Impact-Based Decision Support Services for the National Airspace System

June 10, 2022

David G. Bieger Meteorologist-in-Charge National Aviation Meteorologists

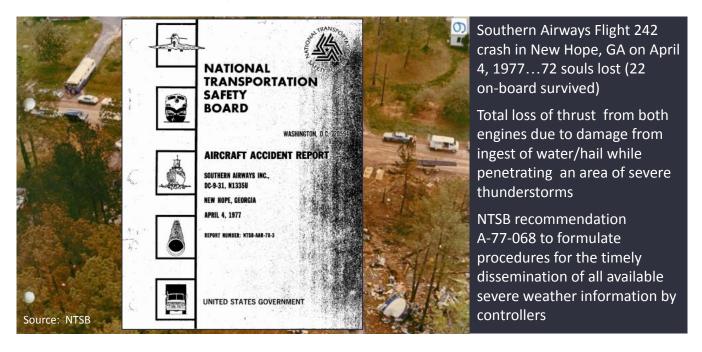
49 U.S.C. § 44720, Sec. (a) Meteorological Services

"The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration shall make recommendations to the Secretary of Commerce on providing meteorological services necessary for the safe and efficient movement of aircraft in air commerce. In providing the services, the Secretary shall cooperate with the Administrator and give complete consideration to those recommendations."





Why We Are Here



One year later FAA had 3x NWS meteorologists in 13 ARTCCs...by August 1981, FAA had 4x NWS meteorologists in all 21 ARTCCs...that partnership continues to this day!

NOAA/NWS Aviation Program







122 Weather Forecast Offices

21 Center Weather Service Units



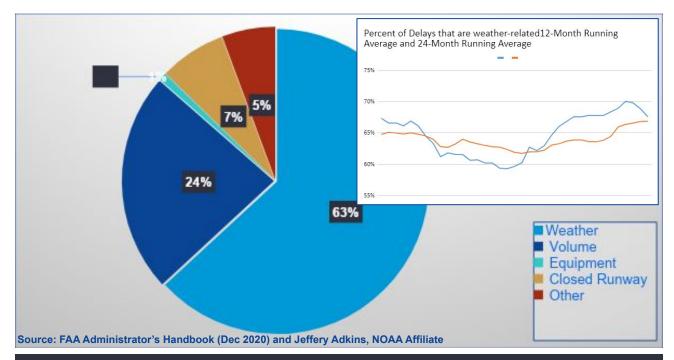
3 Meteorological Watch Offices



2 Volcanic Ash Advisory Centers

NWS Meteorologists provide embedded Impact-Based Decision Support Services at the ATCSCC as well as the 21 ARTCCs

Causes of National Airspace System Delays



As much as 67% of the delay in the NAS can be attributed to weather, resulting in US economic losses of roughly 23,000,000,000 USD annually.

Multi-Million Dollar Losses to Aviation

18,411 Cancellations

1/22-1/25 2016 – Winter Storm/Thunderstorms

211,226 Min of Delay

8/20/15 - Thunderstorms

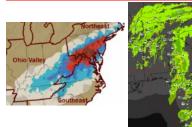
322 Diversions

6/15/15 Thunderstorms

~\$8K Loss / Flight (variable per flight/aircraft type)







Cancellations → Mostly due to Snow/Ice

<u>Diverts</u> → Mostly due to TS/CIGs/VSBY

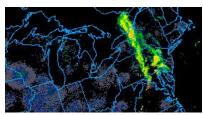
<u>Delays</u> → Mostly due to TS/CIGs/VSBY

~\$74 Loss / Minute



AM & PM TS EWR, LGA, JFK & PHL (Routes Blocked)

AM TS
IAH ↔ DFW
(Routes Blocked
& TS at
Terminal)

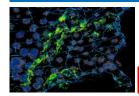


~\$16M Losses

Cost Data provided by:



~\$8K Loss / Flight (variable per flight/aircraft type)



TS Impacting:
ORD – NY/PHL/DC
ORD – DFW
DFW – IAH

~\$2.6M Losses

*Some airlines

build divert

costs into

budaets

Types of Losses

Airline Crew (timeout)
Missed connection
Missed meeting/vacation
Hotel (airline/passengers)
Reimbursing Tickets
Food
Taxis

Rental Cars
Fuel (airlines & passengers)
Maintenance (airlines)

Lost demand (passenger uses other means)
GDP reduced

Tarmac rule (> 3 hours)

\$27,500 per passenger (paid to Trans Dept)

Cancel/Divert/Delay Data Provided by:



Brief History of the NAMs

- Pre-1995
 - NWS Meteorologists at ATCSCC
- Post-1995
 - FAA Weather Specialists at ATCSCC
- May 2012
 - NWS Returned to ATCSCC (2x Meteorologists)
- August 2014
 - 1x Meteorologist & 1x Manager Added
- July 2016
 - 2x Meteorologists Added
- January 2019
 - Last FAA Specialist Retires
- NOW
 - 1x Manager, 5x NWS Mets



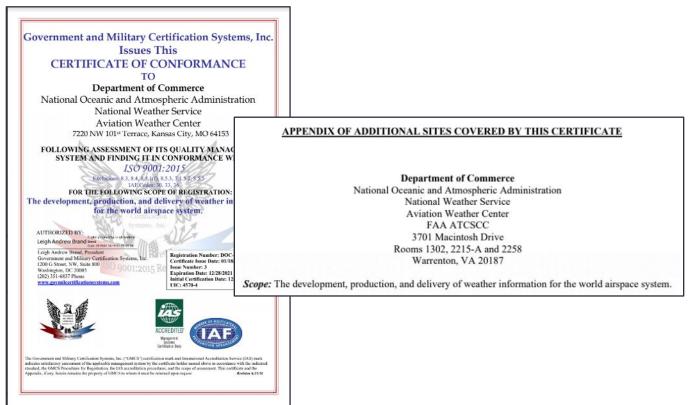
Aviation Weather Center





The Aviation Weather
Center, located in
Kansas City, MO,
shares a facility with
National Weather
Service Central
Region Headquarters,
as well as the NWS
Training Center.

Quality Management System



This is Our Mission

AWC Mission

The Aviation Weather Center's highly skilled people deliver global operational aviation weather products and services essential to safe and efficient flight, and economic well-being.

NAM Mission

Ensure the safe and efficient operation of the National Airspace System through the provision of timely, relevant, accurate and consistent environmental information to decision makers.

Key Aviation Stakeholders



Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)



National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB)



Airlines For America (A4A)



International Air Transportation Association (IATA)



National Business Aviation Association (NBAA)



General Aviation
Community



Aircraft Owner and Pilot Association (AOPA)

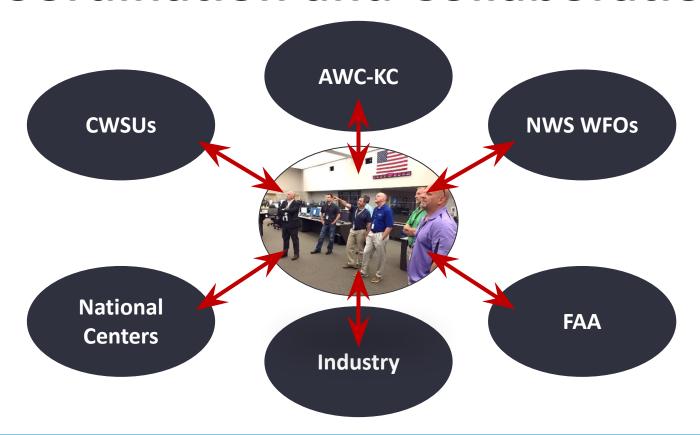


International Meteorological Service Providers



International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)

Coordination and Collaboration



NWS Support to ATCSCC

Improve safety, efficiency, and decision making for the National Airspace System

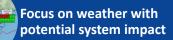
Support Collaborative Decision Making

Balance air traffic demand with system capacity



Fully Integrated and Embedded IDSS





Our goal is to paint a cohesive national weather picture to the Command Center to improve safety, efficiency, and decision making.

Impact-Based Decision Support Services

"Information is cheap. Meaning is expensive."

- George Dyson, Science/Technology Historian

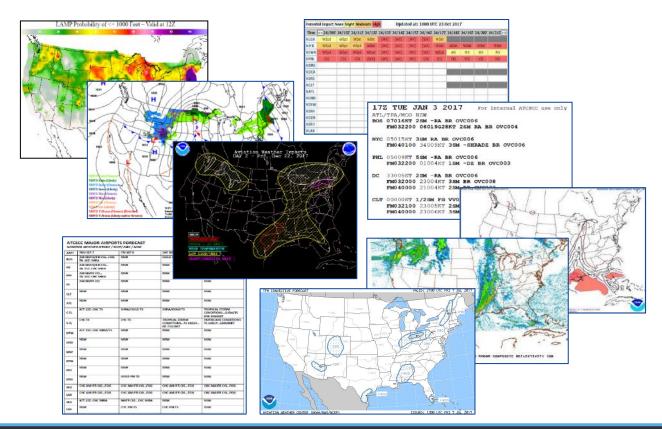
Weather information is voluminous.
This can lead to "paralysis by analysis."



Experience, training, interpretation and insight

= keys to aiding in smart, safe, & effective decision making!

Daily Products and Briefings



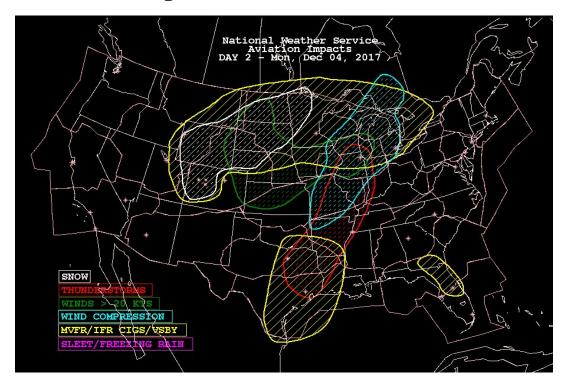
Aviation Weather Impacts Catalog

Airport	WINDS (wind speed or guats triggers category) [>= WDIR1 & <= WDIR2) AND (> WSPDmin & <= WSPDmax) OR (> WGSTmin & <= WGSTmax)]]								CIG (If cou	h are needed to meet CAT), t CAT on its own. < CIGmax)]	VSBY - (If c	oupled with v , otherwise n & [(>= V	eeds to n	WEATHER (Independent of Wind)					
	>= WDIR1	<= WDIR2 > WS	PDmin	<= WSPDmax	> WGSTmin	<= WGSTmax	CAT	Wind Notes	>= ClGmin	< ClGmax	CAT	CIG Notes	>= ViSmin	< VISmax	CAT	VIS NOTES	wx	CAT	WX NOTES
ANY	000	360	0	999	0	999	0		000	999	0		0	0.55	3	Generic; see airport criteria	SN	3	
ANY	000	360	0	999	0	999	0		000	002	3	Generic; see airport criteria	0	999	0	9.	FZRA	3	
ANY	000	360	0	999	0	999	0		000	999	0		0.55	0.8	2	Generic; see airport criteria	FZDZ	3	
ANY	000	360	0	999	0	999	0		000	999	0		0.8	1.55	1	Generic; see airport criteria	IP.	3	
ANY	000		0	999	0	999	0		002	005	2	Generic; see airport criteria	0	999	0		TS	3	
ANY	000		0	999	0	999	0		005	008	1	Generic; see airport criteria	0	999	0				
ANY	000	360	29	999	34	999	3	Generic; see airport criteria	000	999	0		0	999	0				
BOS	20	170	20	999	25	999	3		000	999	0		000	999	0		RA	1	
BOS	20	170	0	20	0	25	0		000	999	0		.0	1	3	?	SHRA	1	
BOS	20		0	20	0	25	0		000	999	0		1	5	2	7	DZ	1	
BOS	20	170	0	20	0	25	0		000	005	3	AAR=28	000	999	0		FU	1	
BOS	20	170	0	20	0	25	0		005	015	2	AAR=32	000	999	0		BLDU	1	
BOS	20	170	0	20	0	25	0		015	035	- 1	AAR=38	000	999	0		VCFG	- 1	
BOS	180	10	0	17	22	25	0		000	005	3		.0	999	0		BCFG	- 1	
BOS	180	10	0	17	22	25	0		005	009	2		0	999	0				
BOS	180	10	0	17	22	25	0		009	031	1	AAR=38	0	999	0	7			
BOS	180	10	0	17	22	25	0		000	999	0		3	4	1				
BOS	180	10	0	17	22	25	0		000	999	0		1	3	2				
BOS	180	10	0	17	22	25	0		000	999	0		0	1	3				
BOS	180	10	17	999	25	999	3	AAR=30-32	000	999	0		0	999	0		_	_	_
LGA	280	350	11	17	17	23	1	04/22 X-WIND	000	999	0		0	999	0		RA	1	
LGA	280	350	17	20	23	30	2	04/22 X-WIND	000	999	0		0	999	0		SHRA	- 1	
LGA	280	350	20	999	30	999	3	04/22 NOT USED; AAR=28-30	000	999	0		0	999	0		DZ	1	
LGA	360	90	6	12	16	20	2		000	999	0		0	999	0		FU	1	
LGA	360		12	999	20	999	3		000	999	0		0	999	0		BLDU	1	
LGA	100		11	17	17	23	1	04/22 X-WIND;	000	999	0		0	999	0		VCFG	1	
LGA	100		17	20	23	30	2	04/22 X-WIND;	000	999	0		0	999	0		BCFG	1	
LGA	100		20	999	30	999	3	04/22 NOT USED;AAR=28-30	000	999	0		0	999	0				
LGA	170		6	12	16	20	2		000	999	0		0	999	0				
LGA	170		12	999	20	999	3		000	999	0		0	999	0				
LGA	10		0	999	0	999	0		000	999	0		3	5	2				
LGA	10		0	999	0	999	0		000	999	0		0	3	3				
LGA	10		0	999	0	999	0		010	032	1	445.00	0	999	0				
LGA	10	999	0	999	0	999	0		000	003	3	AAR=32	0	999	0				
LGA	10	360	0	999	0	999	0		003	005	2	AAR=34	0	999	0				
EWR	110		11	15	16	20	2	04/22 CROSSWIND	000	999	0		0	999	0		RA.	1	
EWR	110		15	999	20	999	3	04/22 CROSSWIND									SHRA	1	
EWR	170		11	15	15	20	1	11 NOT USED	000	999	0		0	999	0		DZ	- 1	
EWR	170		15	29	20	34	2												
EWR	270	330	11	15	15	20	.1												

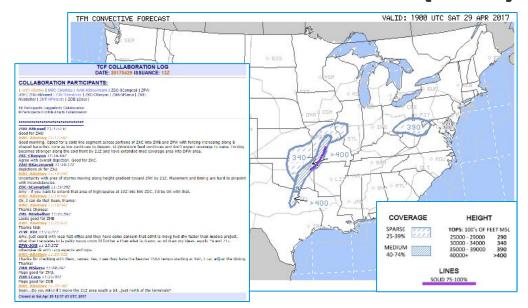
TAF Impacts Board

Potentia	l Imp	act None	Slight	Moderate	e High			Val	id at: 1	000 UT	C 07 Fe	b 2020			
Time	OBS	07/10Z	07/117	07/12Z	07/13Z	07/14Z	07/15Z	07/16Z	07/17Z	07/18Z	07/19Z	07/202	07/21Z	07/22Z>>	
@ТОРЕ															
KBOS	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	WSpd	WSpd	WSpd	WSpd	WSpd	
KCLE	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	
KLGA	VIS	VIS	VIS	VIS	VIS	WX	WGst	WSpd	WSpd	WSpd	WSpd	WSpd	WSpd	WSpd	
KEWR	CIG	VIS	VIS	VIS	VIS	WX	WSpd	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WSpd	WSpd	WSpd	
KJFK	VIS	VIS	VIS	VIS	VIS	CIG	CIG	WX	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	
KPIT	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX						
KPHL	VIS	VIS	VIS	VIS	VIS	CIG	CIG	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	
KBWI	VIS	[VIS]			WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst		
KIAD	VIS	VIS			WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst		
KDCA	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst						
KCLT	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst		
KATL															
кмсо															
KTPA													Poter	ntial in	npacts noted are
KFLL		WX	[WX]												
KMIA		WX	[WX]	WX									<u>airpo</u>	rt-spec	<u>cific</u> , based on
@ТОРС													Aviat	ion W	x Impacts Catalo
KMSP	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX					4	Aviul	IUII VV	k impacts cataic
KDTW	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX										
KORD	WX	WX													
KMDW	WX	WX	WX												
KCVG	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst	WGst		
KSTL	WX	WX	WX												
KMEM	WX														
KDFW															
KIAH															
@ТОРW															
KSEA	VIS	VIS	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	
KPDX	WSpd	WSpd	WSpd										1		
KSLC															
KDEN	VIS	[WX]	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	WX	
KSFO				VIS	VIS	[CIG]	[CIG]	[CIG]	[CIG]						7
KLAS			İ									İ			11
KLAX					CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG	CIG						
КРНХ															
KSAN				İ											
														07/22Z	ii 1

NAS Daily Weather Outlook

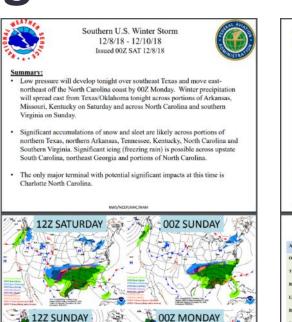


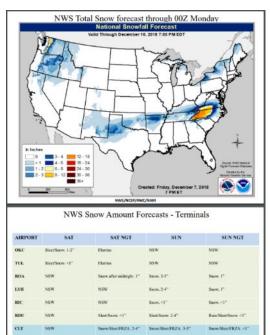
Traffic Flow Management Convective Forecast (TCF)

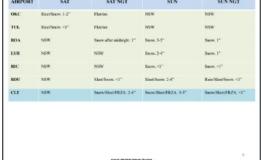


Collaboration is vital! TCF is the primary convective guidance for the FAA to determine Traffic Management Initiatives.

Significant Event Updates







PERTI Program Overview

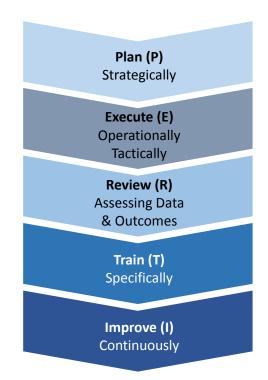
Expand and align the planning horizon to better prepare for predictable PLAN events and mitigating impacts.

EXECUTE Execute the pre-tactical plan to serve as the basis of daily operations.

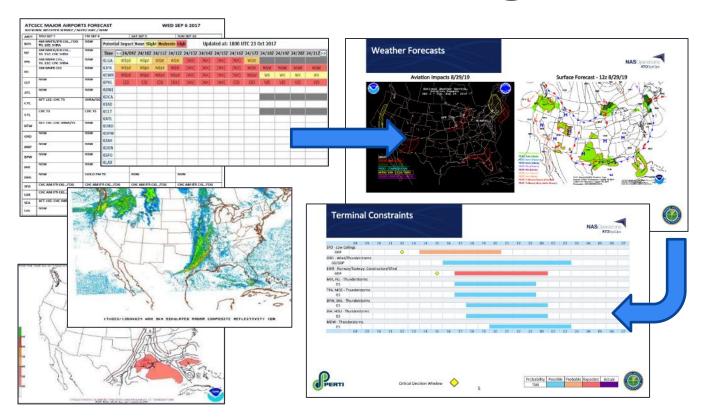
REVIEW Develop operational insights using data, metrics and tools to expand the institutional knowledge.

TRAIN Use the information gained through the Review process to specifically customize appropriate training on processes and systems.

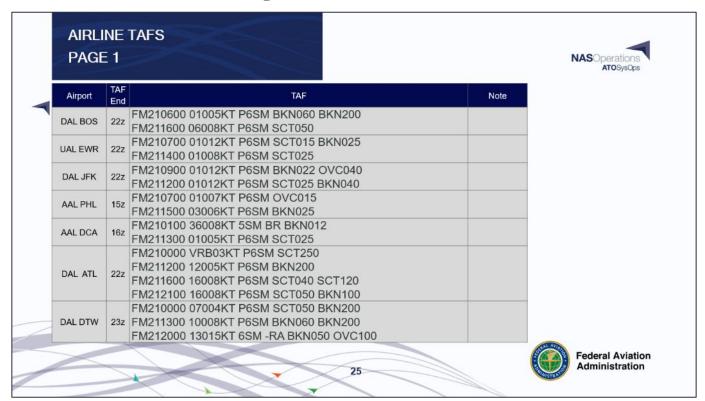
Measure new capabilities and system performance with key metrics and **IMPROVE** integrate lessons learned into the operation to continuously refine and improve processes.



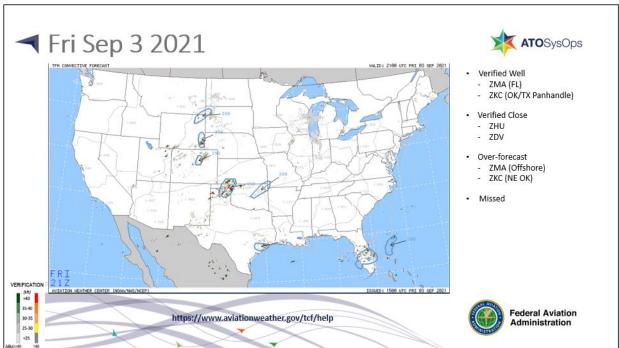
PERTI Planning

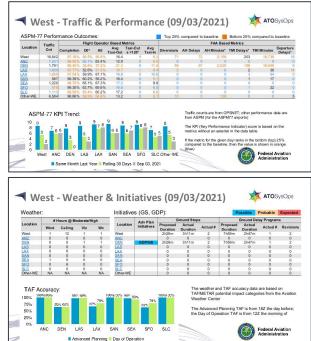


Industry Collaboration



TCF Verification and Daily Review





QC Assessments



Seattle Low IMC Fog Event - 11/20/18



Overview: A period of low instrument meteorological conditions occurred at Sea-Tac International Airport from approximately 10502 to 18302 on Tuesday, November 20, 2018. During this period, ceilings lowered to 100ft AGL with an indefinite ceiling reported for up to an hour at times. Visibility was reduced to less than 1/16 mile with periods of Runway Visual Range as low as 300ft. A brief period of improvement occurred between 1348-14352, with visibility 45M and no ceiling, however, LIMC conditions returned and persisted until the end of the period.

Forecast: Discussion Monday emphasized continued high pressure in place across the region, with patchy fog likely overnight Monday into early Tuesday morning, and areas of IMC fog possible. Near surface moisture, with dry/stable air above it, was forecast, with light southerly winds aloft. This supported conditions favorable for radiation fog development, particularly near moisture sources and valleys, but vitucially not videosread or long duration.

Forecast confidence in a LIMC fog event increased Monday evening, as lowland fog began to develop earlier than anticipated. DCC weather, NWS and DAL all blegan forecasting a low or very low IMC fog at Sea-Tac early fuseday morning, with a larger coverage area.



Northeast Winter Storm - 11/15/18



Overdew: Low pressure developing along the southeastern U.S. coast moved north into the Mid Atlantic and northeastern U.S. A variety of precipitation occurred with mostly snow inland and a mixture of snow, sieer, freezing rain and rain along and east of the 195 complex.

Model forecasts, from Nevember 138-34⁸, were mostly favoring the rain/pione line moving west of the L95 certifier Husday morning in the DC area, with PHL and N90 airports turning ever to rain during the afternoon. The rain/pione line moved westernor much slower than anticipated, and resided in a more lengthy period of howers snow and sket than enginally

Obs TAPs were used, due to the fact that they were based on the Obs model guidance. Early morning decisions were being made on the evernight TAPs. After 12z the TAPs were frequently amended to better fit the ongoing weather situation(s) at the included all interests.

<u>Venification:</u> The High Rosolution Rapid Refresh model (HRRR) seemed to resolve the rain/snow line position and movement much better than other guidance for this event in the DC to PHL corridor. The HARR was too quick with the change to rain from the Laboratory of the Laboratory o

images included:

- 24 hour snow/ice accumulation analysis
- + 11/15/18 00Z HRRR (High Resolution Rapid Hefresh) forecasts of precipitation type valid 12z, 15z, 18z, 21z & 00z

Key Data Included

- O6Z NWS TAP: for DCA, IAD, BWI, PHI, FWR, IGA & JFK
 O6Z DAI TAP: for DCA, IGA & JFK
- DEZ UAL TAPS for IAD & FWR
- DOZ GAL TAPS FOR TAD & EWR
 DOZ AAL TAP FOR DCA. PHL & JFK.
- . Key METARS for DCA, IAD, BWI, PHL, EWR, LGA & JFK



Sea-Tac IAP (SEA) TAF & METAR



NWS TAF 18Z Monday, 19 November

SEA KSEA 191743Z 1918/2024 VRB03KT P6SM VCFG

TEMPO 1918/1919 55M BR 5CT002 FM192000 35005KT P65M SKC

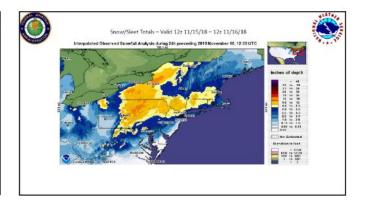
FM200500 05004KT P6SM SKC FM201000 05004KT 2SM BR BKN005 TEMPO 2012/2016 1SM BR BKN002

FM201600 05005KT 5SM BR SCT005 SCT200 FM201800 34006KT P6SM SCT200 FM202100 35006KT P6SM SCT150 BKN200

DAL TAF 23Z Monday, 19 November

FM192300 26005KT P6SM SKC FM200400 05004KT P6SM SKC FM201100 05004KT 1/25M F6 BKN002 TEMPO 2011/2016 1/45M F6 OVC001 FM201700 04004KT 15M BR BKN004 FM201900 32005KT P6SM SCT250 FM210001 15004KT P6SM BKN200

Both NWS and DAL TAFs begin forecasting potential for LIFR Ceilings Tuesday morning the day prior with similar start and end times. DAL TAF is slightly more aggressive, with cig/vis lower and longer.



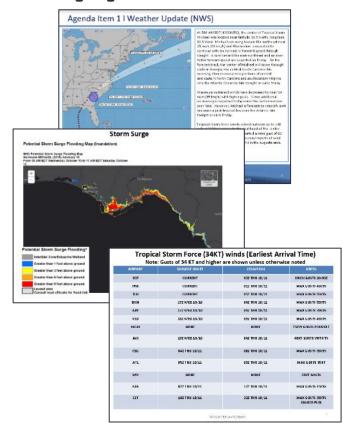


NATIONAL AVIATION METEOROLOGISTS

JATOC/J-CAT Support

What is the JATOC Crisis Action Team?

- Part of the Joint Air Traffic Operations Command's (JATOC) Incident Command System
- NAMs provide support during J-CAT activation similar to NWS support to State/Federal Emergency Operations Centers
- Activation triggered by a wide spectrum of events, from civil unrest to natural disasters
- Routine support to ATO Watch Officer
 (AWO) continues when J-CAT not active



Key Aviation Weather Websites

- <u>https://www.weather.gov/aviation/</u>
 NWS Aviation Weather Services Homepage
- <u>https://www.aviationweather.gov/</u>
 Aviation Weather Center Homepage
- <u>https://www.aviationweather.gov/trafficflowmgmt/portal</u>
 Traffic Flow Management Portal
- https://www.weather.gov/###
 Center Weather Service Units (### is ARTCC...e.g. zdc)
- <u>https://mobile.weather.gov/</u>
 Mobile browser friendly page

"First, it should be understood that forecasts possess no intrinsic value. They acquire value through their ability to influence the decisions made by users of the forecast."

- Allan H. Murphy, Weather and Forecasting (June 1993)

"Weather is intertwined with nearly every decision we make."

- Bryan Beck, ATCSCC National Operations Manager



Questions?

