

Space Weather Safety

Know Your Risk

Take Action

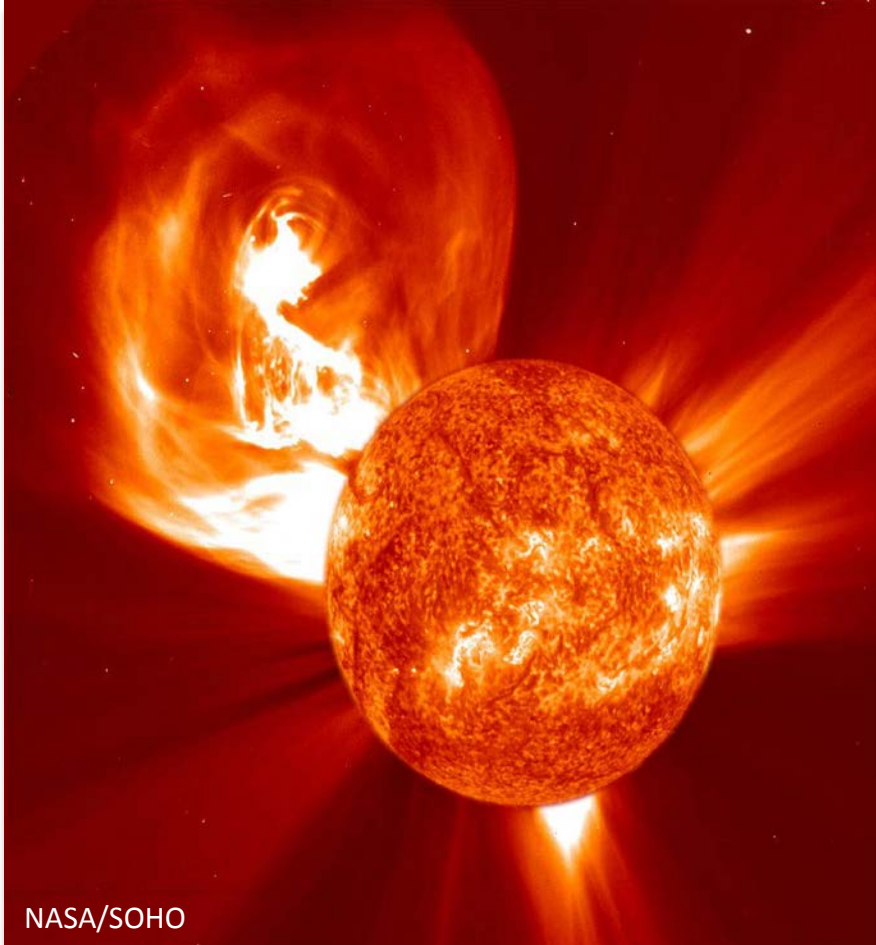
Be a Force of Nature



Space Weather Safety

Understanding Space Weather:

- The sun is the main source of space weather.
- Bursts of plasma called coronal mass ejections (CMEs) can be directed towards the Earth.
- CMEs can produce large geomagnetic storms, potentially causing disruptions and anomalies to satellites, power grids, and air traffic communications.
- An important thing to remember; Earth's magnetosphere, ionosphere, and atmosphere do a great job of protecting us from the most hazardous effects.
- Storms large enough to cause the disruptions listed above are very rare.



NASA/SOHO

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Impacts include the Potential loss of:

- Water and wastewater distribution systems.
- Perishable foods and medications.
- Heating/air conditioning and electrical lighting systems.
- Computer systems, telephone systems, and communications systems.
- Public transportation systems.
- Fuel distribution systems and fuel pipelines.
- All electrical systems that do not have back-up power.



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Preparation for an extreme space weather storm...

- Ensure adequate water supply is available.
- Maintain proper medication supply.
- Keep gas tank at least half full.
- Keep extra batteries for phone (or have solar power/hand crank charger).
- Maintain at least one non-cordless phone.
- Prepare family contact sheet. Have a plan.
- Keep important documents in non-powered safe/lock box.
- Have key to house.



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During an extreme space weather storm...

- Follow the [Emergency Alert System \(EAS\)](#) instructions.
- Follow energy conservation measures.
- Restrict telephone usage to emergency situations only.
- Avoid using elevators.
- Review evacuation plans, supply lists (including medication), and family contact list.
- Avoid unnecessary travel. Power outages can affect public transportation as well as traffic signals.



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Following an extreme space weather storm:

- Listen to Local Officials.
- Follow any emergency plans established by [state and local government](#).
- Monitor emergency broadcast radios for EAS updates.
- Inventory supplies, medications, water levels, etc.
- Follow evacuation orders.
- Replenish (if needed) to prepare for future use.
- Maintain energy conservation efforts until power can be restored.



Photo courtesy Lean Sigma Supply Chain

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Amazing side effect...the Aurora!

- Aurora Borealis, or Northern Lights, are more perceptible in the winter months in the northern hemisphere, due to longer periods of darkness.
- They are a result of collisions between atmospheric gases and precipitating charged particles.
- Each gas (oxygen, nitrogen molecules, and atoms) emits a particular color depending on the energy of the precipitating particles.
- The patterns and forms of the aurora include quiescent arcs, rapidly moving rays, curtains, patches, and veils.
- Check the [Aurora 30 minute forecast](#) to see if viewing is favorable in your area.



Photo: SWPC webpage