75	19.78	22.57
200	0.78	1.23	1.55	2.41	3.39	4.27	4.81	6.27	8.24	9.81	11.10	11.63	12.91	13.47	16.01	18.12	21.08	23.86
500	0.84	1.32	1.66	2.65	3.80	4.84	5.50	7.30	9.82	11.79	13.24	13.68	15.09	15.47	17.91	19.93	22.73	25.45
1000	0.88	1.39	1.75	2.83	4.13	5.30	6.07	8.16	11.19	13.51	15.07	15.41	16.92	17.20	19.41	21.32	23.95	26.60

Text version of table

* These precipitation frequency estimates are based on a <u>partial duration series</u>. ARI is the Average Recurrence Interval. Please refer to the <u>documentation</u> for more information. NOTE: Formatting forces estimates near zero to appear as zero.



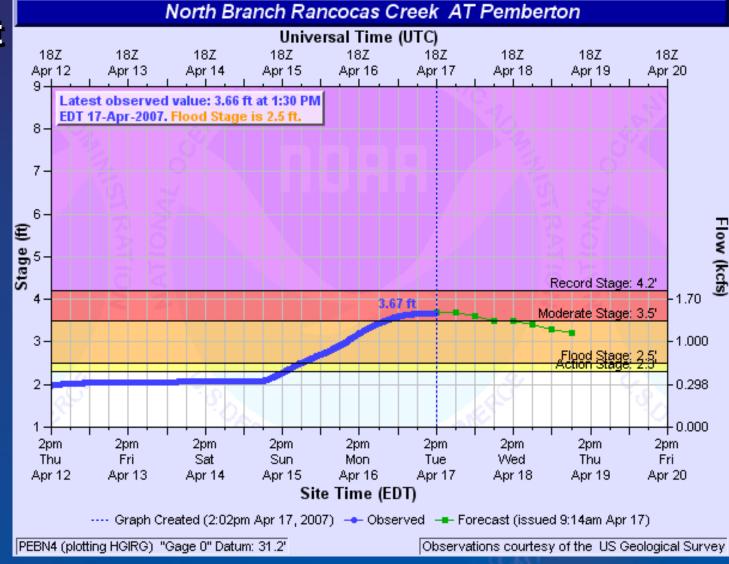






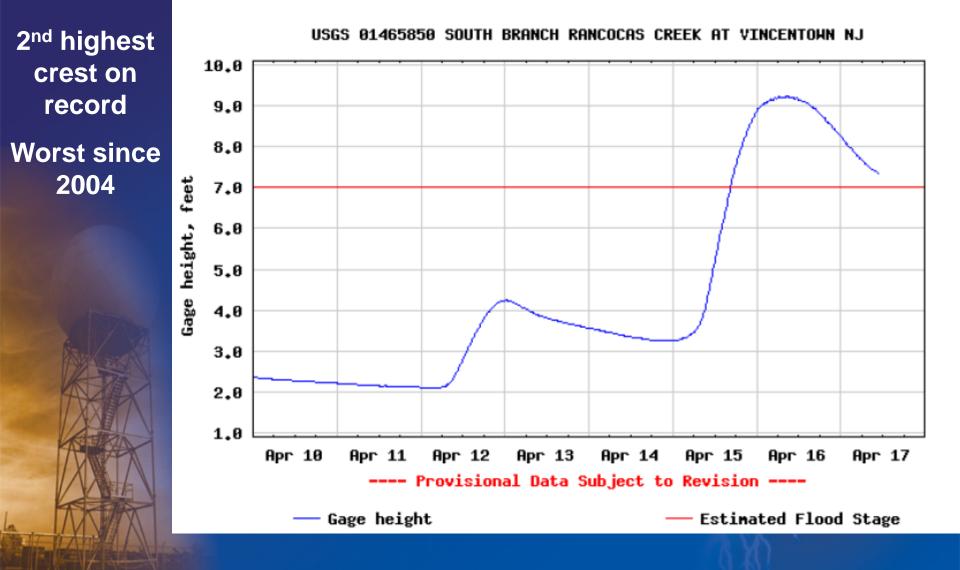


6th highest crest on record











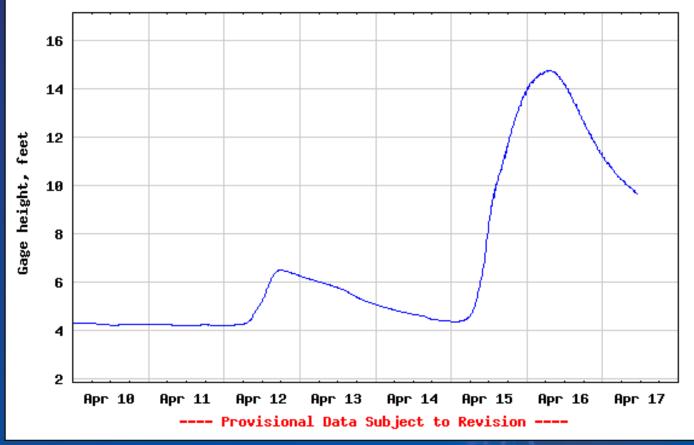


≊USGS

New gage

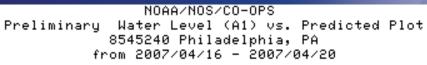
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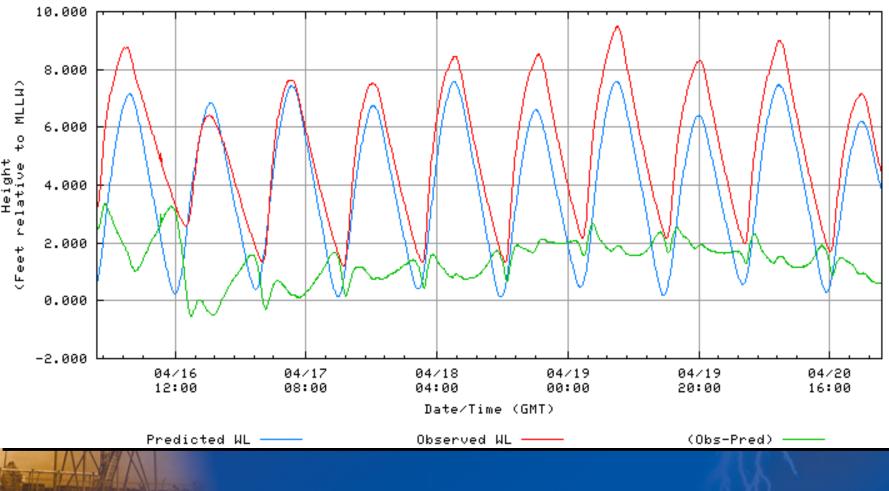
USGS 01465880 SOUTHWEST BRANCH RANCOCAS CREEK AT MEDFORD NJ





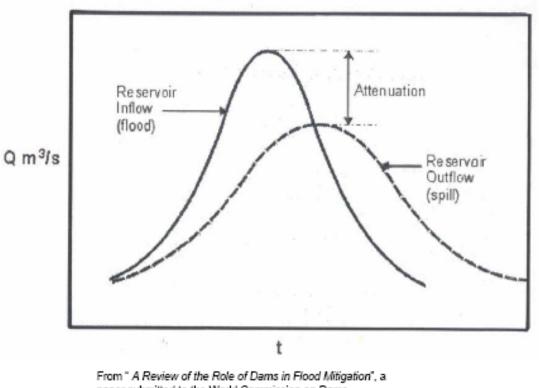






Reservoir Attenuation

Reservoirs provide attenuation even when full.





From " A Review of the Role of Dams in Flood Mitigation", a paper submitted to the World Commission on Dams (www.dams.org) in March 2000 by Peter Hawker

Flooding – What was the Cause

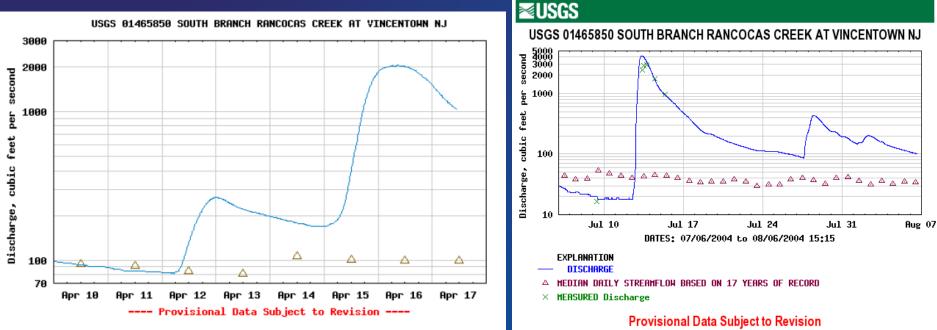


- A '25 year rainfall event'
- Lighter amounts came first several days earlier
 Raised stream levels, ground was nearly saturated
- Heavy rain (main event) fell on nearly saturated ground, very high level of runoff
 - Abnormally high tides (due to nor'easter and new moon) contributed to flooding along tidal sections of the creek (e.g., Mount Holly, Lumberton)

Any dams along South and Southwest branch still not functional due to 2004 flood would contribute to higher flood crests

How does this compare to the floods of 2004?





🛆 Median daily statistic (19 years) 🛛 — Discharge



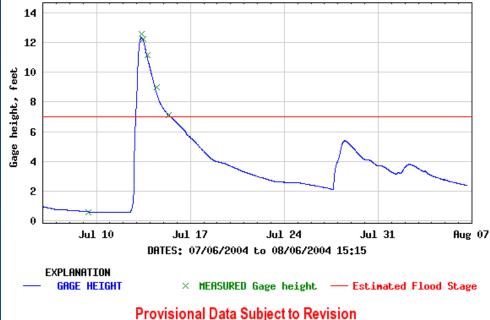
2004 flood was three feet higher



≊USGS

USGS 01465850 SOUTH BRANCH RANCOCAS CREEK AT VINCENTOWN NJ









- No individual weather event can be attributed to global warming or climate change
 - You cannot say that a 'hurricane' or a 'heat wave' or a 'flood' was caused by global warming
- We have been in an active pattern for Atlantic basin hurricanes since 1995
 We expect that pattern to continue for another 15 to 20 years





- National Weather Service in Mount Holly provides 24 hour a day, seven days a week coverage for the area.
- Flood Watch issued Friday afternoon, April 13th (48 hours before flooding)
- Flood warnings issued Sunday morning, April 15th (4-12 hours before flooding)

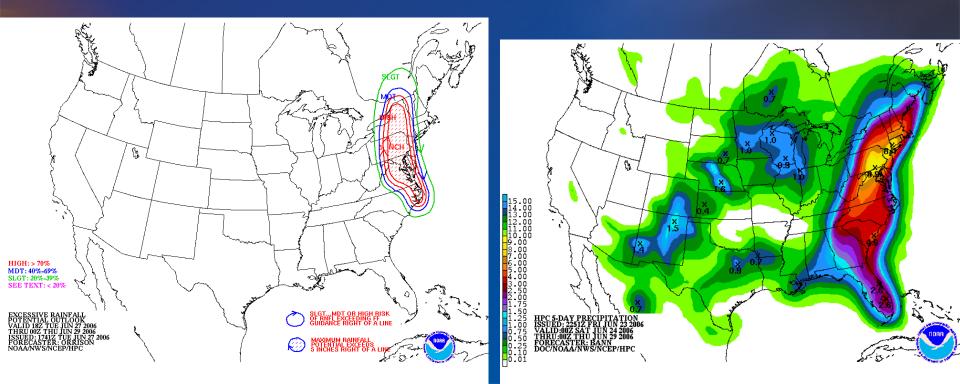
Over a dozen briefings provided to NJ Office of Emergency Management for this event

How to prepare for the next big flood?



Stay informed – weather.gov/phi

Use AHPS (Automated Hydrologic Prediction System)

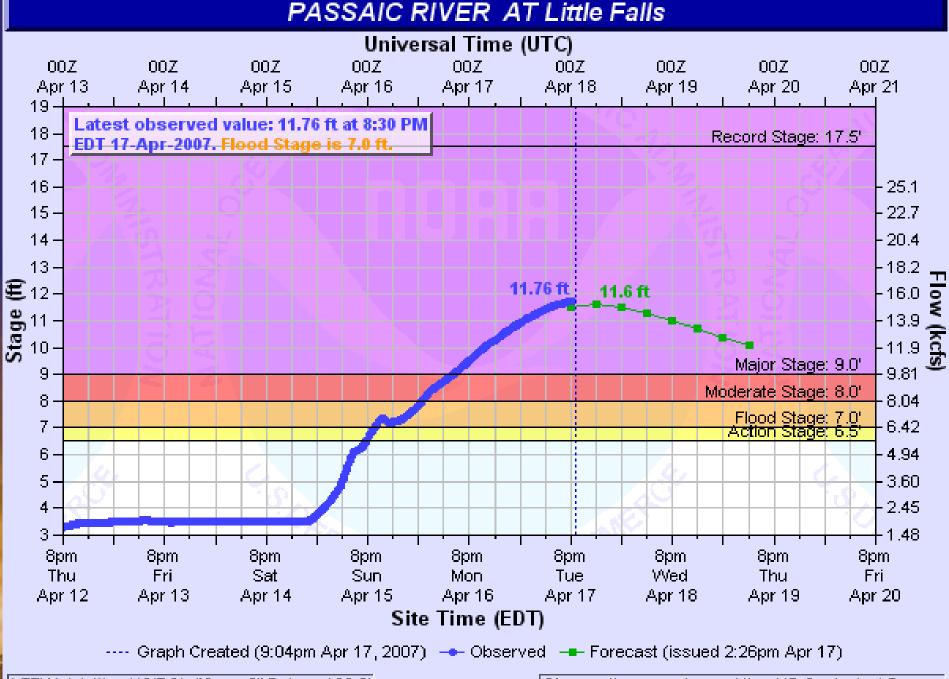




NOAI

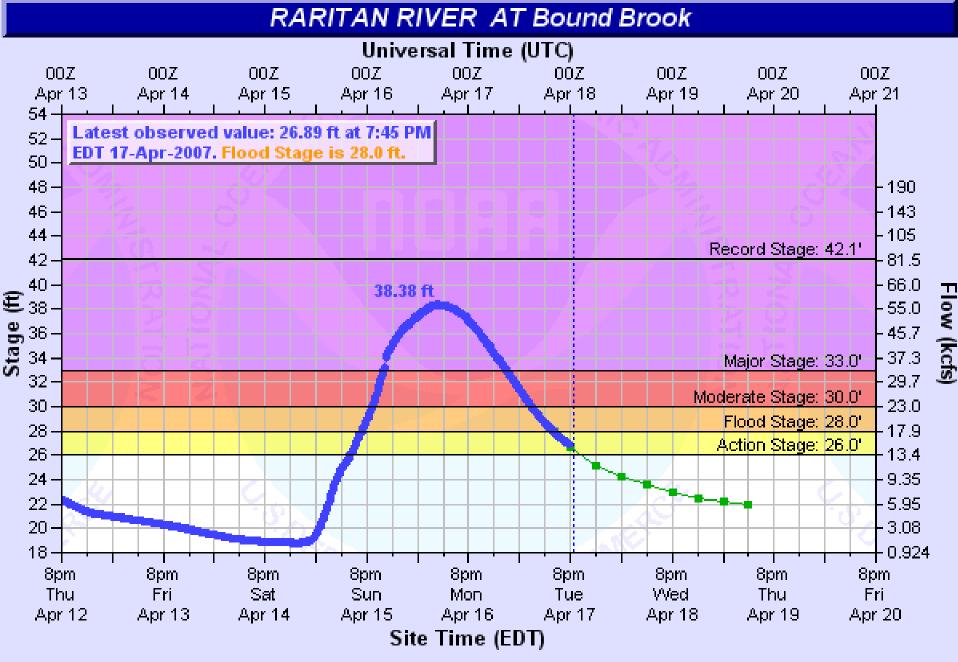


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Updated 06:45 PM EDT Jun 01 2005	50



LTFN4 (plotting HGIRG) "Gage 0" Datum: 120.0"

Observations courtesy of the US Geological Survey



---- Graph Created (8:39pm Apr 17, 2007) --- Observed --- Forecast (issued 2:26pm Apr 17)

BDKN4 (plotting HGIRG) "Gage 0" Datum: n/a'

Observations courtesy of the US Geological Survey





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 - Weather.gov/phi
 - Mt. Holly weather office web page

NOAA Weather radio 609-261-6600 – phone recordings



NORR



