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National Weather Service

July 1988

WHAT'S HAPPENING IN DISASTER PREPAREDNESS

PRIVATE SECTOR INITIATIVES

Insurance Group Assists Hurricane Awareness The Texas Catastrophe Property Insurance Association (TCPIA), interested in producing a brochure about hurricane safety, recently contacted Mike Pass, MIC WSO Houston, for assistance. The result was a 4-page public information pamphlet about hurricanes which will be distributed along the entire Texas Gulf Coast. The brochure describes common terms which are important in hurricane situations, such as hurricane warning and storm surge. It further describes actions to be taken before a hurricane threatens and actions when a hurricane watch and warning are issued. One full page is devoted to a hurricane tracking chart. NOAA Weather Radio broadcast locations and frequencies are provided as a source of weather information from the NWS.

Besides producing the brochure and making it available through insurance agents and others along the Texas coast, the TCPIA has provided the NWS with nearly 5,000 brochures for distribution by NWS Texas Gulf Coast offices.

- CTW's Get Ready for Hurricanes Order forms are now available at Weather Service Headquarters for Big Bird Get Ready for Hurricanes Kit created by the Children's Television Workshop in New York City, New York. Individual copies are \$2.25 each. Orders of 100-500 can be obtained for \$2 each; for 600 and up, the cost will be \$1.75 each. A copy of this order form is attached to this DP report.
- Winter Storms Poster in Spanish Gene Hathaway, OIC, Newark, New Jersey, with help from two school teacher friends, translated the "Owlie Skywarn Winter Storms" poster into Spanish (see attachment). One thousand copies were printed at his expense and distributed to various parts of school systems in the New York and New Jersey metro area which undoubtedly benefited the large Hispanic population. Gene has tried many routes to have more copies printed but without success. If anyone is interested or know of a company that might want to reproduce this Spanish Winter Storm Poster, please contact Gene at FTS 341-6188.



DISSEMINATION

o NOAA Weather Radio

- -- Updated NOAA Weather Radio Brochure Weather Service Headquarters is in the process of updating the NOAA Weather Radio (NWR) brochure (NOAA/PA 76015). The changes to the brochure will be minor but will include correcting the number of NWR stations to 380, adding information for several new stations, and changing information for several existing stations. We are printing 200,000 copies. The updated NWR brochure should be available by early fall at the National Logistics Supply Center in Kansas City, Missouri.
- -- Community Leaders Promote NOAA Weather Radio For the past 9 months, WSFO Miami has been involved in obtaining and airing promotional announcements on NWR made by various well-known personalities, most of whom live in the Miami and Fort Lauderdale metropolitan area. The individuals, who graciously volunteered their time, stated the importance of NWR in their lives and occupations. Some of the personalities included Jimmy Buffett, recording artist; Jimmy Johnson, Coach, University of Miami; Governor Bob Martinez; and Congressmen William Lehman and Dante Fascell.

The project, under the supervision of the MIC and DMIC, was developed and carried out by WSS Robert Ebaugh. He contacted prospective individuals who made the NWR promotional announcements. In many instances, he arranged for those who accepted the offer to come to the office to tape the message.

How much the project may have increased the Miami NWR listening audience is unknown; however, one strong benefit of Mr. Ebaugh's work was that those individuals who came to the office and made the promotional tapes were made more aware of NWS operations and the importance of NWR in their community.

— Eveready Batteries to Promote Weather Radio The August issues of four major national magazines will be part of a multi-million dollar advertising campaign to promote Eveready batteries and flashlights. Part of the program will be a special offer of a weather radio for \$8.95 plus proof of purchase from any two Eveready flashlight or battery products. Large posters and freestanding displays will be put in stores of all types illustrating the need to be prepared in case of bad weather. Quotes from Dr. Neil Frank, former Director of the National Hurricane Center, are a centerpiece for the displays. This campaign will undoubtedly generate a lot of new interest and listeners to the weather radio program. John Feldt, Lead Forecaster at WSFO St. Louis and former WPM at WSFO Louisville, was instrumental in helping bring this campaign to a successful conclusion.

o NOAA Weather Wire Service (NWWS)

— The implementation of the all-new NWWS, based on satellite broadcast technology, is set to begin late this fall. Starting with the upgrade to the Weather Service Forecast Offices (WSFO) at Washington, D.C., and Raleigh, North Carolina, which serve the District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, Delaware, and North Carolina, the rest of the contiguous United States will be upgraded over about a year's period averaging about four states per month. (Puerto Rico, Alaska, and Hawaii will be upgraded after the contiguous states are completed.) Contel ASC of McLean, Virginia, the contractor, will be installing send/receive satellite dishes at each of the WSFO's, the NWWS data-entry points, and small, lightweight receive—only dishes at end user sites.

The new nationwide system will be much faster (1200 bps), much less error-prone, and allow all end users access to all NWWS products from all data-entry points, while keeping costs to a quite reasonable \$90-\$110 a month depending on the particular options selected by users. And importantly, this state-of-the-art upgrade will be reflected in vastly improved service to users in which they will be able to key on Universal Generic codes for fast, site-specific delivery of not only watches and warnings, but eventually special and severe weather statements and other products.

STORM SPOTTER PROGRAM

colorado Highway Department Becomes Statewide Spotter Network Several months ago, officials of the Colorado Department of Highways (CDH) toured WSFC Denver. A discussion on how the two organizations could better help each other resulted in a commitment on the part of CDH to involve its field personnel in becoming trained severe weather spotters. District offices of the State Highway Patrol have direct radio communications with CDH personnel and have direct National Warning System (NAWAS) contact with the NWS offices in the State. The first training sessions were held in April at Limon with instruction by Maury Pautz, MIC(AM), WSFC Denver; Bill Kneas, WPM: WSFC Denver; Mike Looney, DMIC, WSFO Denver; and Larry Tunnell, Hydrologist, WSFC Denver. A Denver TV station covered the first training sessions and another plans to cover the next sessions. The project should reach all 1,600 members of the road crews within the next couple of months.

AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS

o 1988 Chio Tornado Safety Campaign On June 4, the 1988 Chio Tornado Safety campaign came to a close with the awards ceremony for the Tornado Safety Poster Contest. Again this year, the campaign was an unqualified success as reported by Lynn Maximuk, WSFO Cleveland. Even though this has been a very quiet year severe weatherwise, we still received excellent media exposure about severe weather preparedness.

More than 45,000 Chio school children in grades 1-6 entered the poster contest. Winners received passes to enter Sea World and prizes and certificates from the NWS, Ohio Disaster Services Agency, Ohio Insurance Institute, American Red Cross and the Chio Department of Health. The poster contest continues to be an excellent education medium to teach students about severe weather safety.

During the safety campaign, Ohio NWS offices participated in nearly 200 radio and TV programs about severe weather. Our media packet which was mailed out in early March gained excellent visibility for the NWS and severe weather preparedness. Virtually every newspaper and magazine published in Ohio had articles about severe weather preparedness.

Another central focus of the safety campaign was severe weather education in elementary schools. The Ohio Insurance Institute (OII) along with the Chio Department of Education assisted in this regard. A Tornado Safety Curriculum Guide was made available to teachers and the Ohio Insurance Institute provided funding for distribution of twister brochures to Chio elementary school children. This is the 10th year the OII has funded this project. Again this year, we were amazed as over 1,300,000 brochures were distributed in Chio.

o Flash Flood Awareness Week in Nevada Governor Richard Bryan signed a proclamation declaring the week of May 15-21 as Flash Flood Awareness Week in Nevada. The greatest effort focused on the Las Vegas and Reno areas, but NWR messages and media contacts were made by all offices. Although the lack of water remained a critical issue for parts of the state, it was felt the flash flood awareness week effort was needed and very successful.

Daily awareness messages were sent over NWWS as well as public service announcements (PSA) aired throughout the week. In Reno, local TV and radio personalities recorded the PSA's. In Las Vegas, one newspaper, seven radio and two TV station representatives attended press conferences. Numerous radio and TV interviews were done by staffs at Nevada offices. The Nevada OIC's, especially Frank Taylor, and also Roger Lamoni, Mike Ekern, and Doug Armstrong from WSFO Reno deserve particular recognition for their effort in making this a success.

- o Wyoming Hazards Awareness Week A Different Approach The state of Wyoming has contracted with a private company to develop a statewide Hazards Awareness Week in October 1988. Preliminary meetings and a Governor's proclamation have been completed. While the week will cover weather hazards, other topics such as hazardous spills, earthquakes, and dam failures will also be included. It will constitute the NWS Winter Weather Awareness Week, and as such, the NWS Wyoming offices will be heavily involved in supporting this venture.
- O Hurricane Preparedness Activities Dr. Robert Sheets, new Director of the National Hurricane Center, was the featured speaker at a number of hurricane preparedness meetings along the Texas coast. The meetings went well as reported by Al Dreumont, MIC at WSFO San Antonio, who accompanied Dr. Sheets.
- Dr. Sheets traveled to New Orleans to participate in the Hurricane Awareness Conference and participated in several hurricane preparedness meetings along the northwest Florida, Alabama, and Mississippi coasts. In addition to the public hurricane preparedness meetings, a table top exercise concerning the Mississippi coast was very successful and involved FEMA, Mississippi Emergency Management Agency (MEMA), local EMA's, and the NWS representatives.
- o Hurricane Preparedness on TV Beaumont MIC, Louis Withrow, recently worked with the weathercaster from Channel 12 to assemble a three-part program on hurricane preparedness. The series was aired in May as part of the station's overall effort to improve hurricane awareness in the Beaumont-Port Arthur area.
- O Hurricane Hotline Since its inception 3 years ago, the Hurricane Hotline Service has been quite popular. The hotline information benefits the public, and it helps our offices by reducing the inquiries during tropical weather situations. Up to 72,000 calls can be received simultaneously, or up to 216,000 calls per hour. Last year, 52,000 calls were made to the hotline when Hurricane Floyd and an unnamed tropical storm struck the U.S. coast. During an "active" year, such as 1985 when Hurricanes Gloria and Elena threatened the coastline, as many as 700,000 calls have been recorded. The hotline can be accessed by dialing 900-410-NOAA (non-AT&T subscribers must first dial 1-0-288-900). The first minute costs 50 cents, plus 35 cents for each additional minute.

- o Second National Weather Service Winter Weather Workshop On September 26-30, the Second NWS Winter Weather Workshop will be held at the Velvet Cloak Inn in Raleigh, North Carolina. Tentative workshop exercises are planned on the following topics: Rapid Intensification of Coastal Lows; Satellite Interpretation of Winter Storms and Heavy Snow; Adjusting for Initialization Errors in NMC Analysis; and Heavy Snow Forecasting. In addition, a number of winter weather and winter storm papers by operational and research meteorologists are scheduled. Further information can be obtained by calling Laurence Lee, Program Chairman, or Robert Muller, MIC/AM WSFO Raleigh, North Carolina, at 919-840-0450 or FTS 672-4436.
- NWS Participates in 22nd Annual Wisconsin Governor's Conference on Emergency Management Elroy Jagler, MIC (AM), WSFO Milwaukee, and Fred Ostby, Director, NSSFC, each conducted workshops at the largest and oldest consecutive statewide conference on emergency management. The NWS has been a part of these programs for as long as anyone can remember, and the workshops are well attended. Three workshops were held which focused mainly on forecasting, reporting severe weather, and public response. Mark Egener and Bruce Wilson, emergency preparedness and safety officers from the city of Edmonton and province of Alberta, Canada, gave presentations on the Edmonton tornado. Praise on the quality and value of the presentations came from the media covering the event and participants, alike.
- WSFO Minneapolis Helps Canadian Neighbors with Preparedness The Edmondton, Canada, tornado has created a great deal of interest and demand for public preparedness in Canada. At the request of a neighboring Canadian equivalent WSFO, AES Winnipeg, WSFO Minnesota WPM, John Miller, loaned them various spotter and preparedness audiovisuals, pamphlets, and procedures used by local governments and the media to inform the public about the weather hazards and safety measures. The Canadians produced a very attractive and informative 4 x 7-inch booklet covering the entire range of severe weather affecting their area.

WARNING AND PREPAREDNESS BRANCH ACTIVITIES

Natural Hazard Database National Weather Service Headquarters continues work on developing a National Hazard Weather Statistical database. Recently, a proposal was received from NSSFC to physically locate the system in Kansas City. This appears to be the most logical location because of the existing computer facilities, in-residence expertise on database management, and NSSFC is a primary user of the information.

A meeting is scheduled for late August with representatives of the University of Chicago concerning computerizing the publication Storm Data. The outcome of this meeting will in all likelihood determine the implementation schedule and format for the database. Additional information will be forwarded to the NWS field offices as it becomes available.

- Meteorology has recently distributed draft copies of chapter C-49 to the field for review. This chapter has been completely rewritten largely on input from Dr. T. Michael Carter, Senior Social Scientist, at the National Weather Service Headquarters. The revised chapter includes guidelines on how to provide an adequate disaster preparedness program. The chapter should be issued by the fall of 1988.
- Warning Applications Programs The automated warning applications programs that use menus to produce severe weather warnings in weather service offices across the country are being modified for the 1989 severe weather season. GWARN (an AFOS based program) and SRWARN (a PC based program) will accommodate Special Marine Warnings and independent cities as well as those features that were programmed into the previous versions. To help NWS forecasters with special programmed into the previous versions. To help NWS forecasters with special programments of the upgraded NOAA Weather Wire, SRWARN will also include an option to add generic codes to the headers of Severe and Special Weather Statements.
- Weather Reconnaissance Study National Hurricane Center Director, Robert Sheets, plus Donald Wernly and Stephen Harned from the Warning and Forecast Branch, are working with the Department of Defense through the Joint Chiefs of Staff to document the civilian and military requirements for aircraft reconnaissance of tropical cyclones in the Atlantic Basin. The study is in response to a request from Congress to "...evaluate the operational uses of aircraft reconnaissance data with the primary goal of deciding the complimentary aircraft reconnaissance data with the primary goal of deciding the complimentary versus redundancy roles of aircraft and remoting sensing platforms;...". The study is expected to be completed in September.
- Hazards Research and Applications Workshop The National Weather Service was well represented this year at the Hazards Research and Applications Workshop held in Boulder, Colorado. The workshop was sponsored by the Natural Hazards Research and Applications Information Center of the University of Colorado. The intent of the workshop was to bring together all of those interested in the hazards field; such as the Federal Government, state and local agencies, emergency managers, academics, consultants, and the private sector; to explore common opportunities in hazard awareness, warning response, hazard mitigation, and technology transfer. Weather Service participants included: Bob Sheets and Brian Jarvinen, National Hurricane Center; Don Wernly, Steve Harned, and Mike Carter, Office of Meteorology, WSH; Gene Stallings, Office of Hydrology, WSH; Brian Peters, Southern Region Headquarters; Fred Finger, NOAA Climate Analysis Center; and Ric Coleman, WSFO Memphis. Weather Service presentations highlighted present and future warning and forecast programs with an emphasis on future initiatives to enhance the flow of critical information to local decision makers.
 - o Improved Hazardous Weather Dissemination Exercise On July 21-22, 1988, Maury Pautz (MIC/AM) and Mike Looney (DMIC) of WSFO Denver, Tom Schwein and Larry Krudwig from Central Region Headquarters and Don Wernly, Steve Harned and Mike Carter from Weather Service Headquarters (W/OMll) attended meetings with Denver area emergency management and law enforcement officials. As a result of the meetings, these local and state agencies will participate with WSFO Denver in an experiment beginning this coming winter to test improved hazardous weather dissemination between the NWS and local and state governments. This will be the first step in a risk reduction exercise examining dissemination to emergency management officials in the modernized National Weather Service.

Additions and Changes to the 1987 Natural Hazards Statistics Included in the April issue of the DP Report was the summary of the Natural Hazard Deaths for 1987. If you hadn't noticed, the High Wind information was inadvertently left out of the summary. A separate section for the high wind statistics is included as an attachment to this DP report. Just separate it from this report and attach it to the April 1988 issue so you can have a complete compilation of data for 1987. Also, there is a change to the heat related death figures. The total number of deaths as a result of the heat is 40, not 38. The national total for 1987 is now 343. Please replace pages 1 and 10 of the Natural Hazard summary to reflect this change. NOTE: Concerning the heat and cold related deaths, these deaths are only those reported as direct cause of death; for example, heat stroke, hypothermia, etc. This does not count those deaths where weather is a major contributing factor, but not the only factor.

DISASTER PREPAREDNESS ROSTER

James D. Belville, W/OM11

Donald R. Wernly, W/OM11

NWS HEADQUARTERS STAFF

Linda S. Kremkau, W/OMll

Steve W. Harned, W/OMll

John Kwiatkowski

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Mary Jo Parker

Martin Ross

Dick Calcaterra

Dennis Decker Rich Schwerdt Fred Ronco/John Rimkunas

Dave Dilley

Tom Dunham

Bill Drzal

Dave Sisk

Ralph Izzo

Tim Scrom

JULY 1988

FTS	758–3239 758–3229 353–4680 378–2220 862–4496 331–4035 352–5210	279-7018 782-4244 752-2630 564-0661 328-2376 725-3400 362-3243 783-4224 864-4207	588-4000 588-5137 554-9860 793-7215 261-3500 423-4340 470-5794 470-5794 392-6087 585-1311	8-907-271-3886
	Regional (WPM) Regional Hydrologist Chicago (Focal) Ann Arbor (Focal) Des Moines (Focal) Indianapolis (Focal) Louisville (Focal)	St. Louis (Focal) Sioux Falls (Focal) Topeka (Focal) Denver (Focal) Cheyenne (Focal) Minneapolis (Focal) Milwaukee (Focal) Bismarck (Focal) Gmaha (Focal)	Regional (WPM) Regional Hydrologist Boise (Focal) Los Angeles (Focal) Phoenix (Focal) Portland (Focal) Reno (Focal) Salt Lake City (Focal) San Francisco (Focal) Seattle (Focal) Great Falls (Focal)	Regional (WPM) 8-Regional (WPM)
CENTRAL REGION	Larry Krudwig Lee Larson R. Koeneman David Runyan Brian Dowd Jim Allsopp	Guy Tucker Lee Anderson William Barlow Bill Kneas Paul Lauze John Miller Tom Zajdel Richard May	WESTERN REGION Richard Douglas Tony Haffer Scott Kiser Chuck Conway Mike Franjevic Don Northrop Bob Thompson Bill Alder Jan Null Lee Krogh Bob Sims	ALASKA REGION Gary Huffard PACIFIC REGION Vacant
	Forecast Branch Meteorologist Meteorologist	10	562-6586 835-4662 437-4800 722-2882 722-2882 833-3552 833-3552 334-8605 529-0837 334-8505	490-4639 740-5331 738-7362 222-6441 736-5832 730-5025 8-809-753-4893 474-2170 682-6891
	rning and Warnings Warnings ssistant	Regional (WPM) Reg. Hydrologist Cleveland (WPM) Columbia, SC (WPM) Philadelphia (WPM) Parkersburg, WV (WPM) Raleigh (WPM) Washington (WPM)	Albany (Focal) Boston (Focal) Buffalo (Focal) Pittsburgh (Focal) Pittsburgh (Focal) Portland (Focal) Regional (WPM) Atlanta (WPM) Birmingham (WPM) Fort Worth (WPM)	Houston (WFM) Jackson (WPM) Little Rock (WPM) Lubbock (WPM) Memphis (WPM) Oklahoma City (WPM) San Antonio (WPM) San Juan (WPM) Albuquerque (Focal) New Orleans (Focal)

SOUTHERN REGION

Charles Terrell

Brian Peters

Max Blood

Buddy McIntyre

Ron Stagno

David Imy

Nelson DeVilliers

Bill Alexander

Richard Lane

Don DeVore

Bill Hare

Francisco Torres-Cordero

David Billingsley

Frank Revitte

Larry Lahiff







This innovative kit has been designed by the Children's Television Workshop. It is for families to use together long before a hurricane hits.

Safety Information and hurricane facts are presented through a:

- Colorful 16 Page Family Booklet (Essential Information Also In Spanish)
- Song "The Hurricane Blues"
- Family board game "Hurricane Force"

The emphasis is on helping parents and teachers talk to children about hurricanes in a way that is not frightening.

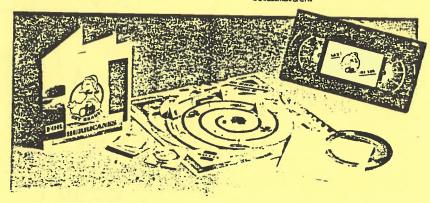


CTWs "Blg Bird Get Ready For Hurricanes" kit can help you teach children teens adults how to prepare for a hurricane and stay safe during it.

The kit's overall message is—
"plan ahead." There are suggestions on how to:

- Put together a family safety kit
- Plan for a hurricane "watch" or "warning"
- Learn what to expect in the recovery period

c 1987 Children's felevision Workshop; Big Bird = 1987 Muspets, Inc. All Rights Reserved; Big Bird Gel Ready is a trademark of CTW





Ordering Information

Big Bird Get Ready
For Hurricanes Kit
individual Copies: \$2.25
Buik Copies:
Quantity Cost per copy
(postage and handing)
100-500 \$2.00
600-and up \$1.75
Big Bird Get Ready Videotape Mest
and Presentor's Guidelines
Each Tape \$19.95
Delivery approximately three weeks

Order Form

Name:		
Address:		
City:		
Zip:	Area Code ()
No. of kits:	No. of Videotape:	<u> </u>
Total payment of \$.		ir
Checkorf	Money order	enclosed

Send To: Children's Television Workshop
Dept. CES/NH
One Lincoln Plaza



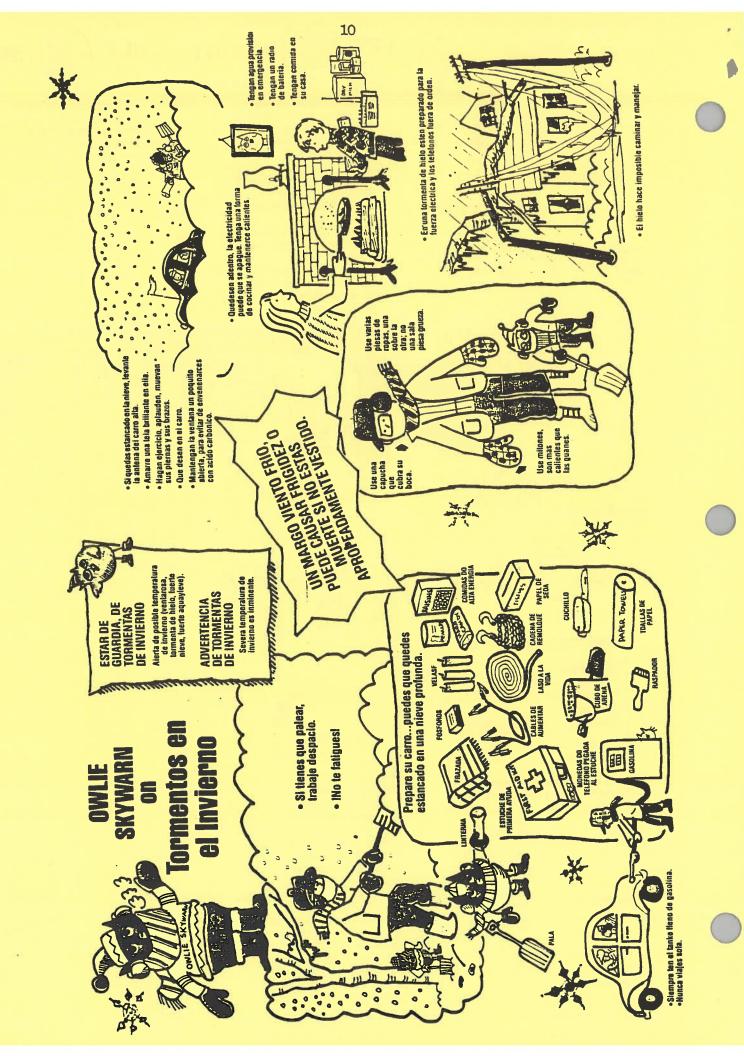
The "Big Bird Get Ready For
Hurricanes" kit can be used by:

State And Local Emergency Managers
Civil Defense And Public Safety
Officers Firefighters Red
Cross Staff National Weather
Sendra & Readeast Materials

Cross Staff National Weather
Service & Broadcast Meteorologists
and others, to heighten public
awareness and interest in preparing
for hurricanes.

The kit can be used with existing hurricane materials and information already in many communities. A presentor's package is available. It includes a videotape and guidelines to help you reach the widest range of people with this information.

These materials have been funded by the Federal Emergency Management Agency with additional support for the American Bed Cross and the National Weather Service. LI CESINH Lincoln Plaza



NATURAL HAZARD DEATHS IN 1987 in the United States

A Summary

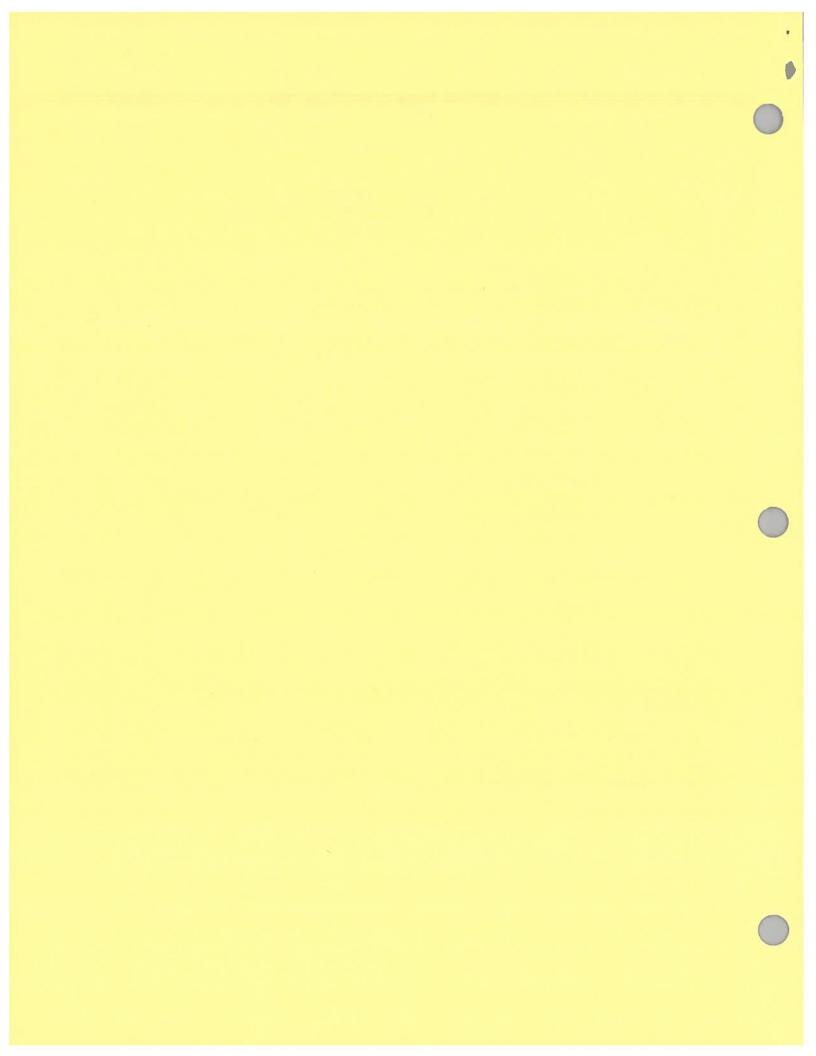
Brian E. Peters Regional Warning Preparedness Meteorologist Southern Region Headquarters, Fort Worth, TX

Information on weather-caused deaths collected from Storm Data shows that 343 people lost their lives in 1987, down slightly from the 349 total in 1986. As the table below shows, lightning led the list with 88 fatalities followed by floods/flash floods, tornadoes, wind, heat, and winter storms. There were no deaths directly attributable to hurricanes and tropical storms.

Weather Event	1987 Deaths	20-Year Normal
Lightning	88	97
Floods/Flash Floods	70	163
Tornadoes	59	98
High Wind	56	
Heat	40	
Winter Storms	30	
Hurricanes/Tropical Storms	0	33

(--- in the 20-Year Normal column indicates normal value not yet established.)

The weather caused at least one death on 128 individual days in 1987; in other terms, approximately every third day someone died from a weather hazard. May 22nd was the single deadliest day in 1987 when a tornado killed 30 people and destroyed much of Saragosa, Texas. April 4th was the second deadliest day when flood waters caused a bridge to collapse on the New York State Thruway killing 11 people.



Winter Storm Deaths - 1987 by Age Group and Gender

		<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	All	Percent
A	0 to 9	1	0	1	3%
g	10 to 19	1	2	3	10%
e	20 to 29	0	5	5	17%
	30 to 39	1	5	6	20%
G	40 to 49	1	7	8	27%
r	50 to 59	0	1	1	3%
0	60 to 69	1	3	4	13%
u	70 to 79	1	0	1	3%
p	80 to 89	0	1	1	3%
	90 & above	0	0	0	0%
	Total	6	24	30	99% *
	Percent	20%	80%	100%	
	Average Age	49.6	48.4	48.7	

(* - rounding to the nearest percent causes the column to sum to less than 100 percent)

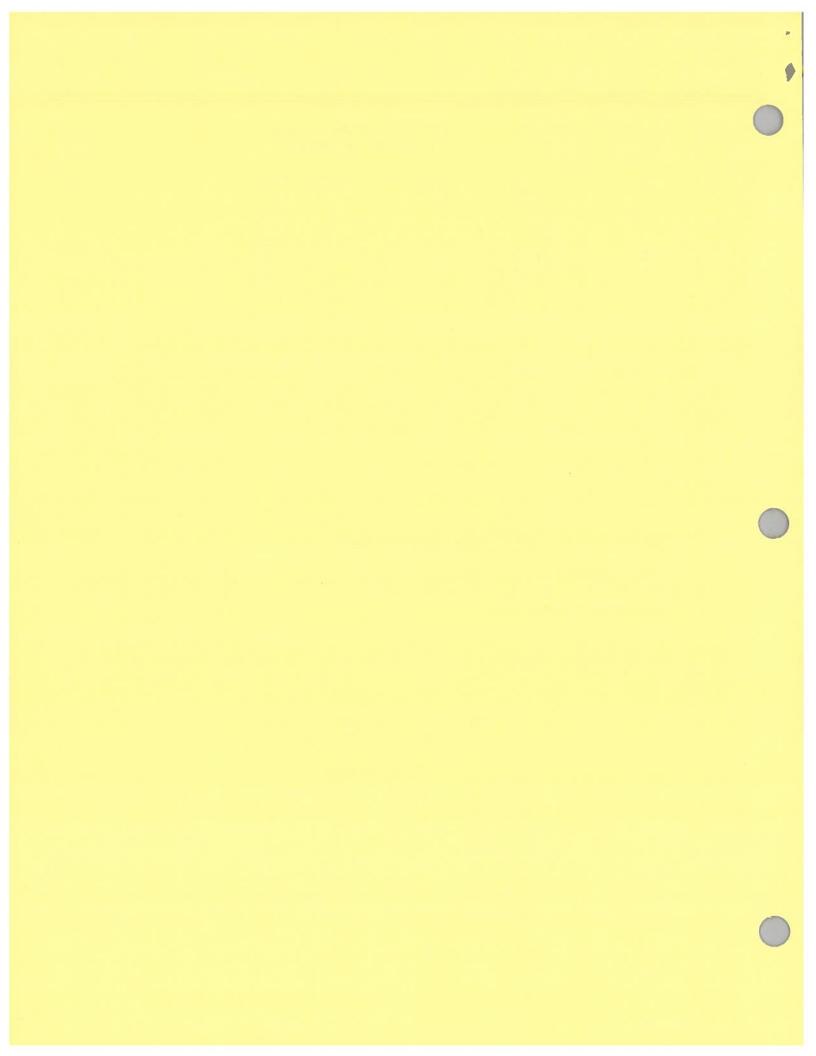
Heat Related Deaths - 1987

Eight states reported heat related deaths in 1987 including Georgia (16), Arkansas (9), Illinois (6), Iowa (4), Nebraska (2), New York (1), Oklahoma (1), and South Carolina (1).

The majority of deaths below 50 occurred in males doing strenous physical activity during high heat times. The statistics also indicate that people above 60 are more susceptible to the stress placed on the body by high heat conditions.

Heat Related Deaths - 1987 by Age Group and Sex

		<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>All</u>
A	0 to 9	0	0	0
g	10 to 19	0	1	1
е	20 to 29	0	2	2
G	30 to 39	0	6	6
r	40 to 49	1	4	5
0	50 to 59	1	3	4
u	60 to 69	7	4	11
p	70 to 79	4	2	6
	80 to 89	4	1	5
	90 & above	0	0	0
	Total	17	23	40
	Percent	43%	58%	101%
	Average Age	68.9	47.8	56.8



Wind Related Deaths - 1987

Twenty states reported wind related deaths in 1987; Texas topped the list with nine total wind related deaths, while Michigan was second with seven, and Alaska and Oregon were third with six.

Boating activities remained extremely susceptible to the effects of wind, as 20 people died in boating related situations in 1987. Vehicles was a close second with 15 deaths; these deaths occurred primarily when falling objects such as trees, tree limbs, or power lines fell on vehicles.

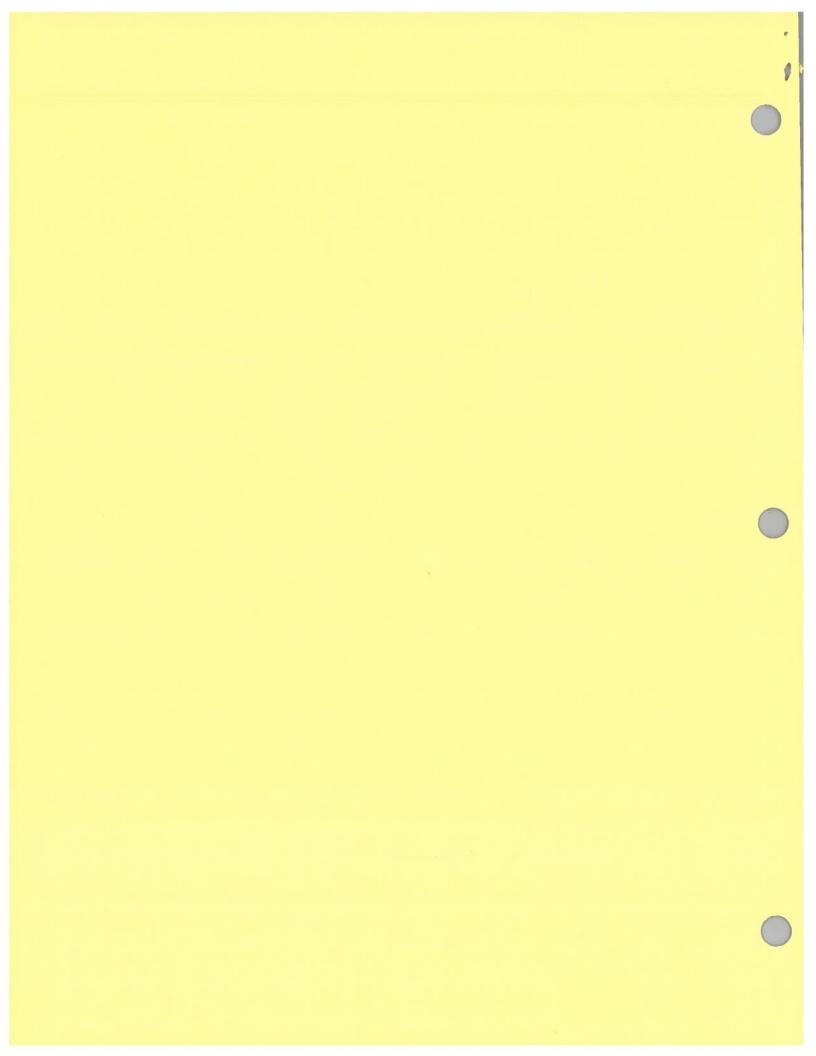
Seventy-two percent of wind related deaths occurred in people ages 39 and below (36 of 50 known ages).

Wind Related Deaths - 1987 by Age Group

		High Wind	TSTM Wind	A11
A g e G r o u p	0 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 29 30 to 39 . 40 to 49 50 to 59 60 to 69 70 to 79 Unknown	4 6 5 0 3 3 1 6	2 2 4 8 2 2 3 0	6 8 9 13 2 5 6 1
	Total	33	23	56
	Percent	59%	41%	100%
	Average Age	43.7	35.3	40.3

Wind Related Deaths - 1987 by Gender

		High	TSTM	
		Wind	WIND	A11
G	Female	6	8	14
е	Male	25	15	40
n	Unknown	2	0	2
d				
е	A11	33	23	56
r				



Wind Related Deaths - 1987 by State

S	AK AR CA CO FL GA IL	High Wind 6 1 3 0 1 1 0	TSTM Wind 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 2 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	A11 6 1 4 1 1 2		Wind Relate by L	d Death	ns - 198 n	37
t	MA MI	1 0	0 7	7			High	TSTM	A11
a	NM NV	1 2	0	1 2	L	Boat	Wind 16	Wind 4	20
t	0K	0	1 0	1 6	0 C	Mobile Homes Outside	1 5	5 4	6 9
e	OR PA	0	2	2	a	Permanent Hor		1	1 3
	TN	1	0 5	1 9	t	Swimming Vehicles	0 9	6	15
	TX UT	4	1	5	o	Unknown	2	0	2
	WI WV ALL	0 0 33	1 1 23	1 1 56	n	All	33	23	56

Wind Related Deaths - 1987 by Month

	High	TSTM	
	Wind	Wind	A11
Jan.	2	0	2
Feb.	1	2	3 2 5 3
Mar.	1	1	2
Apr.	4	1	5
May	1 4 0 3 6 0 1 5 2	3 6 7 0	
Jun.	3	6	9
Jul.	6	7	13
Aug.	0	0	0
Sep.	1	0	1
Oct.	5	0	5
Nov.	2	0 0 3 0	1 5 5 8
Dec.	8	0	8
A11	33	23	56

