

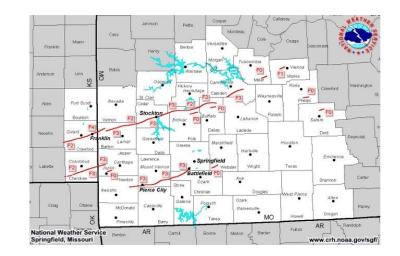
"To provide weather and flood warnings, public forecasts and advisories for all of the United States...and it territories...for the protection of life and property.

National Weather Service

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National Weather Service

Natural Hazard Risk Assessment **Information For: Greene County Missouri**



Information Provided By WFO Springfield, Mo

2009 Update

Includes data and information through December 2008

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This document is intended to provide general information on severe weather that has affected Greene County and the communities with in the county.

By Gene Hatch Meteorologist Intern WFO Springfield. Mo.

Local Climatology

<u>Average</u>	es and reco	ords for Spi
42	22	
48	26	
58	35	
68	44	
76	53	
85	62	
90	67	
90	66	
81	57	
71	46	
56	35	
46	26	

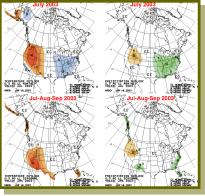
Links for Climate information

- www.crh.noaa.gov/sgf/
- www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/
- <u>www4.ncdc.noaa.gov</u>
- <u>web.missouri.edu/~moclimat/</u>
- mrcc.sws.uiuc.edu/
- <u>agebb.missouri.edu/weather/index.htm</u>

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-			-	
6.6"	76	-19	23.1"	
4.4"	84	-29	24.1"	
2.9"	92	-8	23.9"	
0.4"	93	16	7.1"	
0	95	29	6.1"	
0	101	42	0	
0	113	44	0	
0	106	44	0	
0	104	30	0	
Т	93	18	3.7"	
1.7"	81	4	19.5"	
4"	77	-16	20.5"	
			003 " / ~ ~ 1 (/ - July 2003 * · ·	_

oringfield, Missouri in Greene County



Historic Weather in Southwest Missouri

Jan. 8th-1997...Six inches or more of snow fell over much southwest, south central and central Missouri from noon on the eighth to noon on the ninth. The heaviest snow fell in a band from Cassville to Springfield north to Hermitage where up to ten inches was recorded. Damage estimates at 670K dollars were due to the cost of snow removal. Mar. 12th–1961...A tornado touched down at 745 am in southern Greene County and moved northeast from near Plainview road towards the KWTO towers. The tornado blew down 2 of KWTO's towers, damaged the roof on the Disney school and damage 3 other homes.

Apr. 23rd-1967...A severe thunderstorm formed over the northwest portion of the city of Springfield, MO spawning a tornado. The weather service office measured a wind gust of 63 mph as the tornado moved through the center of the city. Nearly 1000 homes and businesses were destroyed with one fatality and 9 injuries reported.

May 4th- 2003...Three tornadic supercell thunderstorms formed over southeast Kansas and moved across the Missouri Ozarks, spawning 13 tornadoes. This was a very rare event for this part of Missouri since many of the tornadoes experienced across this area are short lived small tornadoes.





This event surpassed the December 17-18, 2002 tornado event in both loss of lives and property damage, and exceeded tornado events that occurred over the past 100 Years for this part of Missouri. The hardest hit locations included Battlefield, Stockton and Pierce City. 14 tornadoes resulted in extensive damage and 24 deaths. Several of the tornadoes tracked long distances ranging from 15 to 80 miles.

Jun. 9th-1975...Thunderstorms that developed over the Springfield area dropped 3.62 inches of rainfall in one hour. This was the greatest hourly rainfall rate recorded for Springfield. Nov. 11th-1911...A high of 80 and low of 13 were recorded on the same day in Springfield. A cold front, ahead of a very cold airmass, moved through the Ozarks making temperatures fall rapidly. Nov. 29th-1991...An F4 tornado that developed 3 miles north of Nixa tracked southeast for 10 miles to Springfield and lifted over east Springfield. Extensive damage to homes and businesses was reported. 2 deaths and 64 injuries were directly related to the tornado.

Dec. 17-18th-2002...At approximately 1118 pm a tornado struck near Chesapeake Mo. The F2 tornado hit the Lucky Lady trailer park in addition to 1 home northeast and 3 homes southwest of the trailer park. The tornado resulted in 1 fatality and 15 injuries.

National Weather Service Overview of Weather Hazards in Southwest Missouri & Extreme Southeast Kansas

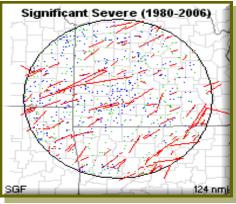
From 1961 to 2008, 522 tornadoes were reported in the 37 counties that WFO Springfield is responsible for, with an average of 11 occurring each year. There were 71 fatalities from these tornadoes, or near one and a half each year. Tornadoes occurred during every month of the year and at every hour of the day. The majority of these tornadoes are weak, but the occurrence of strong and violent storms is always a possibility and cannot be discounted.

The Ozarks experiences between 50 and 70 thunderstorm days a year. During any given storm, large hail, damaging winds and microbursts are possible. The Ozarks go through three severe thunderstorm seasons during the course of the year. The spring season is the period that supercell thunderstorms are most common, next comes Weather in the Ozarks summer as large clusters of storms move across the region, mainly during the overnight hours. Finally fall sees the return of supercells and tornadoes, squall lines and training storms (thunderstorms that form and move over the same area).

The region is affected during the course of any year by flooding, drought, heat and cold extremes and winter storms. Heat extremes and flooding have caused the greatest number of fatalities in the area. Winter storms affect the region in many forms. Ice storms, heavy snow and extreme cold have occurred across the area. Freezing rain is the typical form ice storms in the Ozarks take. Ice storms have deposited 2 to 3 inches of ice during their duration causing power outages, tree damage, and traffic problems.

Tornadoes by county for the Springfield County Warning Area from 1950 to June 2003

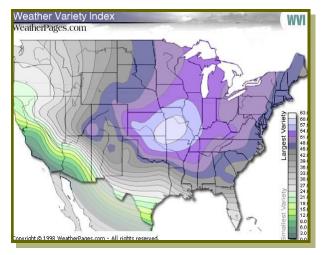
County	F0/1	F2	F3	F4	F5	County	F0/1	F2	F3	F4	F5	County	F0/1	F2	F3	F4	F5
BARRY	20	7	1	0	0	DOUGLAS	8	6	1	0	0	OREGON	9	4	2	1	0
BARTON	23	1	3	1	0	GREENE	19	10	3	1	0	OZARK	21	2	2	1	0
BENTON	18	2	4	0	0	HICKORY	8	1	1	0	0	PHELPS	15	4	2	0	0
BOURBON,KS	10	5	0	0	0	HOWELL	20	11	3	1	0	POLK	16	3	0	0	0
CAMDEN	15	6	1	0	0	JASPER	30	5	4	1	0	PULASKI	9	4	1	0	0
CEDAR	10	2	3	0	0	LACLEDE	9	6	1	0	0	SHANNON	11	1	1	0	0
CHEROKEE,KS	28	5	2	1	0	LAWRENCE	11	2	3	0	0	ST.CLAIR	13	2	2	0	0
CHRISTIAN	19	2	1	1	0	MARIES	4	3	0	0	0	STONE	10	3	0	0	0
CRAWFORD,KS	19	11	3	1	0	McDONALD	11	5	0	0	0	TANEY	6	1	0	0	0
DADE	11	2	2	0	0	MILLER	22	3	0	0	0	TEXAS	14	8	1	2	0
DALLAS	7	1	1	0	0	MORGAN	11	7	0	0	0	VERNON	20	1	6	0	0
DENT	8	1	1	0	0	NEWTON	30	5	1	2	0	WEBTSER	19	7	2	0	0
												WRIGHT	10	4	0	1	0



Historical information for Greene County, Missouri

Severe Weather in Greene County

In 2000, a private company looked at 277 cities across the United States. They rated each city on variations in temperature, precipitation and other factors. Of all the cities in their study Springfield, Missouri rated number one as the city with the most variable weather in the U.S.

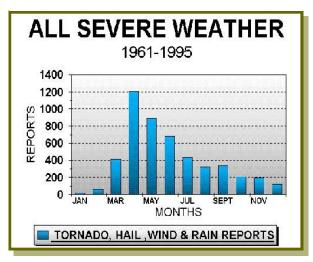


From www.weatherpages.com

Greene County Missouri is located on the Ozark Plateau along the eastern edge of tornado ally. Because of its location Greene County is subjected to severe thunderstorms, heavy rainfall, winter storms, flooding, ice storms, droughts, tornadoes and other wind storms.

When does severe weather occur?

Severe weather in the Ozarks can occur in any month of the year. While the months of April through June are the peak severe weather season, there is a secondary peak from September to November.



Severe thunderstorms in Greene County have dropped hail up to 3" in diameter, created winds in excess of 100 miles an hour and rainfall rates greater than 3" in an hour. While southwest Missouri receives nearly 11 tornadoes a year, Greene County averages an event every 2 years.

Number of Tornadoes in Greene Co. (1950 to 2008)								
<u>F1</u>	<u>F2</u>	<u>F3</u>	<u>F4</u>	<u>F5</u>				
19	10	3	1	0				
58%	27%	8%	8%	0%				

During the winter season Greene County averages 20 inches of snow. With the most snow in one season at 54.4 inches, falling during the 1911 to 1912 winter season. Ice storms also affect the county during the winter season causing significant damage to homes, trees and utilities.

Dam Failure

Dams in Greene County

Greene County contains 15 dams. While the majority of theses dams are small and used primarily for storm water management, irrigation and recreation, some are a part of local reservoirs. All of the dams in Greene County are of earthen construction and there have been no recorded failures.

Where are they Located

- Lake Springfield Dam: James River, Battlefield
- Valley Water Mills Dam: S. Dry Sac River, Springfield
- Fellows Lake Dam: Little Sac River, Springfield
- McDaniel Lake Dam: Little Sac River, Springfield
- Salisbury Lake Dam: S. Fork of Pomme De Terre, Bassville
- Rainbow Lake Dam: Simms Branch/N. Dry Sac, Aldrich
- Jourgnagan Lake Dam: James River, Codv
- D&R Pipeline Const. Co. Dam: Little Sac River, Springfield
- Mclean, Lee & Hammon Dam: James • River, Springfield
- Mueller Lake Dam: S. Fork Pomme De Terre, Strafford
- Hillard Est. Lake Dam: Little Pomme De • Terre, Fair Grove
- Lake James Dam: James River, Turners
- Ford Lake Dam: Pearsons Creek, Springfield

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- Hardeke Lake Dam: Pomme De Terre Trib, Fair Grove
- Hagewood Lake Dam: Pickerel Creek, Republic

Most of the dams in Greene County are less than 100 feet high. Many are located on private land and fall under private ownership.



Heat, Drought and Wildfires

How Hot Does it Get

Excessive heat is the leading cause of weather fatalities in the nation. With the variability of the weather in southwest Missouri, it is not surprising that excessive heat impacts Greene county on almost a yearly basis.

Greene County averages 10 days a year with temperatures at or above 95 degrees. July and August are the two warmest months, which average 4 days at or above 95 degrees.

Drought and wildfires can, and often do accompany excessive heat. Greene County has gone through dry periods and drought. The latest droughts occurred in 1999 and 2000 when well below normal rainfall and high temperatures combined to produce drought conditions.

Year	Days 95* +	Days 100* +	Days in a row
1913	23	0	0
1934	49	22	16
1936	54	21	17
1954	54	22	10
1980	46	21	15
1983	36	9	9
Normal # of Days	10	2	Above 95*

Years with above average summer heat Longest periods without rainfall in **Greene County**

- 33 days: 18 Dec 1901~19 Jan 02
- 32 days: 5 Dec 1912~ 5 Jan 13
- 28 days: 3 Nov 1936 ~ 30 Nov 36
- 28 days: 1 Sept 1939 ~ 28 Sept 39
- 28 days: 21 Dec 1985 ~ 17 Jan 85
- 25 days: 7 July 1999 ~ 31 July 99

While no major wildfires have affected Greene



County, small grass fires do pose a hazard.

A twenty year study by the Missouri Department of Conservation, from 1970 to 1989 determined that over 5500 fires occurred during that time in the Springfield Fire district which includes Cedar, Dade, Polk, Greene, Webster, Christian, Stone and Taney counties. This represented nearly 10% of the wildfires in the state with over 59,000 acres burned.

There are numerous ways wildfires can be started, but when dealing with weather related phenomenon, namely lightning, only 0.8% of the wildfires in the Springfield fire district were the result of lightning.

Tornado Information

Greene County lies at the eastern edge of tornado ally and receives on average 2 tornadoes every year. From 1961 to 2008 Greene county recorded 33 tornadoes from F0 to F4 in strength. The strongest tornado, an F4, passed across the county on the evening of November 29th, 1991. Along its 8 mile track it caused 25 million dollars in damage, injured 64 and killed 2.

Historical Tornadoes of Greene County

- Apr 18, 1880 (F4) 0 inj, 7 dead
- Nov 18, 1883 (F3) 40 inj, 7 dead
- May 20, 1915 (F3) 0 inj, 0 dead
- Oct 28, 1917 (F3) 5 inj, 0 dead
- Apr 29,1937(F2) 5 inj, 2 dead
- Apr 29, 1983(F3) 19 inj, 1 dead
- Nov 24, 1991(F4) 64 inj, 2 dead
- May 4, 2003(F3) 1 dead

For the Record **Greene County**

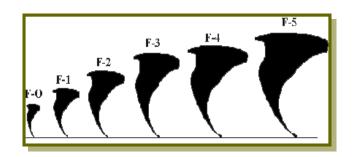
- Has experienced two F4 tornadoes.
- No F5 tornadoes
- Most recent Tornado June 19, 2008 (F1)
- 22 deaths and 188 injuries since 1880.



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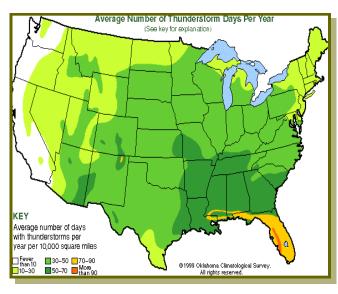


The tornado outbreak of May 4, 2003 was the one of the worst that southwest Missouri has had since the late 1800's. Fourteen tornadoes touched down across the Ozarks during the evening of May 4th one of which was an F3 that struck the town of Battlefield. This F3 is the latest killer tornado to strike Greene county since an F4 that struck Springfield in November of 1991.



- **F-0:** 40-72 mph, chimney damage, tree branches broken
- **F-1**: 73-112 mph, mobile homes pushed off foundation or overturned
- **F-2**: 113-157 mph, considerable damage, mobile homes demolished, trees uprooted
- **F-3**: 158-205 mph, roofs and walls torn down, trains overturned, cars thrown
- **F-4**: 207-260 mph, well-constructed walls leveled
- F-5: 261-318 mph, homes lifted off foundation and carried considerable distances, autos thrown as far as 100 meters.

Severe Hail, Lightning, Wind and Winter Weather



Average number of thunderstorm days per year.

Thunderstorms occur in the Ozarks on the average of 50 days per year.

April and May are the two most active hail months in the Ozarks. There is also evidence of a minor secondary peak in September. The greatest number of hail reports over 2 inches occur in the months of April, May and June with the largest report being 3.00 inches in diameter in Greene county on June 23, 1980. Hail can cause considerable damage to homes, vehicles, and crops.

Severe thunderstorm winds are defined by the NWS as convective wind gusts that reach or exceed 50 knots (58 mph). June is the most active month with April a close second. In general, the most active period for damaging wind events occurs from April to August. This is due in part to the shift from supercell thunderstorms to large clusters of storms and squall lines. The highest wind gust recorded in Greene county reached 83 mph and occurred in 1992 on the 2nd of July. Since 1956 high winds have caused around \$640,000.00 in damages.

With any thunderstorm, lightning will be present and the safest place to be is indoors. In August of 2002, four people were killed near Willard in Greene County during a funeral. As a thunderstorm moved into the area, the victims sought shelter under a tree.



Nationally, Missouri ranks 27th in Lightning fatality rate, 44th in injuries and 38th in property damage related to lightning. During the period from 1960 to 1994, the total number of lightning casual-

ties in Missouri was 165. This is nearly five casualties per year in the state.

Winter weather across the Ozarks comes in many forms. Freezing rain or drizzle, sleet and snow are common occurrences during the winter season. In the past the Ozarks have had up to 54 inches of snow, Sleet storms that produced inches of sleet and ice storms that laid a covering of one to two inches of ice on most surfaces. While the immediate impact of theses storms is to travel, winter storms cause hundreds of thousands of dollars in damages across the region on a near yearly basis.

21 Feb 2001: Sleet, freezing rain and embedded thunderstorms caused ice accumulations from one quarter, up to two inches in places across southwest, central and south central Missouri. The heaviest ice accumulations occurred along and north of Highway 60, and along the I-44 corridor. Howell-Oregon electric cooperative reported numerous power outages due to the ice around the communities of Willow Springs, Birch Tree, Mountain View, Winona, Eminence and Dora.

Flooding

From 1993 to 2002 Flooding has occurred in Greene County in every year. While usually nuisance flooding such as water on city streets, significant flooding has caused numerous problems in the county. During the previous decade, only one injury and no deaths have been attributed to flooding in Greene County. Greene County contains numerous low water crossings.

Typically, flooding in the county is caused by heavy rainfall associated with high rain producing thunderstorms which move very slowly. In towns, rainfall of one to two inches will cause streets and ditches to flood and make some low water crossings impassable. When rainfall rates reach 3 to 4



inches, major flooding can occur, and amounts over four inches creates significant flooding that affects most of the county.

Floods in Greene County

<u>25 Sept 1993</u>: Steady rains brought widespread flash flooding to Springfield with water as high as 10 feet deep in some places. Vehicles were seen floating in some spots.

12 July 2002: A north to south band of extremely heavy ran fell in a 6 hour period during the early morning hours of July 12th. Widespread 3 to 6 inch

rainfall occurred from just west of Hermitage to Springfield. Isolated rainfall amounts as high as 8 inches were reported in central and southeastern

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Greene County. Areas along Jordan Creek in Springfield and the James River and it's tributaries in southeast Greene County were the hardest it. In Springfield, a trailer park was evacuated, 17 apartments, several hotel/motels, and about 35 businesses received damage. Well over 100 homes received damage with 17 sustaining major damage or being destroyed. A chemical plant was flooded

National Weather Fatality Statistics

Greene County including the city of Springfield.

Most of the serious flood damage occurred in

resulting in a hazardous material spill which was quickly contained. The plant suffered an estimated \$4 million in damage.